

THE NAPANE

Vol. LIV} No 2 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-FRIDAY,

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital Paid up • \$5,963,000.00 Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits • \$6,963,000.00

You Can Start a Savings Account

with \$1.00. It is not necessary for you to wait until you have a large sum of money. An account can be opened with \$1.00 and more on which interest is compounded twice a year.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits.... 7,248,134
Total Deposits.....59,256,044
Total Assets.....83,120,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.
Branch.

Yorker L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.
Branch.

Cut Wood For Sale

\$1.75 per Cord
Stove Lengths.
ROBT. LIGHT.

51c

Nomination Meeting

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Electors of the Town of Napanee will be held at the Town Hall, Napanee, ON MONDAY, DEC. 28th, 1914, between the hours of 7.30 and 8.30 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Mayor, Reeve and six Councillors to represent the Town of Napanee in the Town Council for the year 1915. Also for the purpose of nominating Three members of the Board of Education for 1915.

If a greater number of candidates are nominated than are required to be elected, then a poll will be opened at the undermentioned polling subdivisions within the town of Napanee on Monday, the 4th day of January, A.D., 1915, the polls to continue open from nine o'clock in the morning until five o'clock in the afternoon and no longer.

Polling Sub-Divisions.

West Ward No. 1, at Frank Kinkley's residence, C. W. Bowen, D. R. O., Jas. McGraw, Poll Clerk.

West Ward No. 2, at Public Library Building, C. H. Lapum, D. R. O., W. T. Shaver, Poll Clerk.

Centre Ward No. 1, at Town Hall, James M. Graham, D. R. O., Roy Moore, Poll Clerk.

Centre Ward No. 2, at Mrs. Cronk's residence, Geo. A. Thompson, D. R. O., Walter Metcalf, Poll Clerk.

East Ward, at W. J. Normile's shop, Stanley R. Wales, D. R. O., Chas. Switzer, Poll Clerk.

W. A. GRANGE.

German Cruisers Make Bold Raid On Three British Coast Towns

Scarborough, Hartlepool and Whitby are Heavily Bombarded.

London, Dec. 16, 11.55 p.m.—The Official Press Bureau late to-night issued the following statement from the War Office regarding the German raid on points in Durham and Yorkshire, on the east coast of England: "At 8 a.m. to-day three enemy ships were sighted off Hartlepool, and at 8.15 they commenced a bombardment. These ships appeared to be two battle cruisers and one armored cruiser.

"The land batteries replied and are reported to have hit and damaged the enemy. At 7.50 the firing ceased and the enemy steamed away. None of our guns were touched. One shell fell into the engineers' lines and several in the lines of the 18th Service Battalion of the Durham Light Infantry.

"The casualties among the troops amounted to seven killed and fourteen wounded. Some damage was done to the town and the gas works were set on fire.

"During the bombardment, especially in West Hartlepool, the people crowded in the streets, and approximately twenty-two were killed and fifty wounded.

"At the same time a battle cruiser and an armored cruiser appeared off Scarborough and fired about fifty shots, which caused considerable damage, and thirteen casualties are reported.

"At Whitby the battle cruisers fired some shots, doing damage to buildings, and the following casualties are reported: two killed, two wounded.

"At all three places there was an entire absence of panic, and the demeanor of the people was everything that could be desired.

FAST SHIPS EMPLOYED.

"This morning a German cruiser

force made a demonstration upon the Yorkshire coast, in the course of which they shelled Hartlepool, Whitby, and Scarborough.

A number of their fastest ships were employed for this purpose, and they remained about an hour on the coast.

"They were engaged by patrol vessels on the spot. As soon as the presence of the enemy was reported a British patrolling squadron endeavored to cut them off. On being sighted by the British vessels, the Germans retired at full speed and, favored by the mist, succeeded in making good their escape.

"The losses on both sides were small, but full reports have not yet been received.

NOT TO MODIFY GENERAL POLICY.

"The Admiralty take the opportunity of pointing out that demonstrations of this character against unfortified towns and commercial ports, though not difficult to accomplish provided that a certain amount of risk is accepted, are devoid of military significance.

"They may cause some loss of life among the civil population and some damage to private property, which is much to be regretted, but they must not in any circumstances be allowed to modify the general naval policy which is being pursued."

A morning bulletin issued by the Admiralty said, in reporting the bombardment of Hartlepool and Scarborough: "Our flotillas have at various points been engaged. The situation is developing."

This led to the belief that a great naval battle was progressing in the North Sea.

The Red Cross Society



The Finance Committee of the Red Cross Society will be "At Home" to their friends on New Year's Day from 3 to 6 o'clock in the Town Hall. Everybody welcome. Come and help a good cause.

Rooms will be open as usual on Saturday.

BATH CHEESE FACTORY.

Considering that Britain is the great market for our cheese, and that the British navy has been, and is, doing its best to keep that trade route open, and that it that market or trade route should be closed, the price of cheese and other farm pro-

thank you for your letter dated Dec. 7th, informing us that you had shipped us on that date, by Canadian Express, a number of cases of clothing. We beg to thank you very heartily, and will endeavour to have this clothing sent by the "Calcutta."

Kindly thank all the ladies who contributed to this further gift, not forgetting the little boy who sent his toys for little Belgian children, and receive for yourself our most sincere thanks.

Yours very Truly,

Hector Prud'Homme,
Hon. Treasurer.

Our efforts in the above direction being so much appreciated, we are encouraged to continue this good work, which, with the kind support and assistance of our generous friends we are prepared to carry forward. Therefore, anyone having articles of

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

111c

Give Useful Presents This Christmas

A Bissell Carpet Sweeper

makes a gift for wife or mother that will be appreciated. All

Give Useful Presents This Christmas

A Bissell Carpet Sweeper

makes a gift for wife or mother that will be appreciated. All styles

\$3.00 to \$4.50

Sweeney's Nickle Ware

BETTER THAN EVER

Tea and Coffee Pots, Pudding Dishes, Casseroles, Sandwich Trays, Etc.

Pocket Cutlery

We carry an assortment of Pocket Knives from 5c to \$2.00

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 18

WANTED

Turkeys and Poultry At Higher Prices

The very best Flours all guaranteed at the same old low prices.

No order too small or too large to receive our prompt and careful attention.

Frost Fencing and Gates.—Coiled and Baling Wire on hand and guaranteed the best.

I want your Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Wheat, Peas, Rye, Potatoes, Hay and Straw.

Be sure you see me before you buy or sell and profit thereby.

A couple of choice farms for sale.

Also pleasant, cosy rooms and apartments with steam heat, hot and cold water. Electric light and gas for cooking, to rent cheap.

Write or Phone, using Bell or Ernesttown Rural Lines.

FRED. A. PERRY,

DUNDAS STREET.

Opposite Campbell House.

Give your boy or girl an Ansco camera for Christmas. It will bring great pleasure to your home. Sole agency at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

until five o'clock in the afternoon and no longer.

Polling Sub-Divisions.

West Ward No. 1, at Frank Kinkley's residence, C. W. Bowen, D. R. O., Jas. McGraw, Poll Clerk.

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W. A. GRANGE,

Returning Officer.

Dated at Napanee 16th December, 1914.

Xmas Greeting

Paul's Bookstore greets all his friends with a wish for a


Merry Merry Christmas

As there are a few days more before this Festival you can be assured of a Merry Christmas if you take a day off and take a look at our

Christmas Books, Toys, Games, Sleighs, Pictures, Stationery, Cards, Etc.

For Christmas we can supply you with Suitable Presents for each member of the family.

Paul's Bookstore



READ, READ, READ.

Read all about the war. Papers are full of war news.

Good eyesight is a blessing now. Reading will be a pleasure with Smith's High Grade Spectacles.

If you are not enjoying every comfort with your eyes, have them tested and fitted this week.

**H. E. SMITH,
Optician.**

Smith's Jewellery Store

The genuine Mary Garden talcum for 50c at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.



The Finance Committee of the Red Cross Society will be "At Home" to their friends on New Year's Day from 3 to 6 o'clock in the Town Hall. Everybody welcome. Come and help a good cause.

Rooms will be open as usual on Saturday.

BATH CHEESE FACTORY.

Considering that Britain is the great market for our cheese, and that the British navy has been, and is, doing its best to keep that trade route open, and that if that market or trade route should be closed, the price of cheese and other farm produce would fall flat, therefore, we, the patrons of Bath factory, contribute the amounts placed after our names, and desire the whole amount to be forwarded for the help of the British navy in this time of its dire necessity.

The following had already contributed to the Patriotic Fund.

M. Rowse	1 00
F. Franklin	1 00
W. Doyle	1 50
Mrs. E. Fairfield	1 00
Jas. Franklin	1 00
Henry Clement	1 00
A. Clement	1 00
E. McCaugherty	1 00
Mrs. J. F. McDonald	1 00
Henry Bullock	1 00
C. D. Brown	1 00
Charles Forward	1 00
Jas. Howie	1 00
Joseph Clement	1 00
F. Collins	1 00
Fred Hudson	1 00
Harold Vanalstine	1 00
J. A. Dunn	1 00
J. B. Hawley	1 00
F. Wemp	1 00
W. Thurston	1 00
P. Chimery	1 00
Harvey Amey	1 00
Wm. Jaynes	1 00
Stuart Shetler	1 00
Albert Miller	1 00
Robt. Stevenson	1 00
L. J. Switzer	1 00
George Hudson	1 00
A. W. Kilgannon	1 00
Henry Raworth	1 00

Novelties to Suit the Times.

We realize that many people this Xmas are looking for a gift of quality, yet inexpensive. Our stock will just meet this demand. We have a large assortment of made in Canada goods. Something for every person and something for every purse is our aim this Xmas.

Smith's Jewellery Store.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FROM M. HECTOR PRUD 'HOMME.

The following letter was received last week and speaks for itself:

Montreal, Dec. 9th, 1914

Mrs. A. T. Harshaw, Regent,
U. E. Loyalist Chapter, I.O.D.E.
Napanee Ont.

Dear Mrs. Harshaw—We beg to

ing. We beg to thank you very heartily, and will endeavour to have this clothing sent by the "Calcutta."

Kindly thank all the ladies who contributed to this further gift, not forgetting the little boy who sent his toys for little Belgian children and receive for yourself our most sincere thanks.

Yours very Truly,

Hector Prud 'Homme,
Hon. Treasurer

Our efforts in the above direction being so much appreciated, we are encouraged to continue this good work, which, with the kind support and assistance of our generous friends we are prepared to carry forward. Therefore, anyone having articles of clothing in good condition that the can spare, or portable foods for our suffering and heroic Belgian Allies are requested to send the same to the above Committee, in the Hays Block, to be forwarded at the earliest opportunity.

No work meeting will be held next week, (being Christmas week) but both this work-meeting and the tea hour will be resumed on Thursday 31st December. The Committee room will, however, be open every Saturday afternoon as well, from 2 to 5.30 o'clock, for the reception and distribution of work.

Ebony hair brushes, mirrors and toilet sets at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

The Annual Xmas Entertainment

—of—

Grace Sunday School

—on—

Xmas Night, 7.30 p.m.

The Programme promises to be one of the best ever given by the School. Admission, 15c.

LENNOX & ADDINGTON PATRIOTIC FUND

Collected by Committee of Town

ship of Kaladar, M. Lessard, Treas.	
Moses Lessard, Flinton	10 0
R. W. Kimmerly, Flinton	10 0
Jas. M. Dafee, Flinton	10 0
M. Deline, Flinton	5 0
N. B. Roote, Flinton	1 0
E. M. Valentine, Flinton	1 0
Geo. H. Stapley, Flinton	1 0
C. Alkenbrack, Flinton	1 0
Francis Lessard, Flinton	1 0
Agnes Fair, Flinton	1 0
W. Cassada, Northbrook	10 0
W. G. Hornick, Flinton	1 0
M. S. Stinson, Flinton	1 0
R. A. Stinson, Flinton	5 0
Joseph Yanch, Flinton	5 0
T. Freeborn, Flinton	5 0
Jas. H. Freeborn, Flinton	5 0
John A. Bryden, Flinton	2 0
Chas. Lessard, Flinton	1 0
A Friend (M. R. R.) Sharbot Lake	2 0
Ed. Casabou, Flinton	5 0

W. H. Hinchey, Enterprise	\$ 60 5
Mt. Sinai, R. A., Masons, No. 24, Napanee	\$ 20 0
L. O. L. No. 2281, Selby	25 0
	15 0

Get after that cough with the new cough remedy, "Penslar White Pin and Spruce Balsam." Every ingredient named on the bottle. 25 cents a Hoopers, the Penslar Store.

NANEE EXPRESS

CANADA—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18th. 1914

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

Make Bold Raid on British Coast Towns

and Whitby are Heavily
Burdens.

Once made a demonstration upon the
Yorkshire coast, in the course of
which they shelled Hartlepool, Whitby
and Scarborough.

A number of their fastest ships
were employed for this purpose, and
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"They were engaged by patrol
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WEDDING BELLS

MITCHELL—CLAYTON.

On Wednesday, Dec. 16th, a very
quiet but pretty wedding took place
at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm.
Clayton, South Nananee, when their
only daughter, Ella May, was united
in marriage to Alexander Mitchell, of
Napanee, of the staff of W. A. Steacy.
The bride looked charming in a gown
of navy blue silk, with lace trimming
and wore a gold brooch that had
been worn on similar occasions by
three generations, her mother, grand-
mother and great grandmother. The
young couple were assisted by Grace
W. Kettle and Charles Roy Ford,
both of town. The ceremony was
performed by Rev. Chas. E. Cragg of
Grace Methodist Church. The bride
was the recipient of many useful and
beautiful presents.

KELLER—DELINE.

A quiet wedding took place at
Grace Methodist Parsonage, on Wed-
nesday morning, Dec. 16th, when
Joseph Harry Keller, son of John F.
Keller, was united in marriage to
Ada Zella Deline, daughter of George
Deline, both of Croydon. The bride
was assisted by Gertrude Keller,
cousin of the groom, while the groom
was supported by his brother, Cecil.
The ceremony was performed by Rev.
Chas. E. Cragg, B.D. After the cere-
mony the happy couple left for
Kingston and points East. On their
return they will reside at Croydon.

STOREY—BALDWIN.

At Grace Methodist Parsonage, on
Wednesday, Dec. 16th, by Rev. Chas.
E. Cragg, John Henry Storey, of
the Township of Richmond, and
Martha Ann Baldwin, of the same
place.

NANEE RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The following are the average scores
made by each squad last week to-
gether with the highest individual
score made in each squad.

	Average	High Score
Squad No. 1	22.02	H. Gleeson..... 42
		C. M. Stratton..... 42
Squad No. 2	28.55	J. Fitzpatrick..... 47
Squad No. 3	30.20	J. Graham..... 52
Squad No. 4	33.	Jas. Thompson..... 52
Squad No. 5	29.	K. Cambridge..... 47
Squad No. 6	33.09	E. L. Bedore..... 61
Squad No. 7	25.	John Osborne..... 48
Squad No. 8	41.54	A. S. Kimmerly..... 61
Squad No. 9	33.55	F. Rikley..... 50
Squad No. 10	32.18	R. H. A. West..... 49
Squad No. 11	24.85	Brown..... 38
Squad No. 12	29.	E. Miller..... 56
Squad No. 13	30.33	A. Woods..... 57
Squad No. 14	29.22	L. Spencer..... 45
Squad No. 15	32.33	Mr. A. Howard..... 43
Squad No. 16	32.01	H. Dunlop..... 49

Captain U. M. Wilson's squad No. 8
wins the prize for the highest average
for last week. Their average of 41.54
is very creditable. An improvement
in marksmanship is shown by the
higher average made by almost every
squad over any previous week.

Mr. Amos Kimmerly and Mr. E. L.
Bedore were a tie for the individual
prize, with the very excellent score of

AUTO AND MOTOR BOAT SUPPLIES

We carry a complete line of all Motor supplies
including

Gasoline,
Polarine Oil,
Mobil Oil,
Autolene Oil,
Packard Oil,
Neatsfoot Oil,
Goodrich Tires,

Independent Tires,
Pullman Tires,
Simplex Tubes,
All types Spark Plugs,
Batteries,
Pumps,
Electrical Supplies.

Fairbanks Morse Marine and Stationary Engines and Pumping
Outfits.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Co.,

Agents for "OVERLAND" Cars.

GARAGE—Mill street, old Rock Drill Building.

DR. C. E. WILSON
PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m.;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Nananee.

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 24, Residence 152.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto
University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.

(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)

East St., Nananee. Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English

OSTEOPATHIC
PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St. Phone 227

38-1-y

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

Phone 61.

34

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice
Production. Pupils prepared for all
examinations.

1-h

FOR SALE—A new milch cow. Ap-
ply to ARCH McCracken, Roblin
Ont.

DOXSEE & CO.

Special Sale of
Trimmed Hats

Commencing

Sat., Nov. 7th.

Each one of these Hats range in
price from \$7.00 to \$9.50.

Sale Price \$5.00.

Nice Trimmed Hats ranging from
\$4.00 to \$5.00 in Felts, Velours
and Velvet.

Sale Price \$2.49.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood
at the following prices: Hard cord
wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood
\$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood,
\$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity
of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00
per cord. Cut wood for sale meas-
ured in stave wood length. Cut hard
wood \$3.00 cut soft wood \$2.50

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery Store

ICE CREAM

Toronto CITY DAIRY Ice
Cream.

We are again sole agents for Napanee and under contract for year 1914 with this firm, the largest and best Ice Cream manufacturers in the Dominion

If It's City Dairy it's
Good, it's Pure
That's Sure

We have a tasty assortment of all
Flavors now on hand, delivered daily.
Special attention to receptions and
parties. Prompt delivery.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Phone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.
Our patrons have confidence and look
on us.

Y. KOUBER, Napanee

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week

The Busy World's Happenings Care-
fully Compiled and Put Into
Handy and Attractive Shape for
the Readers of Our Paper—A
Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Maj. Stanton, reserve of officers,
has been officially gazetted as military
secretary to the Duke of Connaught
in succession to Maj. Farquhar.

The Bavarian press reports the
death of Gen. von Meyer as the re-
sult of an arrow shot by a hostile
aviator while the general was enter-
ing a motor car.

Two children of John Miami, of
Port Arthur, aged three and four
years, were burned to death by a fire
which started in their home when
they were left alone for a short time
by their mother.

H. S. Blackburn, of London, Ont.,
received word yesterday of his ap-
pointment to the position of local
master of the Supreme Court of On-
tario and deputy registrar in and for
the County of Middlesex.

A British warship with four fun-
nels, apparently a cruiser, was seen
by shore observers at the Highlands,
Long Island, yesterday afternoon. The
vessel appeared to be about 12 miles
southeast of the Highlands. It was
believed that she was the Britannia.

Sir Adam Beck, by appointment of
the Canadian Government, serves
henceforth as colonel on the head-
quarters' staff and will in the capac-
ity of remount commissioner for east-
ern Canada supervise the buying of
all the horses from Lake Superior to
the Atlantic Ocean.

THURSDAY.

Col. L. R. Carleton, commandant at
the Royal Military College, Kingston,
leaves for England about Dec. 17th
to join the staff at the front.

Col. Goethals yesterday issued in-
structions for the immediate depart-
ure from Panama of the British col-
liers Kirnwood and Roddam.

An epidemic of cholera is spread-
ing rapidly in Germany and Austria,
according to a statement in The
Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant.

Harry Mason was found guilty by a
jury yesterday of the murder of
J. J. McColm, a Winnipeg fuel dealer,
whose body was found lying on the
side of St. Boniface road on Oct. 28.

The Germans have started looting
the field of the battle of Waterloo,
says The Petit Parisien. The histori-
cal collection in the hotel on Mont
St. Jean has disappeared, and all
muskets, swords, etc.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal re-
ports that Baron Wimborne probably
will succeed the Earl of Aberdeen,
Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, early in
the new year, when the office will be
raised to the rank of viceroy.

The Swedish press is very indig-
nant over the planting of floating
mines along the coast of Finland,
which has resulted so far in the loss
of three large Swedish steamers and
the drowning of upwards of forty
men.

Thirteen mine workers were killed
in the Diamond Shaft of the Dela-
ware, Lackawanna and Western Co.,
at Scranton yesterday, when a box of
dynamite being lowered into the mine
in a cage with fourteen men, ex-
ploded.

FRIDAY.

W. Brown, for years a prominent
paper manufacturer, died in Thorold
yesterday.



German will be taught in the schools.
Wellington County Council on Sat-
urday passed a resolution giving to
the patriotic fund an assessment on
the county rate of one mill. This will
amount to \$30,000.

Four more deaths are officially re-
ported from Salisbury Plain—Sapper
George Burnett, divisional engineer;
Pte. F. J. Ross, Gunner E. H. M. Penn
and Pte. John Ivers.

The German soldiers located in the
mountain districts on the eastern bat-
tlefront, are now wearing white
clothing, as this renders them less
easily observed on the snowclad land-
scapes.

It is announced in London that
Ramsay McDonald, leader of the Brit-
ish Labor party, formerly one of the
most active opponents of war, has
gone to the front in the Red Cross
service.

Enormous quantities of all sorts of
goods from England and elsewhere
are awaiting reshipment at Archangel
in northern Russia. These include
half a million tons of coal, thou-
sands of tons of herrings, machinery,
cotton and chemicals.

TUESDAY.

Charles Perier, president of the
French Academy of Medicine, is dead
in Paris. He was born in 1836.

Miss Genevieve Malette, 17 years
old, of Gatineau Point, Que., was
drowned on Sunday evening while
skating near her home.

Complete returns in the Parlia-
mentary elections held last week
break the threatened tie and give the
Government of New Zealand 41 seats
to 39 for the Opposition.

A man's body has been found in a
bush six miles southwest of Bridge-
burg by boys hunting rabbits. It is
believed that it is the body of Rev.
William Hunt, who disappeared from
Bridgeburg on July 8.

The Zeitung Amm Mittag publishes a
despatch yesterday saying that hos-
tile aviators flew over the city of
Freiburg, in the Grand Duchy of Ba-
den, at 3 p.m., on Dec. 13, throwing
bombs from their machines.

The Salvation Army will ask the
next Legislature of the Province of
Quebec for a law giving it power to
allow its ministers and officers to of-
ficiate at marriages, baptisms and
funerals and to keep civil records.

John Kennedy, 28 years of age,
Fort Walton, Ont., and who was at
Whitby Junction on Friday last, the
day on which G. T. R. Operator Wm.
Stone was shot and killed, was yes-
terday arrested at Montreal on a
charge of track-walking.

TO START NEXT MONTH?

All Leave For Canadians at Salisbury
Stopped After Jan. 1st.

SALISBURY, Eng., Dec. 15.—Or-
ders were issued from the headquar-
ters of the Canadian camp yesterday,
that no leave would be granted to the
men after the first of January, thus
giving rise to the belief that the force
will leave for the front next month.

Twelve officers who refused to re-
turn to Canada with the remainder
of those unattached, in order to get
commissions in the second contingent,
have been given commissions in the
regulars and territorials. Among them
are Capt. Fred Dent, of Toronto, to
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Germans Are Forced Back Along
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Advances Are Recorded in Belgium
on the Lorraine Frontier, and in
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Between Meuse Fortresses and
Metz Forces German Artillery to
Abandon Positions.

PARIS, Dec. 15. — In Belgium
along the Lorraine frontier in front
of Metz, and in Alsace the French
forced the Germans back, according
to official announcements made las
night.

Owing to the constantly increasing
pressure which is being exerted by
Gen. Joffre's right wing army against
the Germans in the Woivre region
where the invading forces are steady-
ly being forced back on the line be-
tween the Meuse fortresses and Metz
the developments in this region are
the most significant of the day.

A violent cannonade directed
against the German artillery posi-
tions located on the heights along the
Meuse river failed to provoke any
considerable response, and air scouts
made a reconnaissance which result-
ed in the discovery that the German
batteries had abandoned their posi-
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draw to the north.

Infantry engagements were fought
in the Mortmare forest, in the Woivre
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German trenches on a front extend-
ing for 500 metres along the edge of
the wood. Two counter-attacks were
directed against the victorious French
troops, in an effort to retake the lost
positions, but despite the violence of
the onslaughts the French were able
to maintain their advantage, effec-
tively repelling the attacking forces.

Strassburg and Muhlhausen are
still threatened by the French ad-
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made daily against the German resist-
ance in this territory, despite the dif-
cult terrain and the superiority of the
German defensive positions.

Following a lull of about twelve
hours in the fighting in Flanders, the
French resumed the offensive with
great vigor, utilizing considerable
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which they directed against the Ger-
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the Yser they drove the invaders
from their first line of trenches and
occupied the pits, which they immedi-
ately strengthened for their own oc-
cupancy. The Germans retaliated
with a series of violent counter-
attacks against the British trenches
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attacks were met successfully, and
the massed divisions of Germans
hurled back.

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tion was issued by the French War
Office last night:—

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French troops have resulted in pro-
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yesterday by batteries firing from a
very great distance, but insignificant
damage was done.

"In Alsace an offensive movement
resumed by the enemy to the north-
west of Cernay has been repulsed.

"On the rest of the front there is
nothing to report."

planned, an' planned.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and commission.
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Y. KOUBER, Napanee

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over the planting of floating mines along the coast of Finland, which has resulted so far in the loss of three large Swedish steamers and the drowning of upwards of forty men.

Thirteen mine workers were killed in the Diamond Shaft of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Co., at Scranton yesterday, when a box of dynamite being lowered into the mine in a cage with fourteen men, exploded.

FRIDAY.

W. Brown, for years a prominent paper manufacturer, died in Thorold yesterday.

Confirmation of the death in South Africa of Gen. Beyers was received in London yesterday.

The British War Office has accepted the offers of the Medical Faculties of McGill and Dalhousie Universities to furnish two stationary field hospitals for active service.

Finlay Perrin, brother of the late D. S. Perrin, the wealthy confectioner of London, Ont., died at his home last night. He was born in London 84 years ago, and was the oldest resident of the city.

It is reported from Pedang, capital of Sumatra, that the 37 German sailors of the Emden, who escaped in a sailboat when their cruiser was destroyed off the Cocos Islands, called at that port for supplies on Nov. 28.

Maj.-Gen. Hughes yesterday described as buncombe the definite announcement in a Montreal morning paper that Canadian cavalry regiments will be sent to Egypt. He said he had never made such a statement.

One hundred prisoners of war, confined to Fort Henry, Kingston, were transferred to Petewawa yesterday. They are being taken to Petawawa to build additional camps for the numbers of foreigners who are being held in Toronto and Montreal.

SATURDAY.

The Swedish Foreign Office has instituted an inquiry into the laying of mines in Swedish waters, which has caused extensive damage to the shipping of that country.

Henryk Sienkiewicz, the Pole, author of Quo Vadis and holder of the 1905 Nobel prize for literature, yesterday was elected honorary member of the Russian Academy of Sciences.

One of Guelph's oldest and most respected citizens passed away at noon yesterday in the person of Dr. Brock. Pneumonia was the cause of death. He was one of the pioneers of the district.

A message to the Havas Agency from Lisbon says that Victor Coutinho, president of the Chamber of Deputies has undertaken the formation of a new Cabinet in place of the Ministry which resigned on Dec. 5.

A fire which broke out early yesterday in a mysterious manner gutted the wall paper department in the store of Savage & Wightman, painters and decorators, Kingston. The loss will reach \$2,000, partly covered by insurance.

A fire, starting on the second floor about three o'clock yesterday morning gutted the Sarnia City Hall, completely destroying the second floor and roof and damaging the first floor and basement. The building was erected in 1880.

After three days of visiting various religious houses and charitable institutions as well as attending functions at which he received the homage of thousands of Roman Catholics in Montreal, Cardinal Begin left yesterday for his home in Quebec.

MONDAY.

President Poincare has telegraphed his felicitations to Crown Prince Alexander, the regent of Serbia, on the success of the Servian troops.

Press despatches from Constantinople say German words are supplanting French in Turkey, and that

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Some To Go To Egypt.

MONTREAL, Dec. 15.—That the Canadian contingent, or at least a portion of it is probably bound for Egypt is the information contained in a communication received here yesterday from a member of the 14th battalion, first Royal Montreal regiment. He says: "Just got word we are to leave for Egypt this week. Some excitement I can tell you."

WOOD CROSS-GRAINED.

Defective Timber Is Cause of Accident Says Coroner's Jury.

COOKSVILLE, Dec. 15.—The inquest into the death of the four riveters who were killed by the collapse of a scaffold here on Saturday, was concluded last evening before Coroner Dr. Sutton, the jury finding that a defective piece of timber was responsible for the accident. The verdict was as follows:

"That Andrew Webster, John Bowlby, George Warner and Hugh McKenna came to their death from a defective piece of timber on the scaffolding on which they were working, which broke and caused the men to fall to the ground. We find the company in charge of the work, the Toronto Structural Steel Co., liable for failing to furnish a proper plan and suitable material for the scaffolding."

Giving expert evidence regarding the safety of the structure, Mr. Fuller of the city architect's department produced a piece of wood to prove that some of the timber used was cross-grained, and therefore unsuitable for the purpose. Consequently he did not believe the scaffold had been safe.

Zeppelin Forced Back.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 15.—A Zeppelin, proceeding in the direction of Dunkirk from Neuport, Sunday was compelled to return, by the heavy gun fire of the allies, says a despatch from Ghent.



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BEANS: Selected.
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BAKING: Perfect, beans soft but not mushy.
Insist on "Clark's" sold everywhere.
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Once last night, 181.
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"There is nothing important to report between the North Sea and the Oise. In the region of the Aisne to the northwest of Soupir the enemy has violently bombarded our trenches. We have replied and thrown them into disorder. There was no infantry attack from either side in this region.

"Our artillery has destroyed important works on the slope of the Argonne.

"In the forest of Crurie we have advanced slightly by mining. There have been no attacks by the enemy there.

"On the heights of the Meuse there was a violent cannonade, the enemy's batteries seeming to have been forced to withdraw toward the north.

"In the region of the Woevre, after having taken a line of trenches on a front of 500 yards in the forest of Mortmare our troops repulsed two violent counter-attacks.

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Following a lull of about twelve hours in the fighting in Flanders, the French resumed the offensive with great vigor, utilizing considerable numbers of the recently arrived reinforcements. In several attacks which they directed against the German positions on the east bank of the Yser they drove the invaders from their first line of trenches and occupied the pits, which they immediately strengthened for their own occupancy. The Germans retaliated with a series of violent counter-attacks against the British trenches to the west of Hollebeke, but their attacks were met successfully, and the massed divisions of Germans were hurled back.

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The following official report was

GERMANS IN RETREAT

Russian Forces Recut Tauton Column From Mlaw.

After Several Days of Patient Waiting Until German Army Had Spent Its Force the Russians Hurlled Themselves Upon Von Hindenberg's Northern Army Inflicting Terrible Loss In Pursuit.

LONDON, Dec. 15. — The Daily Telegraph's special correspondent at Petrograd telegraphs:—

It is expected that the Russian success on the front at Przasnysz and Czenstochowa will soon be reflected in the operations around Lowicz. The fact that the Russian cavalry was able to strike a blow at the retreating enemy as far northwest as Zuzomin, only five miles from the frontier of East Prussia, shows that the German retreat has been hurried, and none too orderly. The Russians have taken into their own hands the initiative to the north of the Bzura river. There are grounds for assuming that the further development of the struggle will be to the advantage of the Russians, in spite of the fact that it was necessary for them to fall back a little in order to take up a new line. The general situation on the right flank is quite satisfactory.

The Morning Post's correspondent at Petrograd telegraphs as follows:

The German advance north of the Vistula has now been disposed of. It was not a very large force as matters go nowadays—about two army corps—but its attacks were repeated, stubborn and fiery. The Germans advanced from the direction of Mlaw and were met and repulsed with heavy losses somewhere in the neighborhood of Przasnysz and Ziechanow—that is astride of the railways from Danzig to Warsaw. They went to ground, establishing themselves on the line of Przasnysz-Ziechanow, and from this position delivered an endless series of attacks. During the next six days the Russians quietly accepted the attacks and repulsed them with loss every time, until the ardor of the Germans somewhat cooled, which was on the 8th, when an official bulletin reported that fighting here "has acquired a less strenuous character."

Subsequent attacks were only partial, and obviously directed towards the forestalling of expected Russian attacks, or possibly to draw the Russians. Three days later the official bulletin simply noted the fact that the conflict was developing on normal lines, which is one of the Grand Duke's modest expressions to describe what often passes elsewhere than in Russia for victory.

On the 12th the moment came which had been waited and prepared for by the Russians.

They delivered their attack and captured the enemy's fortified positions and drove him back towards the political frontier, nearly 30 miles away, but as battle was arranged by the Russian commanders the Germans have been compelled to cover a great deal more than 30 miles without yet reaching home and comparative safety.

It appears the Russians directed their attacks mainly upon the German left, and by a successful flanking movement drove the Germans out from their fortified position. Pressing still heavily upon the left, the Russians flung the Germans back from the line of railway and roads leading directly towards the German frontier. The Germans, therefore, were com-

BATTLESHIP IS SUNK

Turkish War Vessel Messudieh Torpedoed by Submarine.

Lieut.-Commander. Holbrook. With the B-11 Dives Under Five Rows of Mines and Wrecks Old Turkish Battleship — Holbrook Is One of Five Brothers, All of Whom Are Engaged in the War.

LONDON, Dec. 15. — The Official Bureau issued the following statement yesterday:—

"Yesterday (Sunday) submarine B-11, in charge of Lieut.-Commander Norman B. Holbrook of the royal navy, entered the Dardanelles, and in spite of the difficult current dived under five rows of mines and torpedoed the Turkish battleship Messudieh, which was guarding the mine fields.

"Although pursued by gun-fire and torpedo boats, the B-11 returned safely after being submerged, on one occasion, for nine hours.

"When last seen the Messudieh was sinking by the stern."

The Messudieh was a very old boat, having been built at Blackwall, Eng., in 1874, and reconstructed at Genoa in 1903. She was 332 feet long, 59 feet beam, and of about 10,000 tons burden. She had a speed of 17-12 knots, and her main battery consisted of two 9.2-inch guns in turrets, and twelve 6-inch guns in battery. In the war with Greece in 1912 the Messudieh was reported badly damaged in a naval battle in the Dardanelles. She carried a crew of 600 men, and probably had a number of German officers and petty officers on board.

Lieut.-Commander Holbrook of the submarine B-11 is one of five brothers all serving with the colors, the sons of Col. Arthur Holbrook, a newspaper owner of Portsmouth.

The "B" class of submarine displace 314 tons, and have a surface and submerged speed of 13 knots and 9 knots respectively. They are armed with two torpedo tubes, and carry a crew of 16 officers and men. They were built from 1904 to 1906.

Two Torpedo Boats Sunk.

ROME, Dec. 15. — Two Austrian torpedo boats are reported to have been sunk in the Adriatic, according to a message received here from Trieste yesterday.

The torpedo boats were en route to Lissa when they struck mines, the message states. The crews of both vessels were lost.

CRUELTY TO BRITISH.

German Prison Guards Single Them Out for Appalling Brutality.

ROME, Dec. 15.—A French priest, who has returned from Minden, where a number of British prisoners were confined, has given a friend of mine an appalling account of cruelties practiced upon our captured countrymen by their German jailers. While the French prisoners were very well treated and the Russians were not so badly, the British were singled out for ill-treatment. "German soldiers," said the French priest, "kick the British prisoners in the stomach and break guns over their backs. They force them to sleep out in marshy places, so that many are now consumptive. The British are almost starved, and such have been their tortures that thirty of them

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DEROCHE & DEROCHE.
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. J.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Town every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,
has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.
Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

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(Limited)
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Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.
H. E. METCALF, Principal.

LAGGARD GOLFERS.
There is Such a Thing as Being Too Deliberate in a Game.
While carelessness is a bad feature for any golfer to allow to creep into his game, it must not be confused with unnecessarily prolonged deliberation over shots. Too much time in studying shots before playing them is, to my mind, worse than not enough. In other words, neither procrastination nor hurrying will bring satisfactory results, but as between the two undue deliberation is worse because it is in the nature of an imposition upon other players. Golf has become so popular a game that the number of players has increased by leaps and bounds; hence a great many clubs have an active playing membership so large that it is a problem how to accommodate all who wish to play, especially on Saturdays and holidays. An unnecessarily slow player can hold back a field and cause more fuming and hard feelings than almost any other factor in play. The same thing applies in open tournaments or championships. Admittedly there are some golfers

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The General Staff of the Russian army has given out the following communication under date of Sunday, Dec. 13:

"There has been no engagement of importance on any of the fronts. In the region of Miawa we continue to force back the German troops, who are in retreat.

"On the left wing of the River Vistula there has been no change.

"In the region of Mount Duka Austrian columns are coming down the northern slope of the Carpathians."

More than 500 Polish towns have been ruined, according to various accounts from the correspondents. Both armies accuse the other of looting and cruelty. The flight of the civilians from Lodz was one of the most tragic episodes of the war, while one correspondent pictured the fate of Kalisz as a repetition of Louvain.

A distressing feature of the fighting in Poland is the blood kindred pitted against each other. There are several hundred thousand Poles in the Russian ranks and several hundred thousand more in the ranks of the Germans and Austrians.

The Germans claim a distinct gain in their position in northern Poland, although they are not believed to be as near to Warsaw as the report last week indicated. On the other hand, the Russians announce a strategic realignment of their forces in that field, which strengthens their position.

In a late report last night the Austrians announce that they have re-occupied the important point of Dukla, to the north of the Carpathians, on a line south of Przemyśl and Cracow, but nearer to the former, with the capture of 9,000 prisoners.

Kaiser Seriously Ill?

BASLE, Switzerland, Dec. 15. — A private despatch from Berlin via Munich, reiterates the report that the Kaiser's condition is serious. It says:

"The Kaiser is suffering from serious bronchial pneumonia and must undergo an operation on his throat as soon as he is sufficiently strong. The Crown Prince has been summoned to Berlin."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound, or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

where a number of British prisoners were confined, has given a friend of mine an appalling account of cruelties practiced upon our captured countrymen by their German jailers. While the French prisoners were very well treated and the Russians were not so badly, the British were singled out for ill-treatment. "German soldiers," said the French priest, "kick the British prisoners in the stomach and break guns over their backs. They force them to sleep out in marshy places, so that many are now consumptive. The British are almost starved, and such have been their tortures that thirty of them have asked to be shot."

TO WATCH GOVERNMENT.

House of Lords Will Meet While the Commons Is Adjourned.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The determination of the House of Commons not to sit again until Feb. 2 has excited considerable criticism, and the decision of the House of Lords, to reconvene on Jan. 6 is praised by the critics, who maintain that both Houses should sit intermittently for the purpose of keeping an eye on the executive branch of the Government.

Long sittings would not be necessary according to these critics, as there is no question of legislation or finance immediately impending. The sole duty of the House under prevailing conditions would be to keep an eye on the Cabinet, which with the aid of the Defence of the Realm Act, is in a position of almost arbitrary power.

After Two Years' Search.

MONTREAL, Dec. 15. — George Tremblay, for whom the local police had been searching for two years, was taken into custody on Saturday when he was located hiding in a trench in the basement of a house on Cadieux street. Tremblay had literally "dug himself in" and was found by accident by detectives under several feet of loose earth.

Tremblay was condemned two years ago by Judge Lafontaine to a fine of \$500 or a term in prison for erecting and operating a still for the distilling of whiskey. He was on bail at the time and when an effort was made to collect the fine or take Tremblay to Bordeaux, it was found he had left the city.

Side Interests.

"No, I didn't hire your friend."
"Why didn't you? He's an able man."

"Well, he's a health enthusiast. Has to go out every hour for seventeen inhalations of ozone, does setting up exercises four times a day and has to have a quart of hot water to drink every fifteen minutes. I fear he would have little time for actual business."—Kansas City Journal.

Famous Doors.

One of the most beautiful doorways in the world is that of Magdalen college chapel in Oxford university. It is the west door leading into the chapel and is of Tudor architecture, with the statues of five saints placed in niches over the top expense. Visitors must remember that Magdalen is pronounced Maddlin college by the English.

True to Traditions.

They reached their seats just as the fourth and last part of the movie play was thrown upon the screen. "Oh, goody!" exclaimed the girl delightedly. "It's just like turning to the last chapter of a story first to see how it comes out."—Boston Transcript.

the nature of an imposition upon other players. Golf has become so popular a game that the number of players has increased by leaps and bounds; hence a great many clubs have an active playing membership so large that it is a problem how to accommodate all who wish to play, especially on Saturdays and holidays. An unnecessarily slow player can hold back a field and cause more fuming and hard feelings than almost any other factor in play. The same thing applies in open tournaments or championships. Admittedly there are some golfers who are so constituted that they have to go at their play deliberately to do well, but they ought to realize that fact, and, when they see that they are holding others back, courteously let those following "go through."

A great many players who are abnormally deliberate might find by experiment that they could play just as well, if not better, by speeding up a bit. When a golfer spends overmuch time in studying the line of his putt—for example, first viewing it from one side of the hole and then from the other, only to go back and have another look from the first side—he is apt to see undulations or bumps which really would have no influence over the ball's course if utterly disregarded. The imagination gets too much play and the mind has too much time for working up hesitancy and breeding lack of confidence. The best putters, as a rule, size up the situation quickly, then step up and hit the ball.—Francis Onimet in St. Nicholas.

This Was In Denmark.

An Englishman having business in a certain Danish town arrived at the railway station. He inquired of a group of men standing near the way to the house he wanted, whereupon one of them offered to go with him and show him. With recollections of what such a service meant in England he said, "I don't want a guide." "But surely you asked us to show you the way," said one of them. "Yes, but I don't want a guide." "My dear sir, I am not a guide; I am the bishop."

How a Moose Eats.

Of all peculiar sights I think that that of a moose eating grass is the most extraordinary. The neck is so short and the legs are so long that the animal usually kneels in eating grass. True, it does not attempt it very often, for grass is by no means a staple with it, but even a moose likes a change of diet. The appearance of this huge and awkward creature in this devotional attitude is not only interesting, but really laughable.

Then He Dodged.

"Get away from here or I'll call my husband," threatened the hard faced woman who had just refused the tramp some food.

"Oh, no, you won't," replied the tramp, "because he ain't home."

"How do you know?" asked the woman.

"Because," answered the man, as he sidled toward the gate, "a man who marries a woman like you is only home at meal times."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

LINES IN THE FACE Make Women Look Old

and they show the effect of unnatural sufferings—of headaches, back-aches, dizziness, hot flashes, pains in lower limbs, pains everywhere.

These symptoms indicate that Nature needs help. Overwork, wrong dressing, lack of exercise, and other causes have been too much for nature—and outside aid must be called upon to restore health and strength.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

The Vegetable Remedy for Women that relieves nervous exhaustion and irritability and removes other distressing symptoms due to a disturbed condition.

For over forty years it has been used with more than satisfaction by the young, middle-aged and the elderly—by wives, mothers and daughters. You will find it of great benefit. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form, or send Dr. W. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 50 one-cent stamps for trial box by mail.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS Relieve constipation, regulate the liver, and bowels. Easy to take as candy.

ROYAL TITLES.

The Kaiser Is the Most Be-Titled Man In the World.

King Alfonso is the proud possessor of 42 independent and separate titles. His list of suffixes would fill the major part of almost any letter which he might write. Whatever his predecessors might have been, whatever claims they made in their dignities, he has preserved them as trailers to his individual name of Alfonso.

Quite amusing is his claim to territories which have long since passed from under the Spanish domination. For instance, he is, along toward the last of his fictitious titles, "King of the East Indies," "King of the West Indies," "King of Gibraltar," "King of India," and, with a bombast and sweeping magnificence, "King of Oceania." Such pretensions lend an almost opera-bouffe flavor to the resonant terms such as "King of Castile," "King of Arragon," "King of Navarre," and "King of Galicia." To the Spanish don this pomp and show appeals with unctious. Nor is it peculiar to the Romance nations, this worship of grandeur. The Emperor of Austria boasts 61 extra titles, and the Sultan of Turkey 82.

The Sultan has by far the most laughable list of names. He starts out by being High Prince and Lord of Lords. Then he specifies in great detail practically all of the States and cities and even districts of the Orient, and explaining after each of the various names that he is ruler of "all the forts, citadels, purlieus, and neighborhood thereof." Nothing is presumed to belong to anyone else.

A land may have never belonged to Turkey, except in some transient raid or invasion, but that matters not to the Sultan; he adds it to his string, calm and indifferent to the progress of other nations. He loves to proclaim his religious prominence. "Head of the Faithful," "Supreme Lord of All the Followers of the Prophet," "Direct and Only Lieutenant on Earth of Mohammed" are some of his most extravagant phases. His more nearly valid title of "King of Jerusalem" is also claimed by his more civilized brother rulers.

The Kaiser with his love of publicity, has 72 names. Most of the States of Germany are included in the list of the Prussian King, and have been ever since the union of the States.

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EATING PASTY POI.

A Painful Experience With the Popular Food of Hawaii.

The national food of Hawaii is "poi." It is to them what rice is to the Chinese, frijoles to the Mexicans, blubber to the Eskimos. The first day I was there some friends of mine—or I had thought they were friends— inveigled me into eating some of it.

"It's made out of taro root," they explained. "They take an iron that looks like a pestle, put the roots on a hollowed out board about the size of a table leaf and pound it up. It is their staff of life. Have some."

With that the person with whom I had been friendly passed me a dish of poi. It looked like billboard paste—the same color, the same consistency and, from as near as I could politely get my nose, the same smell.

"They eat it with their forefingers," he explained, "and it is known as one finger or two finger poi according to how thick it is. This is two finger poi, so you will have to dip two fingers in and quickly put them well back into your mouth. Just go ahead and help yourself."

I wanted to make a bit surer what I was eating and started to take a tiny taste, but he saw the motion and a line of pain ran across his face that I should doubt the food he had set out for me. "We have plenty of it," he said cordially, holding out the bowl.

With that I thrust my two fingers in, stirred them around until the poi was clinging to them and, bending over, thrust them into my mouth—well back. Immediately I knew that I had made a mistake; the ropy stuff got on to my tongue and wouldn't come off. The moment it touched my tongue I knew that it not only looked like billboard paste and smelled like it, but that it tasted like a pot that had been left over from yesterday. For an hour I tried to worry it off my tongue and all afternoon I could taste it lurking in my mouth.—Homer Croy in Leslie's.

THAT "SINGULAR BEING."

Edmund Gosse's Pen Portrait of the Poet Swinburne.

In the "Collected Essays of Edward Gosse" is an elaborate pen picture of Swinburne. "Of all the human beings whom I have known," he says, "I think that Algernon Swinburne was the most extraordinary." And here is the characteristic way in which he begins to sketch that "singular being."

"He was short, with sloping shoulders, from which rose a long and slender

FOOD FOR LONDON

The World's Largest City Is Ever on the Verge of Famine.

COULD BE EASILY STARVED.

If Supplies From Abroad Were Cut Off For a Few Weeks Death Would Ravage the Great and Wealthy Metropolis—Sources of Its Provisions.

London is a city and a county, but it is so immense and so diverse that it might almost be said to be a country. One of the most striking things about London is its utter inability to feed itself. In the matter of food its very immensity is the cause of its utter dependence. If supplies were cut off from without it would starve to death in a few weeks.

It is the richest city in the world. It has palatial shops, thousands of stores and countless warehouses, but it produces practically nothing in the shape of foodstuff. It is like a great baby that has to be fed by its mother, the world, and the produce of the world fills the mouths of its 7,500,000 inhabitants.

By the rail, the river and the road all that Londoners eat and drink is brought to them, and three-quarters of it all is conveyed in ships from abroad.

Until the beginning of the nineteenth century London had no docks. Today they cover an area of twenty-two miles, and wheat from the United States, Russia, Canada and the Argentine is disgorged into their granaries from the holds of ships like so much sand. Many Londoners have never seen the docks, but two leaves out of every three that they eat are made from the grain that comes to them through those docks.

Most of the grain ships berth in the Victoria docks, but since they are so necessary to the city's welfare they have the right to moor at any quay in the port of London, a privilege no other vessels possess.

The London butchers never cease to sound the praise of English beef and mutton, but they sell little that is really English. All the cattle that are shipped to London alive pass ashore at Deptford into the market which stands on the site of the dockyard where Peter the Great learned shipbuilding. Every animal is inspected by a government official, and those that are in any way diseased are killed and cremated straightway.

Cattle come by train from all parts of the kingdom to the Metropolitan cattle market at Islington, traveling through the night, and on Mondays and Thursdays the market opens at dawn and continues till 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The cattle that are sold are driven to the slaughter houses and killed, and the meat is on sale at Smithfield early next morning.

At 2 o'clock in the morning this market is ablaze with light, and the streets in the vicinity are blocked with railway vans. At 4 o'clock the salesmen are in their places, and soon afterward the buyers from the big shops arrive, and the sawdust strewn avenues of red and yellow carcasses are thronged.

Smithfield's daily supply of beef and mutton is about 1,600 tons, but only a fifth of this meat is British, and much of the mutton comes from New Zealand.

900 DROPS

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THE PROPRIETARY PATENT MEDICINE ACT
A Vegetable Preparation for As
similating the Food and Regulat
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INFANTS, CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.

Scrape of Old Dr. SWANWELL PROVEN

Pumpkin Seed—
Aloe—
Sulphate of Soda—
Sulphate of Potash—
Sulphate of Iron—
Sulphate of Magnesia—
Sulphate of Lime—
Sulphate of Potash—
Sulphate of Soda—
Sulphate of Iron—
Sulphate of Magnesia—
Sulphate of Lime—

A Perfect Remedy for Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,
Worms, Convulsions, Feverish
ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of
Dr. H. H. Swallow

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
MONTREAL, NEW YORK

176 months old
35 DROPS = 35 CENT

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

ARABIAN JUSTICE.

A Desert Problem the Cadi Had N Trouble in Solving.

Two Arabs stopped at an oasis to have luncheon. One had three dates and the other had five, which they were to eat together. Presently a stranger came up and asked permission to share their meal, which the cheerfully granted. After all had eaten the stranger thanked them for the food they had given him, left eight ducats and rode away.

The Arab who had the three dates said, "Here is 8 ducats for eight dates—1 ducat for each date; therefore three ducats are mine." But the other Arab argued differently and contended that he should have seven ducats and the first man one. The case was referred to the cadi of the nearest town, who upheld the second man's contention. This is the way he reached his decision:

The three men divided eight dates. There were two and two-thirds for each, or eight-thirds. The first Arab had three dates, so he contributed nine-thirds to the whole, but he ate eight-thirds himself, so he gave only one-third of a date to the stranger. The second Arab contributed five dates, or fifteen-thirds; he ate eight-thirds himself and gave seven-thirds to the stranger.

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King George of England has a very modest outlay in comparison. It merely reads: "George V. by the grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions Beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India." Some of the lesser nobles in Britain boast of long lists, the Duke of Argyll leading with 27 titles.

Cured of Discontent.

"I never complained," once said Sa'di, the poet, "of my condition but on a single occasion, when my feet were bare and I had no money to buy shoes, but I saw a man without feet and became instantly contented with my lot."

Being asked from whom he learned his philosophy, Sa'di replied, "From the blind, because they never advance a step until they have tried the ground."

"They asked me," Sa'di writes in the Gulistan, "Of whom didst thou learn manners?" I replied: "From the unmannerly. Whatever I saw them do which I disapproved of, that I abstained from doing."

The Real Treasure.

The real treasure is that laid up by man or woman

Through charity and piety, temperance and self control.

The treasure thus hid is secure and passes not away.

Though he leave the fleeting riches of this world, this a man takes with him—

A treasure that no wrong of others and no thief can steal.

Let the wise man do good deeds. The treasure follows of itself.

—Nidhikanda Sutta.

The Magic Whirlpool.

Fill a glass tumbler with water, throw upon its surface a few fragments or thin shavings of camphor and they will begin to move and acquire a motion both progressive and rotary, which will continue for a considerable time. If the water be touched by any greasy substance the floating particles will dart back and, as if by a stroke of magic, be instantly deprived of their motion and vivacity.

Caustic Wit.

A well-known doctor who dabbles in literature recently published a poem. Shortly after its appearance he was conversing with a lady celebrated for her wit.

"Well, doctor," she remarked, "so I understand you have taken to writing verse."

"Oh, merely to kill time."

"Indeed! Have you disposed of all your other patients?"—London Globe.

although I could taste it lurking in my mouth.—Homer Croy in Leslie's.

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In the "Collected Essays of Edward Gosse" is an elaborate pen picture of Swinburne. "Of all the human beings whom I have known," he says, "I think that Algernon Swinburne was the most extraordinary." And here is the characteristic way in which he begins to sketch that "singular being."

"He was short, with sloping shoulders, from which rose a long and slender neck, surmounted by a very large head. The cranium seemed to be out of all proportion to the rest of the structure. His spine was rigid, and, though he often bowed the heaviness of his head, 'lasso papavero collo,' he seemed never to bend his back. Except in consequence of a certain physical weakness, which probably may in more philosophical days come to be accounted for and palliated—except when suffering from this external cause, he seemed immune from all the maladies that pursue mankind.

"He did not know fatigue; his agility and brightness were almost mechanical. I never heard him complain of a headache or a toothache. He required very little sleep, and occasionally when I have parted from him in the evening after saying good night he has simply sat back in the deep sofa in his sitting room, his little feet close together, his arms against his side, folded in his frock coat like a grasshopper in its wing covers, and fallen asleep, apparently for the night, before I could blow out the candles and steal forth from the door.

"I am speaking, of course, of early days; it was thus about 1875 that I closely observed him. He was more a hypertrophied intelligence than a man. His vast brain seemed to weigh down and give solidity to a frame otherwise as light as thistledown, a body almost as immaterial as that of a fairy. In the streets he had the movements of a somnambulist, and often I have seen him passing like a ghost across the traffic of Holborn or threading the pressure of carts eastward in Gray's inn road without glancing to the left or the right, like something blown before a wind."

More Cruel Than Hubby.

Mrs. Bryde—I told my husband I was going to give him something of my own cooking and he said I'd better try it on the dog first. Wasn't that a cruel suggestion?

Her Friend—Very! And I thought your husband was so fond of dogs.—Boston Transcript.

Wonderful Woman.

With hat tipped over, no eye free,
"Tis very plain she cannot see.

With hair combed over ears 'tis clear
That she, of course, can hardly hear.

With gown so tight it causes talk
'Tis plain that she can scarcely walk.

And yet she dodges autos, teams,
And gets along quite well, it seems.

Man never could survive, poor chap,
Beneath one-half that handicap.

A Crafty Politician.

"So you think you have your opponent defeated before the campaign starts?"

"I'm sure of it. He is going to depend on the old fashioned handshaking methods to make himself agreeable. I'm learning to dance."—Washington Star.

the afternoon. The cattle that are sold are driven to the slaughter houses and killed, and the meat is on sale at Smithfield early next morning.

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Smithfield's daily supply of beef and mutton is about 1,600 tons, but only a fifth of this meat is British, and much of the mutton comes from New Zealand via the Victoria docks.

The county of Kent is noted for its fruits and vegetables, but London would be unable to satisfy its craving for green stuff without the aid of other countries. The miscellaneous vegetables annually brought into England from abroad are worth close to \$5,000,000.

There are several markets in the metropolis for such wares—Spitalfields, the Great Northern potato market and the Farringdon fruit and vegetable market—but the bulk of the apples, oranges, lemons, onions, potatoes and other roots that are brought from France, Italy, Spain and Algiers find their way from the docks of Covent Garden to a common with the home grown fruit and vegetables which reach London from all points of the compass in boxes and baskets piled high on lumbering vans.

Most of the market gardeners sell their own wares at "the Garden," while the foreign stuff is sold at auction. For 300 years this place has been the premier market of London for vegetables, fruits and flowers, and there are firms who have traded beneath its glass roof for generations.

Some of the fish that feeds London is landed on a floating pontoon at the river front of Billingsgate market, and at a very early hour in the morning one may, if he chooses, gaze upon fishing smacks from the North sea, little open barges loaded with fish that have been lightered from larger vessels in the docks and clumsy looking Dutch galliots loaded with eels which are entitled under a charter granted by Queen Elizabeth to sail up the Thames and moor below London bridge.

The railway companies convey 79,000 tons of fish from different parts of the coast in the course of a year, while the boats convey 57,000 tons. The tolling of a big bell announces the opening of the market at 5 o'clock, and thereafter the fishmongers are busy buying, and the fish porters in their long smocks and flat topped hats scurry from the stalls to the carts bearing fish boxes on their heads.

The provision business is a network of commerce in itself, but there is a big daily distribution throughout London, because without it London would have to live on dry bread, meat and vegetables.—New York Press.

Whistles Scare Them.

Indians are very fond of dogs, and around every wigwam, tepee, hut or wherever they may reside there are always from six to twenty wolfish dogs. An Indian's dog loves an Indian and hates a white man with equal intensity. When a white man drives through an Indian village and sees a dog by the wayside his natural impulse is to whistle in a friendly way. But the instant he whistles the dog turns tail and is out of sight quicker than if he had been kicked. An Indian never whistles to his dog when he wants the animal to come to him; he places his tongue against his teeth and hisses.

tended to be should have seven ducats and the first man one. The cat was referred to the cat of the nearest town, who upheld the second man contention. This is the way he reaches his decision:

The three men divided eight dates. There were two and two-thirds for each, or eight-thirds. The first Arab had three dates, so he contributed nine thirds to the whole, but he ate eight thirds himself, so he gave only one third of a date to the stranger. The second Arab contributed five dates, fifteen-thirds; he ate eight-thirds himself and gave seven-thirds to the stranger.

So reasoned the cat, and he gave to the first Arab 1 ducat and the second ducats.—Youth's Companion.

CURIOUS DEATH CEREMONY

It Has Been Observed For Centuries In Austria's Royal Family.

A strange burial ceremony has obtained among the Hapsburgs, the oldest of the royal families of Europe, for several hundred years. Whenever the emperor dies his body is carried by the nearest way from the imperial palace to the monastery of the Capuchin monks on the outskirts of Vienna. Only a few officials form the inconspicuous escort.

Arriving at the door of the crypt of the monastery, which is found locked, the master of ceremonies knocks upon it with his gold staff and demands admittance.

"Who is there?" comes the voice of a monk from behind the bolted door.

"His royal majesty the emperor of Austria, king of Hungary, duke of Styria," reciting the long list of title borne by the dead monarch.

"We know no such man," curtly replies the voice within.

Again the master of ceremony knocks and demands admission; again the voice of the guardian monk demands, "Who is there?" Again the master of ceremonies recites the list of honors and titles borne by the dead man—and again the voice from within replies, "We know no such man."

A third time the master of ceremonies knocks, and a third time the monk within asks, "Who is there?"

"Our brother, Joseph Hapsburg" (whatever was the simple name of the dead king).

At this humble confession of the equality of the dead man with all human flesh the bolts fly back swiftly "Enter, brother!" cries the monk, standing welcoming in the doorway, and the body is taken within. Later the body is returned to the palace and a funeral with all the pomp of royalty is conducted from the princely mansion. But this first strange ceremony is never omitted.—Washington Star.

DONKEYS IN EGYPT.

Brutally Used Are These Despicable Friends of the Natives.

In Egypt the donkey is the chief beast of burden. Every farmer has at least two or three of them, and when he goes to his fields he rides with his friends on donkeys. He does not use a proper saddle, but has a couple of sacks strapped over the animal's back. No reins are used, and stirrups are never thought of.

The donkeys are sometimes used in a most brutal fashion, for their riders

Children Cry
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CASTORIA

Every Woman
is interested and should know
about the wonderful
**Marvel Whirling Spray
Douché**



Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

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Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
of

Wm. H. Hutchins.

In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

As the Roman Empire went to pieces, the Bishop of Rome became more prominent, and assumed the title Pontifex Maximus, previously held by the Caesars. Another doctrine thoroughly separated clergy and laity—that the clergy alone constitute the Church, the laity being children of the Church. This accounts

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The donkeys are sometimes used in most brutal fashion, for their riders

no idea of women's rights. Besides carrying the farmer to and from his labor, the donkey has to carry bundles of birseem or clover from the fields to the horses and buffaloes in the villages and towns, for grass and hay are almost unknown in Egypt.

When the donkey is not being worked it is roped to a peg in the ground and its two front feet are tied together, so that it cannot move more than two yards. It is the natives' despised friend.

A Joke of Mark Twain's.

The theatrical grandfather of William Gillette was Mark Twain, who was a fellow townsman and a friend of his father. Mark Twain in referring to the matter said that when he used his influence to get young Gillette on the stage he thought he was playing a great joke on the management, for he did not think Gillette had the slightest aptitude for acting. But it turned out to be no joke after all. "I don't know," said Mark Twain, "which I like better—having Gillette make a tremendous success or seeing one of my jokes go wrong."

Myrtle Wedding Wreaths.

On her wedding day the Danish peasant girl wears a simple crown of myrtle with her national costume—varying with the district, but always charming—and pots of myrtle are carefully cherished by girlish hands through the long winters in anticipation of the great event.

THE FEMININE ENIGMA.

Queer Incident of the Turkish Revolution of 1908.

In "The Orient Express" Arthur Moore, F. R. G. S., relates a true incident of the Young Turks' revolution of 1908, in which a woman plays a thrilling dramatic part. Herself a revolutionary and the sister of Major Enver Bey, she was the wife of Nazim Bey, the sultan's principal police spy at Saloniki, whose assassination the committee of union and progress had decided upon. She did not hesitate to help the murderer. She left the curtains undrawn where she and her husband were dining together and placed a strong light behind him. Then she sat waiting tensely. Soon the shot rang out. But the conspirator had bungled. Nazim was only wounded. Six weeks later the miracle of the revolution was accomplished, and the committee, clement in their triumph, condemned Nazim Bey not to death, but to exile, and would have exalted his wife into a heroine. But she, to Enver Bey's astonishment, proposed to go and share her husband's lonely exile at Benghazi.

"But, my sister," said Enver, "it is unthinkable that you should suffer such a terrible fate. Moreover, the man is an infamous spy, who deserves death. Why should you share his public disgrace?"

"He is my husband," she answered, "and I love him."

"You love him! But were you not already a consenting and even abetting party to the death which was intended for him?"

"That is true. I was willing that he should die for the sake of our cause, but as he is to live I shall live with him. Where he goes I shall go."

So together the husband and wife went to Benghazi.

and hereafter. Marriages are not performed by them would not be valid. Then followed the theory of infant damnation, classification of sins, fixing of penalties, arranging for masses, etc. All these bound the people to the clergy and separated them from the simplicity of the Gospel.

As the Roman Empire went to pieces, the Bishop of Rome became more prominent, and assumed the title Pontifex Maximus, previously held by the Caesars. Another doctrine thoroughly separated clergy and laity—that the clergy alone constitute the Church, the laity being children of the Church. This accounts for the Catholic custom of calling ordained clergy Father.

The year 800 found the Church making higher claims than ever before; namely, that then the Church became the Kingdom of God. Catholics still hold that the Millennium began that year, and that the Popes are Christ's Vicegerent—reigning in His stead. The clergy, separated from the people by a great gulf, represented the Elect of God, holding the destinies of the laity in their control; the laity dependent upon the clergy for baptism, marriage, funerals, etc.

CATTLE MARKETS.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Dec. 14.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 4099 cattle, 915 hogs, 786 sheep and lambs and 229 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.
Choice steers sold at \$8 to \$8.45, but only one load at the latter price; good, \$7.75 to \$8; medium, \$6.75 to \$7.25; common to medium, \$6.50 to \$6.75; common eastern butchers' steers and heifers, \$5 to \$6; choice cows, \$6.50 to \$7; good cows, \$6 to \$6.50; medium, \$5.50 to \$6; bulls, \$5 to \$7.

Stockers and Feeders.
Choice steers, \$5.25 to \$6.50; good steers, \$5.75 to \$6; stockers, \$4 to \$5.50.

Milkers and Springers.
Receipts of milkers and springers were light. Prices ranged from \$65 to \$95 each, the bulk going at \$70 to \$85.

Veal Calves.
The market for calves was dull and slow, especially the rough, common eastern grass calves, which sold much lower. Choice calves sold at \$9 to \$10; good, \$8 to \$9; medium at \$7 to \$8; common, \$4 to \$6.50.

Sheep and Lambs.
Sheep, ewes, sold at \$5 to \$5.75; choice light lambs, \$5 to \$5.50; heavy lambs, \$7 to \$7.75; culls, \$6 to \$6.50.

Hogs.
Selects, fed and watered, \$7.25, and \$6.90 f.o.b. cars, and \$7.50 weighed off cars.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, Dec. 14.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, this was Christmas market, in that the supply of cattle was much larger than usual, the number of head offered being 1300 in excess of this day week. There was a heavy fall of snow Sunday night, but the weather today was mild, and this, coupled with the general quiet condition of trade here, tended to curtail operations to some extent; consequently the market was void of its usual activity at this season of the year, but on the whole a fair amount of business was done.

Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.75 to \$8; do., medium, \$6 to \$7.25; do., common, \$5.25 to \$6; canners, \$4 to \$5; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do., medium, \$5.50 to \$6.25; do., bulls, \$5.25 to \$7; milkers, choice, each, \$70 to \$75; do., common and medium, each, \$60 to \$65; springers, \$50 to \$55.

Sheep, ewes, \$4.75 to \$5; bucks and culls, \$4.25 to \$4.50.

Lambs, \$7 to \$7.75.

Hogs, f.o.b., \$7.75 to \$7.35.

Calves, \$5 to \$15.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, Dec. 14.—Cattle.—Receipts, 2100; slow; prime steers, \$9 to \$9.25; shipping, \$8.25 to \$8.75; butchers, \$6.50 to \$8.25; heifers, \$5.50 to \$7.50; cows, \$4 to \$6.75; bulls, \$4.75 to \$7.

Hogs—Receipts, 14,500; active; heavy, \$7.25; mixed, \$7.25 to \$7.30; yorkers, \$7.25 to \$7.50; pigs, \$7.40 to \$7.50; roughs, \$6.25 to \$6.40; stags, \$5.50 to \$6.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 10,000; active; sheep, steady; lambs, \$6 to \$9.10; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$7.50; wethers, \$6 to \$6.25; ewes, \$5 to \$5.75; sheep, mixed, \$5.75 to \$6.

Italian Dreadnoughts.

ROME, Dec. 15.—A fourth Italian dreadnought, the Conte Cavour, will be ready in February and a fifth and six will be completed soon after that.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

exactly meet the need which so often arises in every family for a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation, but they help greatly in breaking up a Cold or La Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they relieve or cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are

A Household Remedy

and hereafter. Marriages are not performed by them would not be valid. Then followed the theory of infant damnation, classification of sins, fixing of penalties, arranging for masses, etc. All these bound the people to the clergy and separated them from the simplicity of the Gospel.

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The year 800 found the Church making higher claims than ever before; namely, that then the Church became the Kingdom of God. Catholics still hold that the Millennium began that year, and that the Popes are Christ's Vicegerent—reigning in His stead. The clergy, separated from the people by a great gulf, represented the Elect of God, holding the destinies of the laity in their control; the laity dependent upon the clergy for baptism, marriage, funerals, etc.

Protestants and Christ's Kingdom.

The separation of Christ's followers into clergy and laity was established for centuries before the Reformation. It was but natural for Protestants to copy practices and doctrines with which they had been familiar from childhood. Consequently we see everywhere forms of godliness without its power—lip reverence without much manifestation of Christ's Spirit.

Protestants are much confused respecting Papacy's claim that Christ's Kingdom has been set up. They, of course, deny that the Popes are Christ's Vicegerent. Nevertheless, they have followed Papacy's lead in telling earthly rulers that their kingdoms are part of Christ's Kingdom—"Christendom." They send chaplains with the armies and navies of these kingdoms, receive financial support and recognition from them, and call upon the civil power to suppress so-called heretics, refusing them license to preach, etc. They thus closely follow in their mother's footsteps. Altogether, these false doctrines are surely responsible, not only for many past wars, but also for the present European war.

We may assume that some of the clergy, Catholic and Protestant, are honestly doing what they believe to be God's will in these matters. But we are bound to believe that thousands are not deceived—that they know full well that the world is ruled, not by Christ and His teachings, but by self-seeking kings, nobles, financiers, politicians, etc. But what have the ministers of "Christendom" done to open people's eyes to the truth on this subject—to tell them that these kingdoms are not Christ's in any sense? How few of them ever refer to the Redeemer's second Coming! or to St. Peter's words respecting the glorious Times of Restitution which Messiah's Kingdom will usher in!

Origin of Quarantine.

In the fourteenth century one-fourth of the population of Europe are computed to have died of the bubonic plague, introduced from the east. The first measures to check its spread were adopted by the city of Venice, which appointed in 1348 three guardians of the public health. In 1403 Venice established a lazaret, or contagious disease hospital, on a small island adjoining the city. This was the beginning of quarantine. The word itself means "forty" and implies forty days, the period of detention imposed on vessels at this first Venetian quarantine.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Just One Week Until Xmas

and many of you have not done your Christmas shopping yet.

You will find a nice line of handsome and useful presents such as

Music Cabinets, Record Cabinets, Rockers, Smoker's Sets, Etc.

As well as a full line of

Furniture of all Kinds

---AT---

Judson's Furniture Store

Drop in and look around and get a Calendar.
M. B. JUDSON.

MORVEN.

People were pleased to see the heavy rain of last week.

The concert held in the school house in connection with the public school on Thursday evening was a decided success. The proceeds were \$19 which is to go to the Belgian relief fund. The programme was given by the pupils of the school, assisted by the Boy Scouts, of Camden East. Great credit is due Miss Salisbury, the teacher, for her pains in training the children.

Those on the sick list are E. M. Smith and J. S. Fralick.

The services on Morven circuit were conducted last Sabbath by Mr. Minns, of Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fraser of New York State, are visiting her sister, Mrs. F. M. Smith.

The accommodations at the brick church are being improved by the erection of a new kitchen at the rear.



Change in Train Times

Effective Monday, Dec. 14th

Leave Napanee 2.45 p.m., instead of 12.46 p.m.

Arrive Ottawa 7.05 p.m. instead of 5.20 p.m.

(Daily except Sunday)

NEW TRAIN

Leave Napanee 12.05 noon.

Arrive Picton 2.45 p.m.

Leave Picton 9.00 a.m.

Arrive Napanee 11.20 a.m.

(Daily except Sunday)

For Tickets and all information apply to

E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent, or

R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

BOOKS. BOOKS.

Jas. Gordon, the Colporteur, is moving into the vacant store next to Mayor Alexander's office on John st. He will have his usual assortment of Bibles, Hymn and Choir Books, S. S. Helps, Xmas Cards, Calendars, Mottoes, etc. Give him a call.

Cutters! Cutters!

We have just received a car load of the old reliable McLaughlin and Canada Carriage Co. Cutters and pleasure sleighs, in all the latest styles. Call in and look them over while you have a good variety to choose from. We also carry a good stock of robes and blankets. If you want a cream separator that will stand the test, get a DeLaval. We are the regular agents for this district. C. A. WISEMAN.

Christmas Tea Meeting.

Come one, come all to the annual tea meeting at the Brick Church. Morven, on Xmas night Dec. 25th. There will be an abundance of provisions and Xmas cheer. A programme of special merit is being prepared including local and outside talent. Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Minns, of Kingston, are expected to take part. Mr. Clarence Warner has kindly consented to preside. All for twenty-five cents, (25c). 1-b

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a piano, organ, talking machine, or sewing machine, see us. We have different makes of pianos. You can see the different styles and hear the different tones. If you can't come to see us drop us a card, and we will send an auto after you (if roads will permit) and bring you to town to see our goods. We have the finest talking machines on earth. See the new one with automatic stop, and we have beautiful cabinets for records, also records. Vanluven Bros., show rooms first corner north of Brisco Hotel, Napanee, also Moscow. 12-1f

P.S.—A large farm (630 acres) for sale

NARROW ESCAPE.

James McAlpin, who resides near Erinsville, had an experience that he will not soon forget and which nearly cost him his life. He had some cattle on his ranch at the head of Clare river and in attempting to cross Indian lake, which lies between his home and the ranch, he broke through the ice. That he escaped being drowned is miraculous and the herculean feat he performed to accomplish his safety, for a man of his age—sixty-five years—would appear almost unbelievable. He could not regain the ice, says the Tweed Advocate, and his only way to escape was to keep breaking it back, which he succeeded in doing for a distance of sixty or seventy feet, when to his delight he found support on a tuft of bog until his cries for help brought timely assistance. The nearest settlers live about a mile distant, from which fact it can be better understood, the seriousness of the situation, but his cries were heard and he was rescued in a very weakened condition from chill. His cap was lying on the ice near by the spot where he broke through and which he said he placed there on purpose to assist searching parties in locating his body should he fail to reach land. For several days after the accident his legs and arms were terribly swollen but apart from that he suffered no ill effects and is now able to be around as usual.

HISTORICAL MEETING.

During all the years which Prof. Morrison has been lecturing before the members and friends of the Historical Society, and he has given the society seven very fine lectures in

CAMBRIDGE'S BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE

Give Us Your Order for Xmas Cakes.

We carry a complete line of Xmas Novelties—FANCY BOXES CHOCOLATES, best makes, fresh, cut prices! All kinds of CANDIES in bulk, als GRAPES, ORANGES, and NUTS assorted.

Ice Cream

in Bricks, Assorted Flavours always on hand. City Dairy, we are sole agents for Napanee.

OYSTERS—Best Grade.

LUNCHES—At all hours.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE

Phone 96.

THE POULTRY SHOW

A meeting of the Napanee Poultry Association will be held in the Agricultural office to-night to complete arrangements for having the largest and best Poultry Show ever held in Napanee. A handsome prize list of over 50 pages has been issued and mailed to breeders all over Ontario. One breeder even wrote from Port Arthur for a copy. With better support from the town and county, Napanee could build up the largest local Poultry Show in Ontario.

The proceeds of the 1915 Poultry Show have been donated to the Red Cross Society. The red cross girl will canvas the town early in January selling membership tickets at \$1.00 for a sheet of five tickets good for five admissions by the holders. Every one who is able is requested to buy one or more of these tickets to help the Red Cross Fund. The more tickets sold the more money will be available for "Our Soldiers" who are fighting our battles in Europe. The dates of the 1915 Napanee Poultry Show are January 13th, 14th, and 15th, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture have arranged to repeat the Killing and Plucking Demonstration that proved so popular last year. The same operator who could kill and pluck a chicken in less than an minute, has been re-engaged, and will show farmers how to do the trick. Farmers who wish to learn are asked to bring a dozen chickens to have him demonstrate and then the farmer must pluck a few chickens to show that he knows how.

FARMERS CLASS.

For the best pens of Barred Rocks, White Wyandottes, Rhode Island Red and White Leghorns \$40 in cash prizes is being offered to farmers who have hatched and reared a cocker and four pullets in 1914. Every farmer who has a pure bred flock of poultry should enter this. The winners will be able to sell large quantities of eggs for hatching next

Lamps.

All new stock and styles of hanging and stand lamps. M. S. MADOLE.

Skating.

Mr. W. J. Normile has assumed charge of the Napanee Skating Rink, and is already at work getting the rink in shape for the season's business. Mr. Normile is having the building repaired and made comfortable, especially for ladies. The rink will be increased in size and a new lighting system installed. Season tickets may be procured at the Normile's Automobile show rooms.

See our new agate roaster. The best yet. For sale by M. S. MADOLE

SHOP NOW

Do your Christmas shopping now!

Christmas goods are still fresh. So are the salespeople.

You can now see the full lines of goods and get the obliging attention of an undistracted clerk. There is room in the shop to turn around.

Still for a few days Christmas shopping may be a pleasant experience.

You know very well what it would be just a little later—with the article you really want sold out, and a young woman tired to the point of nervous prostration trying to wait on three people at once.

If you put off your shopping till the last minute you will simply exasperate yourself and afflict the busy clerk.

What is the use of that?

In spite of the war there's going to be lots of Christmas shopping.

Do it now!

MOUNT PLEASANT.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Henderson, spent an evening last week at Mr. and Mrs. Walter Woodcock's.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Oliver visited quite recently at Mr. and Mrs. F. Smith's. Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Husband Empey Hill, took tea with her sister, Mrs. F. Hudson, on Sunday evening last.

Don't forget about the Christmas tree here on Dec. 23rd, the program promises to be a good one.

arrive Napanee 11:20 a.m.
(Daily except Sunday)

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ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

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Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
49-6m PORT ELGIN, Ontario

Position for Fall and Winter

We have a sound business proposition for a reliable energetic salesman for this district to sell fruit trees, small fruits, flowering shrubs, etc. Pay weekly, outfit free, exclusive territory.

OVER 600 ACRES

of fruit and ornamental stock under cultivation. We sell through our salesmen direct to the consumer and guarantee delivery of fresh, high grade trees. Our salesmen are valuable by reason of the service we give and the volume of business done. Established 35 years.

Write
Pelham Nursery Co.,
TORONTO, ONT.

P.S.—Handsome catalogue on request either by applicant or those wishing Nursery stock.



We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM
At Normile's Garage.

and spice of the war there going to be lots of Christmas shopping.
Do it now !

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Don't forget about the Christmas tree here on Dec. 23rd, the program promises to be a good one.

Mr. Frank Sexsmith visited at Mr. Fred Henderson's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Melbourne, of Melrose, visited Sunday with her sister, Mrs. A. Turnbull.

Mr. Percy Alexander, of Belleville, visited with his parents one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Mowers visited at Jas. Turnbull's on Sunday.

Mrs. Bert Davies of Toronto, is visiting a few days with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Menzo Grooms visited quite recently at Charlie Hawley's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Woodcock visited at Z. Dean's on Sunday evening.

All styles of trusses and satisfaction guaranteed at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. A. J. Smith at Mr. I. Taylor's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree and son, Harold, visited Wednesday, at Mr. Sam Hamblly's.

Miss Myrtle Cook visited Wednesday at Miss Mabel Black's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Denison at Mr. Merle Sills' Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Cook took dinner at Mr. C. Vanalstyne's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ryerson Pringle and daughter, Eileen, at Mr. Garfield Sills' Thursday evening.

Mrs. Ed. Boyle spent Friday afternoon at Mr. F. Vandeboogart's.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree and son, Harold, at Mr. George Frisken's Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris called at Mr. W. R. Pringle's Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Black, of Toronto, are spending a week at his father's, Mr. Jas. Black's.

Mr. Grant and Miss Myrtle Cook spent Wednesday evening at Mr. Garfield Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills took tea at Mr. Milford Dupree's, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vandeboogart and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstyne and family visited Sunday at Mr. Jas. Vankoughnet's, Palace Road.

Mr. and Mrs. German Wagar and son, Ward, visited Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sills'.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and family took dinner at Mr. Milford Dupree's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Vandeboogart at Mr. Jas. Black's Monday evening.

Miss Pearl Card visited Sunday at Mr. Jack Fish's.

Mr. Gordon Finkle, of the O.B.C., Belleville, took dinner at Mr. W. B. Sills' Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Woodcock and family and Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gould took tea at Mr. Z. Dean's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Black and Miss Mabel called at Mr. Garfield Sills' Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Taylor visited at Mr. Henry Rooks' on Wednesday.

The neighbors met at Mr. James Black's on Tuesday evening and gave Miss Mabel a variety shower.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

weakened condition from chill. His cap was lying on the ice near by the spot where he broke through and which he said he placed there on purpose to assist searching parties in locating his body should he fail to reach land. For several days after the accident his legs and arms were terribly swollen but apart from that he suffered no ill effects and is now able to be around as usual.

HISTORICAL MEETING.

During all the years which Prof. Morrison has been lecturing before the members and friends of the Historical Society, and he has given the society seven very fine lectures in the past, he has never delivered such an excellent address as the one given last Friday evening when his subject was "Wellington and the Waterloo Campaign." We will not attempt to review the lecture and can only say that those who did not hear it missed a rare treat. Prof. Morrison always has his subject well in hand, but upon this occasion whether or not inspired by its association with the present terrible war in Europe, which is being fought over the same ground as was the Waterloo Campaign, he seemed to be able to bring out the fine points which kept his entire audience spell bound. Perhaps the fact that he holds a Captain's Commission in his old Scottish regiment, is drilling at Queen's University and expects to go to the front before many months have passed has given him power to fill others with his great enthusiasm for, and devotion to, Britain's cause. We can only say that the authorities at Ottawa could do nothing better than employ Prof. Morrison as a permanent lecturer and turn him loose in Canada. His loyalty and enthusiasm for Britain and British institutions is the kind that every Canadian would do well to imitate. The next lecture was announced for January 22nd, 1915. The meeting closed with "God Save the King."

Perfumes in all odours, nicely packaged for the Xmas trade, from 25c to \$5.00, at Wallace's, Limited, The Red Cross Drug Store.

St. Lawrence Sugar

Children Need Sugar

Pure sugar is necessary to the health of young or old. Good home-made candy, sugar on porridge, fruit or bread—not only pleases but stimulates.

Buy St. Lawrence Extra Granulated in bags and be sure of the finest pure cane sugar, untouched by hand from factory to your kitchen.

Bags 100 lbs., 25 lbs., 10 lbs.,
Cartons 5 lbs., 2 lbs.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.
Sold by best dealers.

St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, Limited, - Montreal.

show farmers how to do the Farmers who wish to learn are ed to bring a dozen chickens to him demonstrate and then the er must pluck a few chickens to that he knows how.

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SCHOOL CHILDREN'S CLASS

All the rural school children received eggs from the Agriculture Office, Napanee, last spring and sh ed chickens at the School Fairs eligible to enter a cockerel and pu and compete for the cash prizes specials offered. It is hoped that children will have on show from to one hundred birds. No entry is required.

In 1916 the Armouries will be completed and the Napanee Poultry association will plan to expand hold an even greater Poultry S than the coming one, which will the largest yet held. For a copy the prize list apply to Mr. G. Curran, Secretary Treasurer, Napa

Ladies hand bags and purs Julian Sale leather goods, in la styles at Hooper's—Napanee's Larg Drug Store.

SUCCESS CROWNED FEAT OF BRITISH SUBMARINE

B 11, Commanded by Lieut. Holbrook, Dived Under Five Rows of Mine and Torpedoed Messoudiyeh in Dardanelles.

London, Dec. 14.—A communication issued by the British Admiralty day announces that the Turk battleship Messoudiyeh has been torpedoed by a British submarine. official bureau's statement is as follows:

"Yesterday (Sunday) submarine B in charge of Lieut-Commander N man B. Holbrook, of the Royal Na entered the Dardanelles, and in spite of the difficult current dived un five rows of mines and torpedoed Turkish battleship Messoudiyeh wh was guarding the mine fields.

"Although pursued by gunfire a torpedo boats the B11 returned safely after being submerged on one casion for nine hours.

"When last seen the Messoudiyeh was sinking by the stern."

The Messoudiyeh was a very boat, having been built at Blackw. Eng., in 1874, and reconstructed Genoa in 1903. She was 332 l long, 59 feet beam, and of about 1 000 tons burden. She had a speed 17½ knots, and her main battery consisted of two 9.2-inch guns in turret and twelve 6-inch guns in battery. the war with Greece in 1912 Messoudiyeh was reported badly damaged in a naval battle in the D danelles. She carried a crew of 6 men.

The "B" class of submarines c place 314 tons and have a surf and submerged speed of 13 and knots respectively. They are arm

PERFUMES—English, French a American in fancy boxes, and sach powders for the Christmas trade Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Dr Store.

CAMBRIDGE'S BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE

Give Us Your Order for
Xmas Cakes.

We carry a complete line of Xmas
treats—FANCY BOXES CHOCO-
LATES, best makes, fresh, cut prices.
All kinds of CANDIES in bulk, also
WRAPES, ORANGES, and NUTS,
assorted.

Ice Cream

Bricks, Assorted Flavours always
in hand. City Dairy, we are sole
agents for Napanee.

OYSTERS—Best Grade.
LUNCHES—At all hours.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE

Phone 96.

THE POULTRY SHOW

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sent to breeders all over Ontario.
One breeder even wrote from Port
Arthur for a copy. With better sup-
port from the town and county, Na-
panee could build up the largest
local Poultry Show in Ontario.
The proceeds of the 1915 Poultry
show have been donated to the Red
Cross Society. The red cross girls
will canvas the town early in January
selling membership tickets at \$1.00
or a sheet of five tickets good for
five admissions by the holders. Every-
one who is able is requested to buy
one or more of these tickets to help
the Red Cross Fund. The more
tickets sold the more money will be
available for "Our Soldiers" who are
fighting our battles in Europe. The
dates of the 1915 Napanee Poultry
show are January 13th, 14th, and
15th, Wednesday, Thursday and Fri-
day.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

The Ontario Department of Agricul-
ture have arranged to repeat the
Killing and Plucking Demonstration
that proved so popular last year.
The same operator who could kill
and pluck a chicken in less than one
minute, has been re-engaged, and will
show farmers how to do the trick.
Farmers who wish to learn are ask-
ed to bring a dozen chickens to have
them demonstrate and then the farm-
ers must pluck a few chickens to show
that he knows how.

FARMERS CLASS.

For the best pens of Barred Rocks,
White Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds
and White Leghorns \$40 in cash
prizes is being offered to farmers who
have hatched and reared a cockerel
and four pullets in 1914. Every
farmer who has a pure bred flock
of poultry should enter this. The
winners will be able to sell large
quantities of eggs for hatch next

with two torpedo tubes and carry a
crew of 16 officers and men. They
were built from 1904 to 1906.
Lieut. Commander Holbrook of the
submarine B-11 is one of five brothers
all serving with the colors, the sons of
Col. Arthur Holbrook, a news-
paper owner of Portsmouth.

DARING MARINE EXPLOIT, BOLD- EST OF WAR TO DATE.

London, Dec. 14.—The first serious
blow inflicted on the Turkish navy
since the entrance of the Porte into
the war—the torpedoing of the Tur-
kish battleship Messoudiyeh by a British
submarine in the Dardanelles—
gave naval color to to-day's war
news, and was, in fact, the only
striking occurrence chronicled by land
or by sea.

The feat of Lieutenant-Commander
Holbrook in diving under five rows of
mines in the Dardanelles and tor-
pedoing the Turkish battleship, is de-
scribed here as perhaps the boldest
marine exploit of the war. The sub-
marine presumably was not scratch-
ed. She escaped gunfire and the
pursuit of torpedo boats in a manner
truly remarkable, and more so for
her crew to endure the ordeal of re-
maining under water for nine hours
on a stretch.

Russian guns have from time to
time inflicted some damage on Tur-
kish warships bombarding Russian
ports, but the disaster reported to-
day robs the Porte of its first big
ship.

The loss of life is not estimated in
the brief announcement of the epi-
sode given out by the British Admir-
alty, but if the Messoudiyeh was man-
ned as other Turkish boats have
been, then there were a number of
German officers on board of her.

Sleigh bells, Swedish chimes, horse
blankets, hand sleighs, star skates,
snow shoes, hockey sticks, and pucks.
BOYLE & SON.

After all for large and small what
more pleasing Xmas gift than a Kodak
For sale at Wallace's Drug Store,
P. S.—If it isn't an Eastman it isn't a
Kodak.

ONTARIO POLITICS.

(Special to The Napanee Express.)

Toronto, Dec. 14th—1. To close all
bars and clubs in Ontario during the
war.

2. At the end of the war to submit
to a direct vote of the people the ques-
tion of whether the bars and clubs
thus closed or be re-opened, the ques-
tion to be settled by a majority vote.

3. To impose such restrictions upon
the residue of the liquor traffic as will
most effectually limit its evils.

This is Mr. Rowell's proposal of a
definite plan to deal with the definite
situation in Ontario arising from the
war. To accomplish these ends he
has offered to co-operate with Hon.
Mr. Hearst in bringing them about.

Mr. Rowell went further and said
he now renewed to Mr. Hearst, the
new Premier, the general offer he had
made to his predecessor, namely, to
lift the temperance question entirely
above the realm of party controversy
and to settle it by united action by
wiping out all bar and club licenses
within the Province and by imposing
such restrictions upon the residue as
will most effectually limit its evils.

If the new Premier did not feel like
doing this, then Mr. Rowell made his
proposal to close all bars and shops
during the war.

With so much unemployment and
financial disorganization in the Pro-
vince as there is to-day, the closing of
the bars and the subsequent stopping
of the waste of money and energy,
Mr. Rowell considered would be the
greatest value in such a time of stress.
The proposal is exciting keen inter-

McIntosh Bros'.

The Thrift Store

Specials that will make a Rousing
Sale on Saturday

Children's All Wool Toques

double with the rolled edge, regular 35c. and 25c. On the
Bargain Counter all day Saturday

18c each, or 2 for 35c

A Large Assortment of Misses' and Children's Cashmere Hose

in black, tan, white, blue in all sizes from 4 to 7. The regular
price 25c. On the Bargain Counter all this week 15c. Pair

Laura Nut Cracker Sets

Complete in suitable case, 6 Picks and Cracker 25c per Set

Special Comb and Brush Sets

in Case of Black Wood with Nickel Trimmings, Half Price,
50c. per Set.

Childs' Knife, Fork and Spoon Set—in fancy box
with A.B.C.'s neatly stamped on handle, complete set 15c

Rodgers' Silver Baby Spoons—Warranted good,
Half Price, 35c. each.

Men's Best Quality King George V. Suspenders
Patented, every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction
50c. pair.

McIntosh Bro's.

DEATH OF HON. ROBERT JAFFRAY

Hon. Robert Jaffray, President of
the Globe Printing Company, is dead.
The summons came in the early hours
of Wednesday morning to his home,
"Surrey Lodge," Grenville street,
after a brief four-day illness, the real
gravity of which was only manifest
within twenty-four hours of the end.
The deceased was in his 83rd year.

Despite his advanced age Senator
Jaffray's splendid physique, forceful
mentality and youthful enthusiasm
kept him in the thick of his life work.
On Friday last he was in his usual
good health, visited his offices at The
Globe and at The Imperial Bank of
Canada, of which he was recently
elected President, and took his cus-
tomary busy and important part in
the arduous duties of the day. Dur-
ing the night he was taken ill. Physi-
cians were summoned, and while the
patient's many years emphasized the
seriousness of the attack, his stamina
was such that he rallied, and on Mon-
day evening was deemed to have a
good chance for recovery. On Tues-
day, however, his strength began to
waver, and it was realized ere nightfall
that his life was nearly over.

A 25c box of Rexall cold Tablets will
cure your cold or your money back.
Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's
Red Cross Drug Store.

BUTTER MAKERS' ATTENTION.

If you sell your butter in prints
you must have it stamped. Our
printed butter paper complies with
the new law. M. S. MADOLE.

Cherry bark cough syrup, the best
all round cough syrup for all kinds of
cough. Sold only at Wallace's Drug
Store, Limited.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Redpath's
best granulated sugar \$7.00 per 100.
Five roses flour \$3.35; Harvest Queen
flour \$3.20; 4 cars bran and shorts to
hand. Special prices in car lot: royal
yeast and cow brand soda 4c; 6 bars
Comfort, Surprise or Sunlight soap
25c; good tea 15c; 4 doz. clothes pins
5c; I will continue paying 25c cash
for fresh eggs; Burdock Blood Bitters
75c bottle.

The many friends of Capt. E.
Mouch, of Arden, will be pleased to
know that he has been granted a
commission in the Northumberland
Fusiliers (England). Capt. Mouch
has always been an excellent soldier
and officer. He was a signalling
sergeant in the 47th Arden company.
After taking a course in Toronto he
received a lieutenant's certificate
and received a commission in the
47th regiment.

regarded, and will engage farmers how to do the trick. Farmers who wish to learn are asked to bring a dozen chickens to have a demonstration and then the farmer must pluck a few chickens to show at he knows how.

FARMERS CLASS.

For the best pens of Barred Rocks, White Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds and White Leghorns \$40 in cash is being offered to farmers who have hatched and reared a cockerel and four pullets in 1914. Every farmer who has a pure bred flock of poultry should enter this. The winners will be able to sell large quantities of eggs for hatching next year.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S CLASS.

All the rural school children who have laid eggs from the Agricultural Fair, Napanee, last spring and show chickens at the School Fairs are eligible to enter a cockerel and pullet competition for the cash prizes and medals offered. It is hoped that the children will have on show from fifty to one hundred birds. No entry fee required.

In 1916 the Armouries will be competed and the Napanee Poultry Association will plan to expand and hold an even greater Poultry Show in the coming one, which will be the largest yet held. For a copy of the prize list apply to Mr. G. B. Cran, Secretary-Treasurer, Napanee.

Ladies hand bags and purses—Italian Sale leather goods, in latest styles at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

ACCESS CROWNED FEAT OF BRITISH SUBMARINE

1. Commanded by Lieut. Holbrook Dived Under Five Rows of Mines and Torpedoed Messoudiyeh in Dardanelles.

London, Dec. 14.—A communication received by the British Admiralty today announces that the Turkish battleship Messoudiyeh has been torpedoed by a British submarine. The official bureau's statement is as follows:

Yesterday (Sunday) submarine B11, commanded by Lieut-Commander Norman B. Holbrook, of the Royal Navy, mined the Dardanelles, and in spite of the difficult current dived under five rows of mines and torpedoed the Turkish battleship Messoudiyeh which was guarding the mine fields.

Although pursued by gunfire and torpedo boats the B11 returned safely after being submerged on one occasion for nine hours. When last seen the Messoudiyeh was sinking by the stern."

The Messoudiyeh was a very old ship, having been built at Blackwall, London, in 1874, and reconstructed at Constantinople in 1903. She was 332 feet long, 59 feet beam, and of about 10,000 tons burden. She had a speed of 18 knots, and her main battery consisted of two 9.2-inch guns in turrets and twelve 6-inch guns in battery. In her war with Greece in 1912 the Messoudiyeh was reported badly damaged in a naval battle in the Dardanelles. She carried a crew of 600.

The "B" class of submarines displaced 314 tons and have a surface speed of 13 and 9 knots respectively. They are armed

with perfumes—English, French and American in fancy boxes, and sachets for the Christmas trade at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

made to his predecessor, namely, to lift the temperance question entirely above the realm of party controversy and to settle it by united action by wiping out all bar and club licenses within the Province and by imposing such restrictions upon the residue as will most effectively limit its evils.

If the new Premier did not feel like doing this, then Mr. Rowell made his proposal to close all bars and shops during the war.

With so much unemployment and financial disorganization in the Province as there is to-day, the closing of the bars and the subsequent stopping of the waste of money and energy, Mr. Rowell considered would be the greatest value in such a time of stress.

The proposal is exciting keen interest throughout the Province and is sure to be one of the interesting subjects of discussion at the pending Session of the Legislature.

Public interest still hovers around the Dundas bye-election in which the Government majority fell from 763 to 59 and which, taken with the West Hamilton bye-election, where the Conservative majority fell from 1411 to 36, is being widely discussed as a sign that public opinion in some subtle way is discussed against the Government. Both these reverses for the Government have occurred since Hon. Mr. Hearst became Prime Minister and it is rather obvious that it was Sir James Whitney who was the real strength of the Government and now that he is removed, the Government's influence is on the decline.

Both in West Hamilton and in Dundas, one of the undoubted factors was a feeling not closely defined, but nevertheless real, that it is time for a change. This feature has always been an important one in Canadian politics and it looks as if it is operating against the Ontario Government. Its influence, when once it gains momentum, is almost always irresistible.

Toronto World, Conservative, Editorial.—Hamilton and Dundas have declared with fairly plain speech that Sir James Whitney was the strength of the Whitney Government. The lesson for the existing Cabinet must be, for the present, until some other personality has developed and taken hold of the imagination of the people that the Government must establish and can only establish itself, as Sir James Whitney himself did, by the adoption of forward policies, by striking out in new directions, and by consulting the wishes of the people in regard to legislation.

WHAT SHALL I BUY? Go to Boyle & Son, they have plenty of sensible, serviceable articles for Xmas. BOYLE & SON.

COPELAND'S

A GRATEFUL LETTER

The letters we have received from people who have taken "COPELAND'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION" for consumption, bronchitis, chronic coughs and colds, speak in no uncertain way of the benefit derived from its use. For instance the following statement:

Mr. Wm. R. Copeland,

Dear Sir: I write to thank you for the great benefit I have received from your medicine. I was given no hope by a specialist, but after taking your medicine I have been able to work all the summer. My cough is also very much improved. I do not hesitate to recommend your C. Cure to those suffering from any lung trouble.

Yours truly,

(Sgd.) A. D. BRETTS.

R.R. Bath, Ont.

We have received letters from persons who have suffered for over thirty years with chronic bronchitis and who state that the above medicine was the only remedy that permanently benefited them.

Sold at Drug Stores at \$1.00 a bottle, or from

COPELAND MEDICINE CO., LIMITED,
511 Pape Avenue, Toronto

Canada, of which he was recently elected President, and took his customary busy and important part in the arduous duties of the day. During the night he was taken ill. Physicians were summoned, and while the patient's many years emphasized the seriousness of the attack, his stamina was such that he rallied, and on Monday evening was deemed to have a good chance for recovery. On Tuesday, however, his strength began to wane, and it was realized ere nightfall that his life was nearly over.

A 25c box of Rexall Cold Tablets will cure your cold or your money back. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

yeast and cow brand soda 4c; 6 bars Comfort, Surprise or Sunlight soap 25c; good tea 15c; 4 doz. clothes pins 5c; I will continue paying 25c cash for fresh eggs; Burdock Blood Bitters 75c bottle.

The many friends of Capt. E. Mouch, of Arden, will be pleased to know that he has been granted a commission in the Northumberland Fusiliers (England). Capt. Mouch has always been an excellent soldier and officer. He was a signalling sergeant in the 47th Arden company. After taking a course in Toronto he received a lieutenant's certificate and received a commission in the 47th regiment.

Careful, Cautious and Canny

IN Canada it was all right for manufacturers to pause when the tumult and confusion of war shook the ground beneath their feet and unsteadied them. But it is not all right for Canadian manufacturers to go into temporary or permanent hiding at this time of national necessity and opportunity. On the contrary, it is a time for a broad forward movement.

The man who shrinks from battle, even though the forces opposed may appear overwhelming, takes away from the strength of his comrades. If he deserts dire punishment is meted out to him. Winning or losing, battletime calls for men who will fight until overthrown or slain. The careful, cautious, and canny man—manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer—never rises to be a great merchant.

When the war is over, the honored and repaid men among soldiers and merchants will be those who never faltered, who kept their face to the foe, and who fought dauntlessly to the very end.

The valiant-hearted business men of Canada—retailers, wholesalers and manufacturers—are advertising NOW

L U M B E R LATH - AND - SHINGLES

ALL GRADES

Hardwood Flooring. Interior Trim.
Sash Verandah Work.
Doors. Wall Board Ready Roofing.

MACHINE WORK TO ORDER.

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.

NORTHERN GROWN TREES

Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach
Grapes, Small Fruits, Ornamentals,
Evergreens, Roses, Flowering Shrubs,
Climbers, etc. Everything in the nur-
sery line. Catalogue Free. Send list of
your wants for prices. Agents wanted
apply for terms.

J. H. WISMER, Nurseryman,
Port Elgin, Ontario. 45-6m

NEED COAL?

Get it from

S T E V E N S

Finest Quality

Weight Guaranteed

Phone 104.

Office opposite Campbell House.



So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.
See that your Watch keeps time.
We do personally all most expert

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber
Dec. 15th, 1914.

Council met as per statutory regulations on Tuesday evening to conclude the business of the year.

Present—Mayor Alexander in the chair, and Reeve Denison and Councillors Walters, Wiseman, Waller, Carson, Dickinson and Graham.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from the "On-We-Glide" Club asking the Council to give them a special rate of \$5.00 per night for rental of town hall.

On motion of Coun. Waller and Coun. Walters the request was granted.

A communication was read the Canadian Fire Underwriters Association calling the Council's attention to the necessity of extra precautions for prevention and handling of fires during the winter season.

Referred to Fire, Water and Light Committee.

A By-law was passed appointing the following Deputy-Returning officers, etc., for the holding of Municipal Elections:

Centre Ward No. 1—Council Chamber, J. M. Graham, D. R. O.; Roy Moore, Poll Clerk.

Centre Ward No. 2—Mrs. Cronk's residence, Geo. A. Thompson, D. R. O.; Walter Metcalfe, Poll Clerk.

West Ward No. 1—Frank Kinkley's residence, C. W. Bowen, D. R. O.; Mames McGraw, Poll Clerk.

West Ward No. 2—Public Library, H. Lapum, D. R. O.; W. T. Shaver, Poll Clerk.

East Ward—W. J. Normile's shop, Stanley R. Wales, D. R. O.; Chas. Switzer, Poll Clerk.

A By-law was introduced and passed relating to the collecting of street sprinkling tax.

Mr. Manly Jones was remitted the amount of \$2.95, being an error in his taxes, which he had already paid.

Moved by Coun. Waller, seconded by Coun. Walters that Mr. W. H. Harvey, contractor, who built the Disposal Works, be paid the amount kept from this contract price as a guarantee of fulfillment of contract. Carried.

A motion was passed that the usual amount of \$30.00 be granted to the chairmen of the different committees and that the Mayor be granted \$50.00 for extra services on committees.

ACCOUNTS.

TERRIBLE STORY OF MASSACRES IN BELGIAN TOWNS

Sworn Documents Tells of Atrocities—Whole Villages Wiped Out.

The London Chronicle of November 21st, just to hand, gives in detail the Belgian atrocity commissioner's report on German misconduct in Malines, Dinant, and other places, from which the cable has carried brief extracts. Telling of the Germans' opening fire on 450 inhabitants collected in a square in front of a church at Malines, as already outlined in despatches, the commissioner's report adds:

"Many of them were wounded, and, hoping to save their lives, got with difficulty on their feet again. They were immediately shot down. Many wounded still lay among the corpses. Groans of pain and cries for help were heard in the bleeding heap.

"On several occasions soldiers walked up to such unhappy individuals and stopped their groans with a bayonet thrust. At night some who still survived succeeded in crawling away. Others put an end to their own pain by rolling themselves into the neighboring river. About one hundred bodies were found in the river."

WHAT SWORN DEPOSITION TELLS.

A deposition from one of a party of prisoners taken to the square next day says: "On reaching the square the first thing that we saw was a mass of bodies of civilians extending over at least forty yards in length by six yards in depth." The prisoners were made to bury these bodies. "I recognized many of the persons whose bodies we were burying. Actually fathers buried the bodies of their sons and sons the bodies of their fathers."

The deposition adds that: "While some of us were carrying the corpses along I saw a case where they had stopped and called to a German doctor. They had noticed that the man whom they were conveying was still alive. The doctor examined the wounded man and made a sign that he was to be buried with the rest."

"The plank on which he was lying was borne on again, and I saw the wounded man raise his arm elbow-high. They called to the doctor again but he made a gesture that he was to go in the trench with the others."

The commission ascertained that nothing had been done to provoke the Tarnines massacre.

FEIGNED DEATH AND ESCAPED.

Dinant was also sacked by the enemy. "Soldiers of the 108th Regiment of Infantry invaded the Church of the Premonstratensian Fathers, dove out the congregation, separated the women from the men, and shot 50 of the latter. Between 7 and 9 the same morning the soldiers gave themselves up to pillage and arson, going from house to house and driving the inhabitants into the street. Those who tried to escape were shot. About six o'clock a captain separated the men from the women and children. The women were placed in front of a rank of infantry soldiers, the men were ranged along the wall.

"The front rank of them were then told to kneel, the others remaining standing behind them. A platoon of soldiers drew up in face of these unhappy men. It was in vain that the women cried out for mercy, for their husbands, sons and brothers. The officer ordered his men to fire. There had been no inquiry nor any pretence of a trial. About 20 of the inhabitants were only wounded, but fell among the dead.

"The soldiers, to make sure, fired a new volley into the heap of them.

EXTRACTS FROM THE DIARY OF A BRITISH OFFICER

The following is a brief summary events since the arrival of the 1 Corps in this area:

October 21st.—The Corps marched through Poperinghe and Ypres on the 20th and moved up between the 1st British Corps and the French Cavalry Corps of General de Mitry. On the 21st the Corps advanced to attack Poel Capelle and Passchendaele. This advance was making good progress when the French cavalry on our left were driven in and our left had to be extended to secure a flank. Further advance being impossible the Corps entrenched itself on the ground which it had won, the general line, Steenstraete, Langemarck, Zonnebeke. On the following day an attack in great numbers was delivered against our whole line against the IV Corps. At one period our line was pierced near the midway between Steenstraete and Langemarck. This was, however, taken on the following day by counter-attack by the Queen's, Northampton and 2nd K.R.R. The enemy resisted bravely and the bayonet had to be used to drive him out of the trenches. In this area and in an attack on Langemarck the XXIII German Reserve Corps suffered very heavily. Papers found subsequent on prisoners show that its effective strength was reduced to 25 per cent of establishment: 1500 dead we seen and over 600 prisoners taken.

Meanwhile on the right of our line the 7th Division had been attacked in great strength and the 6th Brigade had been sent from Corps Reserve to reinforce them. The 24th passed without incident, several small attacks were driven back.

Examination of prisoners shows that now the XXIII Reserve Corps XXVI Reserve Corps and XXVII Reserve Corps were opposed to us. On the night 24th-25th French Territorial troops relieved the 1st Division on the line Langemarck-Steenstraete, and on the 25th the French 9th Corps and the 2nd division advanced to attack the general line Passchendaele-Becelaere. The attack made good progress and some 50 prisoners were captured by the 2nd Division. It was continued on the 26th, but before much progress was made a report was received that the Germans had driven back the 7th Division on our right. The advance of the 1st Corps had to be stopped and a brigade of the 1st Division sent to restore the situation on our right.

On the following day the 7th Division was placed under the 1st Corps. The day was spent in re-adjusting and re-distributing the line among the three divisions which now form the 1st Corps. On the 28th the attack was renewed and made some more ground. But at the same time reliable reports were received of large bodies of German troops moving to reinforce the Reserve Corps previously opposed to us and that an attack was ordered for 5.30 a.m. the next day. This attack took place punctually and succeeded in driving our line back along the Menin Road. A counter-attack by the 3rd and 2nd Brigades and the 7th Division established the situation. During the night the sound of wheels moving rapidly eastward was heard continuously. It subsequently transpired that this was caused by the movement to 1st line of the XV German Corps to which in conjunction with the



So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.
See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert repairing and guarantee satisfaction absolutely. 50 years continuous experience at the bench.

A watch is perfectly dry in 18 months and should be overhauled.

Try us if you are not now a customer

F. CHINNECK'S

Jewellery Store

Quality Counts.



Bay of Quinte Ry.

NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective December 14th, 1914.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points: Connection at TRENTON for PICTON: 4.30 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: * 2.50 a.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 7.45 a.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON and other intermediate points: 12.05 noon; 4.30 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2.45 p.m.; * 3.25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: * 2.50 a.m. 10.30 a.m., 12.05 noon, 4.30 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2.45 p.m., * 3.25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11.20 a.m., 2.45 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11.20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: * 3.25 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 11.20 a.m., 2.45 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: * 2.50 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 10.15 a.m., 4.30 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4.30 p.m., * 2.50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

* Daily.



For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

his taxes, which he had already paid. Moved by Coun. Waller, seconded by Coun. Walters that Mr. W. H. Harvey, contractor, who built the Disposal Works, be paid the amount kept from this contract price as a guarantee of fulfillment of contract. Carried.

A motion was passed that the usual amount of \$30.00 be granted to the chairmen of the different committees and that the Mayor be granted \$50.00 for extra services on committees.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Spencer & Rose.....	8	14 00
Napanee Iron Works.....	44	85
J. G. Fennell.....	2	22
McCabe & Shaver.....	2	80
Wilson & Bros.....	4	50
W. H. Garrison.....	2	00
Carscallen Bros.....	20	00
E. S. Lapum.....	1	50
Boyle & Son.....	1	75
Police Magistrate.....	18	00
Canadian Express Co.....	30	
Gutta Percha & Rubber Co.....	3	10
Wilson Bros.....	29	25
Robinson Co.....	28	50
Boyle & Son.....	3	85
Chas. Stevens.....	38	80
J. G. Oliver.....	12	57
P. Gleeson.....	23	50
A. S. Kimmerly.....	98	
W. M. Cambridge.....	7	95
Robt. Light.....	1	52
J. J. Graham.....	1	00
C. A. Anderson.....	50	
Robt. Light.....	1	25
S. Kelly.....	50	
E. Kelly.....	50	
J. J. Graham.....	5	00
W. A. Grange.....	4	50
F. E. Vanluven.....	12	00
G. H. Cowan.....	30	00
Reaver Office.....	71	00
Grant to Band.....	100	00
C. A. Anderson & Son.....	50	00
A. Alexander.....	4	00
Bell Telephone Co.....	2	80
Seymour Power Co.....	27	84
Town Hall.....	12	00
Fire Alarm Lamps.....	1	28
Fire Hall.....	20	83
Fire Alarm.....	1	84
H. Warner Park.....	68	
Disposal Works.....		

The following accounts were referred to the different committees with power to act: Boyle & Son \$554.59, Streets Committee; Chas. Stevens \$52.99, Streets Committee; E. Pringle \$24.20, Streets Committee; Seymour Power Co., \$4.30, Fire, Water and Light Committee; Seymour Power Co., street lighting account, \$225.42, Fire, Water and Light Committee.

On motion of Councillors Waller and Dickinson a vote of thanks was extended to Mayor Alexander for the very fair and impartial manner in which he had presided over the council's deliberations during the year 1914.

Mayor Alexander in reply thanked the members of the council individually and collectively for their kind words of appreciation.

Council adjourned.

XMAS SUGGESTION.

A fountain pen makes a very pleasing and useful gift for Xmas. A good stock to choose from, such as Waterman's Ideal, Parker's Lucky Curve and Rexall, at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Electric irons, electric table lamps, electric toasters, electric heaters. Tungsten lamps at 35 cts. BOYLE & SON.

Boys and men, girls and ladies, teacher, professional, everyone, just the watch to suit at a price to suit, and guaranteed quality. F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

women were placed in front of a rank of infantry soldiers, the men were ranged along the wall.

The front rank of them were then told to kneel, the others remaining standing behind them. A platoon of soldiers drew up in face of these unhappy men. It was in vain that the women cried out for mercy, for their husbands, sons and brothers. The officer ordered his men to fire. There had been no inquiry nor any pretence of a trial. About 20 of the inhabitants were only wounded, but fell among the dead.

The soldiers, to make sure, fired a new volley into the heap of them. Several citizens escaped the double discharge. They shammed dead for more than two hours, remaining motionless among the corpses, and when night fell succeeded in saving themselves in the hills. Eighty-four corpses were left on the square, and buried in a neighboring garden.

IN BELGIAN LUXEMBURG.

The way in which whole villages were wiped out by the invaders is shown by lists which cite actual instances in Belgian Luxembourg where over 3,000 houses were burned. A partial list follows:

Neufchateau—21 houses burnt.
Etalle—30 houses burnt.
Houdemont—64 houses burnt.
Rulle—Half the houses destroyed by fire.
Ansart—Village completely burnt.
Tintigny—Only 3 houses still standing.
Jamoignes—Half the village destroyed.
Les Bulles—Half the village destroyed.
Moyen—43 houses destroyed.
Rossignol—Village entirely burnt.
Mussy la Ville—20 houses burnt.
Bertrix—15 houses destroyed.
Bleid—Great part of village destroyed.
Signeux—Great part of village destroyed.
Ethé—Five-sixths of the village burnt.
Bellefontaine—6 houses burnt.
Musson—Half the village destroyed.
Baranzay—Only 4 houses remaining out of about 300.
St. Leger—6 houses burnt.
Semel—Every house burnt.
Maissin—64 out of a 100 houses burnt.
Villance—9 houses burnt.
Anlo—26 houses burnt.

These figures are low estimates by following a list which is necessarily incomplete. It must be understood that the houses whose destruction is thus reported were burnt not during the war, but by wilful and systematic incendiarism.

EXECUTIONS EN MASSE.

In a great number of villages the German troops gave themselves up to veritable executions en masse. The number of men shot in the whole province is over 1,000. The following figures relate to certain villages only:

Neufchateau—18 shot.
Vance—1 shot.
Etalle—30 shot.
Houdemont—11 shot.
Tintigny—157 shot.
Izele—10 shot.
Rossignol—106 shot.
Bertrix—21 shot.
Ethé—About 300 persons shot, 530 in all missing.
Bellefontaine—1 man shot.
Latour—Only 17 men surviving in the village.
St. Leger—11 shot.
Maissin—10 men, 1 woman, and 1 young girl shot; 2 men and 2 women wounded.
Villance—2 men shot; 1 young girl wounded.
Anloy—52 men and women shot.
Claireuse—2 men shot; 2 men hung.
111 persons of the Communes of Ethé and Rossignol were publicly shot at Arlon.
Many or the outrages were too terrible to be described in a newspaper.

bodies of German troops moving to reinforce the Reserve Corps' previously opposed to us and that attack was ordered for 5.30 a.m. the next day. This attack, took place punctually and succeeded in driving our line back along the Menin Road a counter-attack by the 3rd and 2nd Brigades and the 7th Division established the situation. During the night the sound of wheels moving rapidly eastward was heard continuously. It subsequently transpired that this was caused by the move to 1st line of the XV German Corps to which in conjunction with the Bavarian and XIII Corps was entrusted the task of breaking through the British lines and seizing Ypres. Correspondence captured subsequently showed that the German Emperor had appealed to the troops for special effort for the purpose as of which would be of decisive importance in the war.

At 6.30 p.m., a heavy attack developed along our whole front at that of the 9th French Corps on the left. On the left the attack was made by the XXVI Reserve and XXVII Reserve Corps and was so driven back with very heavy loss to the enemy. But on our right the situation soon became critical. The 3rd Cavalry Division was forced back by an attack by the 8th Bavarian Reserve Division. This uncovered the flank of the 7th Division which had to fall back in uniformity. Still further south the 1st Cavalry Corps was very hard pressed by an attack on Messines by the 26th Division, the XIII Army Corps. To meet this situation the 4th (Guards) Brigade was ordered to the extreme right of the infantry line and the London Scottish were sent to St. Eloi at the disposal of the Cavalry Corps. At the same time the 9th French Corps placed at the disposal of the 1st Corps, a force of three battalions and one cavalry brigade. By nightfall the situation had been restored to some extent but still gave cause for anxiety. A resumption of the offensive was ordered for the following day. Before this had been commenced an advance was made by the Germans in very great strength under cover of a very heavy artillery fire. By noon the situation was very complicated. The 1st Division had been forced back along its whole front, and the German advance along the general line of the Menin Road threatened to reach Ypres. A very gallant counter-attack by the 1st (Guards) Brigade retook, at the point of the bayonet, the village which had been lost and restored the line. During the night considerable French reinforcements reached the area and the outlook materially improved. The attack was renewed in strength on the following day against our right and right centre, but by nightfall this had been repulsed at some portions our line had been driven back. The 1st Corps had not successfully withstood successive attacks by the 23rd R., 26th R., 27th R., and XV (active) German Corps and though in each case it had inflicted very heavy loss on the Germans, its own ranks were sadly depleted and it was not in a condition to resume the offensive at once. The French Corps on our right and left who had received substantial reinforcements were accordingly ordered to take up the attack while the 1st Corps was to maintain and strengthen its position. Both these attacks made some progress and relieved materially the pressure on the 1st Corps. From this day to the 6th November there was a lull in the fighting on the front of the 1st Corps several small attacks were beaten off each day but no large concerted effort was attempted by the Germans.

EXTRACTS FROM THE DIARY OF A BRITISH OFFICER

The following is a brief summary of events since the arrival of the 1st Corps in this area:

October 21st.—The Corps marched through Poperinghe and Ypres on the 20th and moved up between the IV British Corps and the French Cavalry Corps of General de Mitry. On the 21st the Corps advanced to attack Poel Capelle and Passchendaele. This advance was making good progress when the French cavalry on our left were driven in and our left had to be extended to secure the flank. Further advance being impossible the Corps entrenched itself in the ground which it had won on the general line, Steenstraete, Langemark, Zonnekeke. On the following day an attack in great numbers was delivered against our whole line and against the IV Corps. At one period our line was pierced near the inn, midway between Steenstraete and Langemark. This was, however, re-taken on the following day by a counter-attack by the Queen's, Northampton and 2nd K.R.R. The enemy resisted bravely and the bayonet had to be used to drive him out of the trenches. In this area and in an attack on Langemark the XXIII German Reserve Corps suffered very heavily. Papers found subsequently in prisoners show that its effective strength was reduced to 25 per cent. Establishment: 1500 dead were killed and over 600 prisoners taken. Meanwhile on the right of our line the 7th Division had been attacked with great strength and the 6th Brigade had been sent from Corps Reserve to reinforce them. The 24th Division without incident, several small attacks were driven back. Examination of prisoners showed at now the XXIII Reserve Corps, XVI Reserve Corps and XXVII Reserve Corps were opposed to us. On the night 24th-25th French Territorial Corps relieved the 1st Division on the line Langemark-Steenstraete, and the 25th the French 9th Corps and the 2nd division advanced to attack the general line Passchendaele-Beceke. The attack made good progress and some 50 prisoners were captured by the 2nd Division. It was continued on the 26th, but before much progress was made a report is received that the Germans had driven back the 7th Division on our right. The advance of the 1st Corps had to be stopped and a brigade of the 1st Division sent to restore the situation on our right.

On the following day the 7th Division was placed under the 1st Corps. The day was spent in re-adjusting and re-distributing the line among the three divisions which now formed the 1st Corps. On the 28th the attack was renewed and made some more ground. But at the same time reliable reports were received of large numbers of German troops moving up to reinforce the Reserve Corps previously opposed to us and that an attack was ordered for 5.30 a.m. on the next day. This attack took place actually and succeeded in driving our line back along the Menin Road, counter-attack by the 3rd and 2nd Divisions and the 7th Division re-established the situation. During the night the sound of wheels moving rapidly eastward was heard continuously. It subsequently transpired that this was caused by the movement of the XV German Corps which in conjunction with the II



**As hard
as Steel
and as
Smooth as Velvet**

**That's the way to keep your
Muscles—Supple and Strong.**

**British Army
Liniment**

Stands in a class by itself as
a remedy for Stiffness,
Rheumatism, Swellings,
Wounds, Sprains,
Neuralgia, &c., &c.

You should always keep
a bottle of British Army
Liniment in the house.

If your Storekeeper hasn't got
it, write to
The Turner Co. Limited
Toronto



On the 6th a very heavy attack was delivered on the right of our line and on the French troops on our immediate right. The latter were forced to give ground. The situation was eventually restored by a brilliant dismounted counter-attack by the 7th Cavalry Brigade. On the 7th the 7th Division which had been relieved by a portion of the II Corps left the area. At daybreak on the 7th, the 22nd Brigade delivered a successful attack on the German lines immediately on the left of the French, capturing three machine guns. About 3 p.m. a general attack was delivered by the Germans, part of our line was thrown back, but the line was again re-established by a counter-attack by the West Ridings. On our left the 2nd Division had driven back a series of small attacks capturing some 50 prisoners. During the night the London Scottish arrived and joined the Corps.

The night and forenoon passed quietly but at 2 p.m. an attack by about one brigade was made along the Menin Road. This was repulsed, the enemy leaving 100 dead in front of our trenches. During the night the 22nd Brigade left to rejoin the 7th Division. The 9th was uneventful, except that an attack by the Bedfordshire succeeded in recapturing some machine guns which had been left some days previously. On the 10th an attack threatened but the force assembling for it was broken up by our artillery fire. At 9.30 a.m. on the 11th a very heavy attack was made along the whole front of the 1st and 2nd Divisions. Our line was pierced just north of the Menin Road and consequently the line of the Royal Fusiliers was enfiladed and the regiment lost many casualties including its commanding officer. The situation was serious, the 41st Brigade, R.F.A. and the 36th Heavy Battery having at one time to use their rifles to drive back an attack. A counter-attack by the Scots Fusiliers gained some ground south of the road, but at the same time the Germans advanced north of the road. The two attacks thus enfiladed one another and both lost very heavily, but especially the Germans, 400 of whose dead were subsequently found in the wood. In the meantime on our left the French had been forced back and our left flank became dangerously threatened. In the centre the first Brigade had suffered very heavily and the line here was broken until a counter-attack by the Oxfordshire with the bayonet restored the line.

The bracelet watch is the big selling line. We have them from highest grades to the cheapest. Very large assortment to select from.
Smith's Jewellery Store.

MINUTES OF RICHMOND COUNCIL.

Selby, December 15th, 1914.

The council met at Selby.

The members present were:—Messrs Fred Sexsmith, Reeve; Councillors R. Z. Bush, C. E. Kimmitt, W. Russell and E. R. Sills.

The Reeve presiding, the minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills, that Joseph McGregor be given an order on the treasurer for \$3.00, this being an error in assessment in 1914. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by C. E. Kimmitt, that Order No. 22923 and Order No. 22749 of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada be printed in the minutes. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills, that an order be given on the treasurer for \$250.00, grant made to the Lennox and Addington Patriotic Fund made October 5th, 1914. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills, that Richard Lloyd be given the sum of \$5.00 as aid. Carried.

Moved by C. E. Kimmitt, seconded by R. Z. Bush, that Herrington, Warner & Grange be given an order on the treasurer for \$20.00, legal services in connection with C. P. R. Railway. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by C. E. Kimmitt, that the following persons be paid 10c. per rod for building wire fences along the roads in Richmond, according to by-law:—H. R. Paul, for 12 rods of fence \$1.20; B. D. Wagar, for 40 rods of fence \$4.00; Levi Saver, for 100 rods of fence \$10.00; Mrs. E. McCaul, for 25 rods of fence, \$2.50; Edward Dudge, for 37 rods of fence, \$3.70. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by C. E. Kimmitt, that the following accounts be paid:—Wm. O'Hare, for 27 loads of gravel furnished road division No. 57, by order of pathmaster, \$2.70; T. M. Russell for 27 loads gravel furnished road division No. 56, by order of pathmaster, \$2.70; Hiram Shannon for 16 loads of gravel furnished road division No. 5, by order of pathmaster, \$1.60; Stanley Waters amount of gravel expended on road division No. 17, \$20.00; Hiram Shannon amount of grant expended on road division No. 8, \$20.00; Albert Bowen amount of grant expended on road division No. 87, \$20.00; W. R. Pringle for work done on road division No. 87, \$14.00; Willet Pringle for work on old Sheffield road, \$5.30; Wm. Doran for work on road in road division No. 63, by order of pathmaster, \$2.50; Allen Wood for oil furnished for crusher, 90c; Joy & Son for tile furnished Township, \$13.50; Henry Graham for Richmond share of money expended on Camden boundary \$5.50; Thomas Manion for building culvert in road division No. 87, by order of pathmaster, \$5.50; Paid Bell Telephone Company for services in connection with Township, \$2.40; paid Selby Telephone Co. for services in connection with Township \$1.30; P. G. Huyck for building bridge and furnishing material for the same between 7th and 8th concessions, \$22.50; Arthur McLeod amount of grant expended on road division No. 23, \$15.00; Allen Wood

FURS FURS FURS FURS FURS

Xmas Gift Furs

—AT—

Extraordinary Reductions

**Below you will find
the most tempting
price reductions ever
offered in Christmas
Furs.**

**Don't fail to make a
choice right now.**

**The selection gets
considerably less
each day.**

Black or Blue Wolf Set

Regular value \$45.00, Muff in large pillow shapes, Heads and Tails, finest lining Neck Pieces to match. A nice variety of styles to choose from, and beautifully finished.

bodies of German troops moving up to reinforce the Reserve Corps previously opposed to us and that an attack, was ordered for 5.30 a.m. on the next day. This attack took place punctually and succeeded in driving our line back along the Menin Road. A counter-attack by the 3rd and 2nd Brigades and the 7th Division re-established the situation. During the night the sound of wheels moving rapidly eastward was heard continuously. It subsequently transpired that this was caused by the move in of the 1st line of the XV German Corps to which in conjunction with the II Bavarian and XIII Corps was now entrusted the task of breaking through the British lines and seizing Ypres. Correspondence captured subsequently showed that the German Emperor had appealed to the troops for a special effort for the purpose as one which would be of decisive importance in the war.

At 6.30 p.m., a heavy attack developed along our whole front and that of the 9th French Corps on our left. On the left the attack was made by the XXVI Reserve and XVII Reserve Corps and was soon driven back with very heavy loss to the enemy. But on our right the situation soon became critical. The 3rd Cavalry Division was forced back by an attack by the 8th Bavarian Reserve Division. This uncovered the flank of the 7th Division which had a fall back in uniformity. Still further south the 1st Cavalry Corps was very hard pressed by an attack in Messines by the 26th Division of the XIII Army Corps. To meet the situation the 4th (Guards) Brigade was ordered to the extreme right of the infantry line and the London Scottish were sent to St. Eloi at the disposal of the Cavalry Corps. At the same time the 9th French Corps placed at the disposal of the 1st Corps, a force of three battalions and one cavalry brigade. By nightfall the situation had been restored to some extent but still gave cause for anxiety. A resumption of the offensive was ordered for the following day. Before this had been commenced in advance was made by the Germans in very great strength and under cover of a very heavy artillery fire. By noon the situation was very complicated. The 1st Division had been forced back along its whole front, and the German advance along the general line of the Menin Road threatened to reach Ypres. A very allant counter-attack by the 1st (Guards) Brigade retook, at the point of the bayonet, the village which had been lost and restored the line. During the night considerable trench reinforcements reached the sea and the outlook materially improved. The attack was renewed in strength on the following day against our right and right centre, but by nightfall this had been repulsed, and some portions of our line had been driven back. The 1st Corps had now successfully withstood successive attacks by the 23rd R., 26th R., 27th R., and XV (active) German Corps and though in each case it had incurred very heavy loss on the Germans, its own ranks were sadly depleted and it was not in a condition to resume the offensive at once. The trench Corps on our right and left had received substantial reinforcements were accordingly ordered to take up the attack while the 1st Corps was to maintain and strengthen its position. Both these attacks made some progress and relieved materially the pressure on the 1st Corps. From this day to the 6th of November there was a lull in the fighting on the front of the 1st Corps several small attacks were beaten off each day but no large concerted effort was attempted by the Germans.

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Nomination will be held in the Town Hall in Selby, on December 28th, 1914, from 12 o'clock noon until 1 o'clock p.m., and no longer for the purpose of nominating a Reeve and Council for the Township of Richmond for the year 1915.

Council adjourned sine die.

JAS. MCKITTRICK,
Township Clerk.

The following are the orders authorized by resolution of council to be printed:

ORDER No. 22749.

The Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada.

Tuesday, 20th day of October, A. D., 1914

Upon the report and recommendation of the Assistant Chief Engineer of the Board, and the consent of the Township of Richmond, endorsed on the plan; and upon reading of what is filed on behalf of John McCauley, the land owner affected—

IT IS ORDERED—1. That the Applicant Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to divert the forced road in the North Half of Lot No. 11, Concession 7, Township of Richmond, County of Lennox and Addington, Province of Ontario, so as to carry the same across the railway at right angles at mileage 55.87, as shown in red on the said plan and profile on file with the Board under file No. 3701.242; the said crossing to be constructed in accordance with 'The Standard Regulations of the Board Affecting Highway Crossings, as amended May 4th, 1910.

2. That, after such diversion is made and the said grade crossing constructed, the Applicant Company may close that portion of the present road allowance to be diverted as aforesaid, within the limits of its right of way.

3. That the Applicant Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to take without the consent of the owner, for the purpose of carrying out said diversion, the said lands forming part of Lot 11, in the 7th Concession, of the said Township of Richmond, as shown coloured red on the plan and profile and described in the book of reference on file with the Board under file No. 3701.242.

4. That the Order of the Board No. 19418, dated May 30th, 1913, granted herein, be and it is hereby, rescinded.

(Signed) D'ARCY SCOTT,

Assistant Chief Commissioner.

Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada.

ORDER No. 22923.

The Board of Railway Commissions for Canada.

Tuesday, the 24th day of November, A. D. 1914,

Upon the report and recommendation of the Chief Engineer of the Board, and the reading of what is filed, no objection to the granting of the application having been filed by the property owner affected, although duly notified, as appears by affidavit of service of notice of the application, filed—

IT IS ORDERED—1. That the Applicant Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to divert the forced road in Lot 14, Concession 7, of the said Township of Richmond, and to cross the Applicant Company's railway at mileage 54.99, as shown in red on the said plan and profile on file with the Board under file No. 3701.252; the said crossing to be constructed in accordance with 'The Standard Regulations of the Board Affecting Highway Crossings, as amended May 4th, 1910.'

2. That after such diversion is made and a grade crossing constructed thereon in accordance with the said Standard Regulations, the Applicant Company may close that portion of the said forced road in Lot 14, to be diverted as aforesaid, within the limits of its right of way.

3. That the Applicant Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to take, for the purposes aforesaid, certain lands forming part of Lot No. 14, in the said Concession 7, of the Township of Richmond, as shown coloured red on the plan and described in the book of reference on file with the Board under the said file No. 3701.252.

4. That the Applicant Company be, and it is hereby, authorized to construct its line of railway across the road allowance between Lot 14, Concession 7, and Lot 15, Concession 8, in the Township of Richmond, County of Lennox and Addington, in the Province of Ontario, at mileage 54.88 of the said railway (zero of the said mileage being at Glen Tay); to divert the said road along the south side of the right of way to a connection with the forced road, so diverted, in Lot 14, Concession 7, in the said Township of Richmond, County of Lennox and Addington, as shown on the plan on file with the Board under file No. 3701.280; and that, after the said diversion is made and the grade crossing constructed in accordance with 'The Standard Regulations of the Board Affecting Highway Crossings, as amended May 4th, 1910,' the Applicant Company may close that portion of the road allowance, so diverted as aforesaid, within the limits of its right of way.

5. That the Order of the Board No. 19390, dated May 22nd, 1913, be, hereby, rescinded.

(Signed) H. L. DRAYTON,

Chief Commissioner,

Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada.

Black or Blue Wolf Set

Regular value \$45.00, Muff in large pillow shapes, Heads and Tails, finest lining. Neck Pieces to match. A nice variety of styles to choose from, and beautifully finished.

Special \$30.00

Persian Lamb Set

Regular value \$65.00, Muff in large new shapes, handsome lining, straight or shaped Scarfs to match, making an exceedingly pretty set.

Special \$45.00

Muskrat Coat

A magnificent showing of these highly popular Coats. The best of skins, superior linings and trimmings, length 50 and 52 inches long.

Special \$39.00

Fur Lined Coat

Fine, snug, and warm Coat for driving. Never before were such good values offered in Fur Lined Coats. Finest quality French Broadcloth, 40 inches long, of fine Muskrat, and the best of Alaska Sable Collar and Lapels. Only 2 left.

Special \$49.00

F. SIMMONS,
NAPANEE.

FURS FURS FURS FURS FURS

F. CHINNECK can give you a filled gent's watch, fully guaranteed, for \$7.50, a dandy, or a good serviceable watch for heavy work at \$5.00 and \$8.00, in silver or nickel. Over \$3,000 worth to choose from in a watch. Any price you want, to go.

LUCILLE LOVE

THE GIRL of MYSTERY

BY THE
"MASTER PEN"

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It was hours before he could piece together what had happened, how he chanced to be in bed, what the cause of the terrible throbbing pains upon his arms and torso was. Then the wonder of Lucille's being with him, ministering to him, drove every pain away and he watched her from under cover of his heavy lashes as she moved about the stateroom, quiet, cool, sympathetic.

He straightened in bed so abruptly as to bring a moan of anguish from his lips. In the lassitude induced by

her as he would fight against any one else, as he had fought against the very world.

And Lucille felt the change, felt it and redoubled her effort to get the secret of the stolen papers. The spirit of the game was in her, and she yielded a grudging admiration for the cunning of the man who, even in his most acute suffering, managed to conceal everything from her. Even in delirium his powerful brain resisted her suggestions, her hints. And in one of her days of ministrations to him she discovered the diary in which he had entered his strange worldwide actions.

The international spy was able to walk about his room now, his eyes showing the satisfaction he felt at thwarting her. They played chess together, dined together, with always the armed deference between them, a state of mind so obvious as to have been ludicrous had they not both been so conscious of it. Many times she thought the strain was more than she could bear, when she doubted the wisdom of this trip. And always would come morbid pictures of her sweet heart to sustain her in her determination to clear him of the charge under which he rested.

CHAPTER IV.

"To the boats!"

IT was on the eighth day out that the spy suddenly sprang to his feet, darting swiftly to the door of the stateroom. She stared at him in astonishment, amazed at the change which had come over him.

His life must have made him more than unusually sensitive to noises, for, for a full quarter hour elapsed after he had resumed his seat before a barely perceptible thudding sound came from beneath the deck.

Perhaps it may have been the premonition of the silent main, perhaps a foreboding of disaster on her own part that took her to the deck. The captain had quit the bridge and stood at the door of the engine room, his face betraying the anxiety he tried to conceal from his passengers. Louder, louder grew the thudding sound followed now by a retching like the ripping of a rotten cloth.

"A boiler in the engine room," Loubeque said quietly, when she returned to his suit.

She stared at the spy incredulously. Came another thought with that of helplessness, a thought of which she felt ashamed for the second. If worst

vincible one who grieves for the weakling that dashes against him.

Her eyes upraised toward the boat, a mass of whitish smoke now through which leaped playful reddish flames. Now and then a figure would dart toward the rail and lunge overboard, the bodies striking the water in great circles that lost themselves in one another. And for a second the thought came to her that even that inferno of a ship was preferable to this man beside her.

"Well played, Miss Love," the spy murmured silkily. "But I fear you must return the"—

A piercing shriek made him turn swiftly, a shriek that lost itself in the heavy crunching of wooden oars against wood. Came a horrid bumping that seemed more like the crunching of a wild beast upon bones than anything she had ever heard. Heat, intense, steaming, beat upon her cheeks. She looked up and only the dark bulk of the Empress loomed above her, only a lurid flame illumined the heavens..

She was conscious of her heavy clothing, sodden now with water; was conscious of the lack of support. Something long and wooden tilted against her, and instinctively her fingers clutched the oar which had floated out to her from their boat, which had been tossed and crushed against the burning liner's side. Again she looked up. And within her soul flickered the spark of combat which youth will not allow to die.

Consciousness lapsed slightly and was followed by a state of dull apathy. Some instinct held Lucille's arms upon the oar that had floated to her when the lifeboat smashed itself against the side of the burning Empress.

Mountains of waves sifted along her path, bearing her gently to their crests and passing her through the trough of sea to the next wave in line. From watching the myriad stars blazing in the heavens she became interested in trifles, never thinking of the precious papers she had rescued at so great effort from the international spy, forgetting even the ones at Manila on whose behalf she had taken such risks to get them back. Came a long interval of restfulness where everything grew dim and indistinct, and the water in which she was being tossed about seemed like a fostering mother upon which, in perfect confidence, she could rest her weary head and sleep.

Little needles continually pricking at her flesh brought her from slumber so abruptly she straightened bolt upright, staring about her incredulously. Every nerve and sinew of her body ached terribly, cramping her so she could barely look about the long expanse of beach that seemed to stretch interminably in every direction. Behind her she finally managed to clear her eyes enough to make out a luxurious vegetation, obviously tropical.

Safety meant little to her. Her brain was in such a state that the providential escape seemed natural. That she was alone upon an island in the Pacific seemed simple enough. Nothing mattered. Again she closed her eyes and gave herself over to slumber, which lasted until nightfall.

Securely hidden by the thick vegetation, she settled down, taking a firm grip on herself and trying to reassemble the things that had happened to her in such fashion that she might know what was best to be done. And always primarily did her thoughts revert to the papers concealed in the bosom of her dress, the papers and the

An old man he was from the heavy wrinkles that crisscrossed his face, but his torso was magnificently muscular, his carriage that of a man to whom obedience always comes. There was something very splendid about his steady black eyes—narrowed a bit as though to hint of Mongolian origin—about the thin nostrilled nose, the full lips.

CHAPTER V.

A Chief's Daughter.

ALL through the night the march continued. Lucille shuddered as, from the black fastnesses of the semijungle that hedged them in, the glow of yellow eyes gleamed.

Fire balls they might have been so steady and silent were the animal who watched the procession, but the pat of stealthy feet, the crunch of broken twigs, an occasional growl or cry told her what they were.

It was well into the day when the party was met by a native coming from the opposite direction. Lucille was attracted by the rapid conversation he held with the chief, noticing the perturbation which showed so strongly on the old man's face when he turned away and redoubled his pace. It was well nigh impossible for her to keep up now. Worn out by exposure and this tramp through the jungle there seemed times when she could not drag herself along, when her tired muscles kinked and refused to work.

Then quite unexpectedly through a wall of vegetation the party emerged into a great clearing upon which the sun beat fiercely. A few old men squatted before the openings to the hundred or more huts that filled the open space set down here in the midst of the jungle. Many children played about dressed only in the garments of their birth.

From a hut many times the size of any other and set at the extreme head of the clearing facing down the double row as would an officer scan his files of men came a droning sound, the low pitched wailing of many women's voices, never varying in its dreary monotone. A terrible sound it was—sorrowful, dirgelike. Instinctively Lucille lifted her eyes to those of the chief, her finger tips brushing against his bare forearm sympathetically.

A swift gleam crossed his stern face. At a few sharp words the party disbanded, disappearing in the huts. "Come with me," said the chief. And although she did not understand the words, she followed his swift stride toward the great hut from which the sound came.

The interior of the hut was crowded with women, the atmosphere so close as to fairly drive her back toward the tiny door through which she had entered. And to the ears of the girl dominating the dirgelike wall, came a simple note—the crying of a child.

Impulsively she brushed through the women, stooping over the pallet of rushes where the patient lay. Ever with the emaciation which her illness had caused, despite the blaze of delirium in the widened eyes, the black blotches of fever in the cheeks, Lucille would have known the girl to be the daughter of the old man.

By signs she made it clear to the old man that the hut must be cleared before anything could be done to assist his daughter. Gradually it dawned upon her that the crowding of the hut was a custom of his people, which required vast faith to go against. She watched him eagerly, her eyes heart



Loubeque Felt Himself Falling.

his burns and the shock of the wireless room explosion he had concentrated the forty years that were past into the living presence of the daughter of the woman he had loved at that time. And she was his enemy.

He must not show resentment of her kindly interest, must not betray the fact that he had papers for which she was looking. The coincidence of her tending him was too strange to be unpremeditated.

"You are very kind," he said. "There was an explosion in the wireless room, was there not?"

"You must not talk till the surgeon comes," she smiled. "I must obey orders, you know, because I am only a volunteer."

"A volunteer! You volunteered to

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"You must not talk till the surgeon comes," she smiled. "I must obey orders, you know, because I am only a volunteer."

"A volunteer! You volunteered to help a stranger?"

"But you are not a stranger." She smiled curiously. "You knew my name and that made me feel really acquainted when you were hurt." There was something penetrating in the eyes fastened upon his own something gleeful about the suggestive expression of her tones that put him instantly on guard.

Day followed day with ever his faculties fastened on the necessity for caution. A curious sort of friendship sprang up between them, a friendship partaking more of an armed neutrality without the formality of a flag of truce than anything else he could imagine.

With the alleviation of Hugo Loubeque's sufferings the old animosity and purpose flourished with redoubled vigor. This girl had undoubtedly sought the opportunity of nursing him that she might defeat his purpose. She was the daughter of the man he had spent his life in working out a complete degradation for. He must fight down the weakness which assailed him when her resemblance to the Lucille of forty years ago surged strong

foreboding of disaster on her own part that took her to the deck. The captain had quit the bridge and stood at the door of the engine room, his face betraying the anxiety he tried to conceal from his passengers. Louder, louder grew the thudding sound, followed now by a retching like the ripping of a rotten cloth.

"A boiler in the engine room," Loubeque said quietly, when she returned to his suit.

She stared at the spy incredulously. Came another thought with that of helplessness, a thought of which she felt ashamed for the second. If worst came to the worst this man would attempt to save, to take with him his most priceless possession. If only she could find out where the stolen papers were concealed she would get them. It was not wrong to take advantage of the weakness of a physical invalid who possessed such giant mental strength.

Mingling with the horrid retching sound came a long hiss. The spy sprang to his feet again and opened the door. Passengers were rushing wildly about the decks, their faces betraying the abject terror they felt. At the rail stood the captain and second mate supervising the lowering of the lifeboats. A white faced steward banged against the door, thrusting his head inside.

"Fire," he whispered, then, as though ashamed for the fear which had robbed him of his voice. "It's fire—to the boats!"

Lucille turned away, a sickening feeling clutching at her heart. Fire! Fire out here on the broad ocean and never a sight of land since Manila! What could she do? She suddenly was conscious of Hugo Loubeque's swift motions. The spy darted across the room and drew from the top drawer of his desk a package of papers which he hurriedly replaced as she turned. There was something on his countenance which told her the truth, told her that he had revealed the secret of the stolen papers. He slapped the drawer shut, reassuming his aspect of indifference as he brushed her away from the door.

Quick as the spring of a cat she secured the papers while he stepped to the deck, apparently to study the situation. When he returned she was moving carelessly about the room, wearing so innocent an expression that he studied her suspiciously a second. Their eyes met, and he sprang to the desk, snapping open the drawer so violently its contents fell upon the floor. As he whirled upon her she saw in his face that the truce was at an end, that he knew of his loss and would stop at nothing to regain his secret.

Swiftly she sprang through the open door, losing herself in the mass of passengers huddled against the rail. Below them sounded that horrible hissing sound, the sound of unbridled fire.

Lucille felt an overmastering impulse within her to remain with this terror, anything save the great, threatening ocean that looked so monstrous now, waiting the tiny craft that creaked down from the davits. Then powerful arms were about her. She felt herself being lifted and hurried forward, huddling down in the crowded boat that was being lowered to the waves.

A hand reached out and rested upon her shoulder. For a second she was unconscious of it, then something steadying, indomitable about the clutch of finger tips made her turn. Hugo Loubeque smiled into her eyes, smiled with the pitying expression of an in-

was in such a state that the providential escape seemed natural. That she was alone upon an island in the Pacific seemed simple enough. Nothing mattered. Again she closed her eyes and gave herself over to slumber, which lasted until nightfall.

Securely hidden by the thick vegetation, she settled down, taking a firm grip on herself and trying to reassemble the things that had happened to her in such fashion that she might know what was best to be done. And always primarily did her thoughts revert to the papers concealed in the bosom of her dress, the papers and the man who sought them.

The papers. Undoubtedly there was something in them which would afford

the clew. She stared at the oiled belt thoughtfully, fighting down the instinct which repelled her touching the secrets of another.

The bulky envelope from Washington to her father which the butler had stolen from the safe was still unbroken. She placed the packet to one side, knowing that if the spy did not care to investigate the contents there could be nothing in them which would assist her. The diary she investigated next.

Thoughtfully Lucille sat there, the diary in her lap, the picture of her mother in her hands. She knew the life of Hugo Loubeque now, knew the dominating hatred of his life, the love of his life, the gigantic efforts of the man, involving nations and humanity, the thousand tentacles of the man, stretching to every quarter of the globe.

But as she looked at the faded picture the spy had cherished through all the years tears of pity filled her eyes, pity for the man who could allow love to associate itself inseparably with hatred. She realized now that destiny itself was fighting in her behalf; that, giant intellect though he was, Hugo Loubeque had more than herself to contend with because of the unnatural baseness of his motives.

But it was a fight, would be a fight to the bitter end. She must find out where she was, what nature of place this might be, what chance for rescue there was. She must get back to Manila, for the papers were no better than rags here. She must start immediately.

A long shadow suddenly reached out before her. Motionless she stood and stared at it. From another direction came the crackling report of a broken twig. In every direction, as though the sound had been a signal, shadows flitted. The sounds were louder now, more frequent. Then, with a rush, Lucille saw the shadows resolve themselves into figures of men.

She had but time to make out their brown color, fear blinding her. She closed her eyes fearfully, knowing she was surrounded. A hand touched her forearm timidly. Something in the touch was reassuring. She looked about upon a solid ring of scantily clad natives, who stared at her in bewildered amazement. Again the hand touched her arm.

The native stood beside her, evidently much bolder than his fellows. Lucille could scarcely repress a smile as she caught the incredulity on the man's face as he looked at his hand, evidently expecting the white of her flesh to rub off. They had never before seen a white woman. And the girl was thinking how she might use this thing which must appear a miracle to them.

Lucille stayed close to the chief; the one who had touched her arm.

impulsively she rushed through the women, stooping over the pallet as it rushes where the patient lay. Even with the emaciation which her illness

had caused, despite the blaze of delirium in the widened eyes, the black blotches of fever in the cheeks, Lucille would have known the girl to be the daughter of the old man.

By signs she made it clear to the old man that the hut must be cleared before anything could be done to assist his daughter. Gradually it dawned upon her that the crowding of the hut was a custom of his people, which required vast faith to go against. She watched him eagerly, her very heart crying out for the sick child, who last chance for recovery was being stolen by this crowd of women using up all the oxygen in the room when was the most necessary thing for her recovery.

The chief made his decision quickly. He overruled the women's protests and drove them from the hut, leaving it opening wide.

Lucille opened her mouth, laying her throat with the intoxicating air that drove out the odors the congestion had left behind. Then she turned her attention to the child.

Day and night Lucille administered to the girl, now encouraged at a diminution of the fever, now downcast by discouraging symptoms. All she had to work with were the natural weapons which nature leaves to the hands of the sensible nurse. Where the patient had been fed meat, Lucille made broth; where witch doctors had stimulated a weakened heart and system she soothed. And so much depended upon the little brown girl. If she recovered then Lucille knew she would have made no mean friend in the girl's chief who called daily to watch his daughter for a few moments, then, without a word, would disappear. As friends meant so much to her now, was such a task she had laid out for herself, the way was so stormy as beset with thorns. But she could not lose. She must get back to Manila to clear her sweetheart of the charge against him.

It was on the eighth day she was awakened from one of the naps she had accustomed herself to taking. In the girl's turning on her pallet and regarding her out of eyes that held the light of sanity in lieu of the delirium it had seemed so impossible to combat.

Slowly, very slowly, under the abrupt relaxation of the strain under which

she had been, Lucille's knees sagged from under her and beside the bed she rushed she knelt, shaking with incoherent sobs, filled with a joy so great the tears refused to flow.

How long she knelt she did not know, was never to know. But the careful slumber came to her and she was awakened by the tender touch of a caressing hand upon her shoulder. Startled she sprang to her feet, then laughed at her alarm as she looked at the chief and saw from the expression upon his face that he knew his child was out of danger.

She turned to the patient, still sleeping. Yes, no one could fail to see that the crisis was reached and passed. "She is going to get well," said Lucille, and the chief smiled at her tone.

From outside came a sudden clashing sound, a rippling, drumming sound that diminished to almost an echo on to rise slowly, gradually into a perfect thunderous wave. There was something musically triumphant about which seemed to her to jibe with the majestic tones of a huge organ.

Slowly the chief's right hand reached



She Discovered the Diary.
within him. He must fight against

An old man he was from the heavy wrinkles that crisscrossed his face, but his torso was magnificently muscular, his carriage that of a man to whom obedience always comes. There was something very splendid about his steady black eyes—narrowed a bit as though to hint of Mongolian origin—about the thin nostrilled nose, the full lips.

CHAPTER V.

A Chief's Daughter.

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Fire balls they might have been, steady and silent were the animals who watched the procession, but the mut of stealthy feet, the crunch of broken twigs, an occasional growl or cry told her what they were.

It was well into the day when their party was met by a native coming from the opposite direction. Lucille was attracted by the rapid conversation he held with the chief, noticing the perturbation which showed so wrongly on the old man's face when he turned away and redoubled his pace. It was well nigh impossible for her to keep up now. Worn out by exposure and this tramp through the jungle there seemed times when she could not drag herself along, when the red muscles kinked and refused to work.

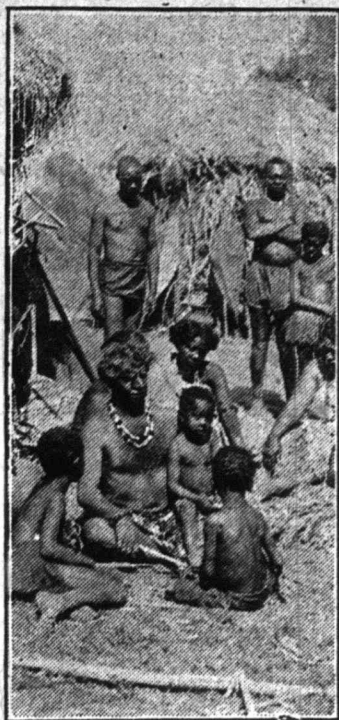
Then quite unexpectedly through a wall of vegetation the party emerged to a great clearing upon which the sun beat fiercely. A few old men crouched before the openings to the hundred more huts that filled the open space to down here in the midst of the jungle. Many children played about dressed only in the garments of their birth. From a hut many times the size of any other and set at the extreme head of the clearing facing down the double row as would an officer scan his files, a man came a droning sound, the low pitched wailing of many women's voices, never varying in its dreary monotone. A terrible sound it was—arrowful, dirgelike. Instinctively Lucille lifted her eyes to those of the chief, her finger tips brushing against a bare forearm sympathetically.

A swift gleam crossed his stern face. A few sharp words the party disintegrated, disappearing in the huts. "Come with me," said the chief. And though she did not understand the words, she followed his swift stride toward the great hut from which the sound came.

The interior of the hut was crowded with women, the atmosphere so close as to fairly drive her back toward the open door through which she had entered. And to the ears of the girl, dominating the dirgelike wall, came a single note—the crying of a child.

Impulsively she brushed through the women, stooping over the pallet of sickness where the patient lay. Even with the emaciation which her illness had caused, despite the blaze of delirium in the widened eyes, the black blotches of fever in the cheeks, Lucille would have known the girl for the daughter of the old man.

By signs she made it clear to the old man that the hut must be cleared before anything could be done to assist his daughter. Gradually it dawned upon her that the crowding of the hut as a custom of his people, which required vast faith to go against. She watched him eagerly, her very heart



In the Village of the Savages.

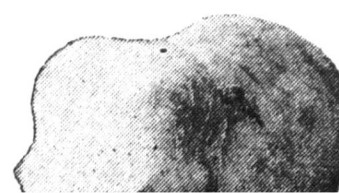
out, his head slowly bending in obeisance. Lucille wonderingly placed her fingers upon the forearm of the man and emerged into the open, her eyes rounded in wonderment at the sight that greeted her.

Gorgeously caparisoned in scarlet and gold, a wonderful throne of the same colors upon his back, a bronzed native astride his head, knelt a milk white elephant almost at his feet. Before the huts stood the natives, their wide shields held across the forearms of their right hands, while they drummed out the chorus she had observed before by slapping their spears against the tightly drawn surfaces. The old chief stood motionless beside the elephant, and she realized slowly that he meant her to take the seat.

She shook her head in negation. She was too utterly tired and worn out to do anything. Before she had time to regret her decision, the old man stepped toward her, unwinding a curiously shaped amulet from about his neck. Came a crowding forward of the natives from every direction, the men in the forefront, the woman and children in the rear. Something in the silence that succeeded the drumming noise, in the sober faces of the orderly throng surrounding her, made her turn toward the chief rather expectantly.

Gravely as any king bestowing an order upon a loyal subject, the old man lifted the amulet by its two golden threads and dropped it about her neck, an amulet of a curious milky stone carved into the semblance of an elephant and glittering with tiny precious stones, so set as to spell out certain native words.

Lucille looked about, smiling at what she knew to be a sign of these



yond the village. His eyes were narrow slits that emitted sharp slants of evil light when they fell upon her, a light that frightened her and made her turn hurriedly back toward her hut.

She had not made over twenty steps before an unseen menace cast its shadow upon her heart. Though she could hear nothing, she knew unconsciously that the man was following her at such a pace he was obviously doing so for a purpose.

Slowly, relentlessly, the pat pat of the native's feet came to her. She halted and whirled upon him. The slits of eyes met her own and she read there the light of an unconquerable purpose. Her lips opened but no words would come.

Cautiously, stealthily he advanced upon her. There was a deathlike coldness about him that reminded her of the one she knew to be his master. She could feel the glitter of his eyes, could read the meaning in the terrible hands which were outstretched toward her.

There seemed nothing to do, no way out of his clutches. She tried to shriek, but felt the sounds strangling in her throat. Her fingers encountered the slender golden threads that wound the amulet about her neck. She ripped at them as though they had caused her fright. And then everything became more distinct, more astonishing.

For, with a little gasp of fright, the menacing figure dropped flat upon the ground, dropped before her. For a second she thought the man was dead then her eyes widened with astonishment as slowly, with face turned upward, the man crawled in a wriggling motion suggestive of a snake, back, back, back, until his body was lost in the tangle of shrubbery where she had come across him first—only a swaying of the leaves there, an occasional crackling of twigs betraying the fact that such a one had ever existed.

Lucille stared straight ahead of her. The terror that had fallen upon her was too great for immediate relief. Again her fingers sought her throat, falling upon the amulet which the grateful chief had presented to her and immediately she realized what had saved her from the man.

Perhaps it was the shock from her encounter with the strange native that made her slumber light, for the sound was very faint that awakened Lucille from the doze into which she finally had fallen. Like the rippling of a breeze through the leaves it was, and yet something ominous about it brought her bolt upright in bed, her every faculty alert.

Gradually she made out that it came from immediately over her head. The noise ceased abruptly. Startled at the suddenness of it, she looked at the spot from which the last noise had come; then, with a shriek of horror, her eyes followed the stealthy, graceful reptile that seemed to grow from out the very roof of the thatched hut, its body wavering longer and longer before her horror stricken eyes, its flat head moving in all directions, two little threads continually flickering from out its hideous mouth.

With a wild scream of terror she darted through the hut opening, heaving a sigh of relief at feeling the warm, clean air of the out of doors upon her cheek after the fetid atmosphere which the snake intruder had seemed to bring with him.

There at the outskirts of the village



Loubeque and His Savage Aid Introduce Snakes into Lucille's Hut.

Loubeque Watches a Tiny Flame.

HUGO LOUBEQUE sat in the hut which his native had thrown up for him, his eyes filled with a somber light. Now and then they would shift toward the squatting, evil faced native in the corner.

Loubeque's thoughts were upon the girl, Lucille, who had thwarted him so many times. He was only just beginning to realize that destiny was working in her behalf, protecting her from him, urging her on to the desperate chances she had already taken, giving her courage and confidence to go even further than she had already.

Was it possible that he could fail, could be beaten by this pretty slip of a girl, no more than out of her teens; he, who, judging nations to be no stronger than the weakest individual, had brought about the wreck of nations; he, who had worked through the civilized and uncivilized world to prepare himself for his great act of vengeance and always worked successfully, should finally deal the culminating blow against his enemy only to find this fragile Lucille more than counteracting his sturdiest efforts?

"I shall regain the papers from her," he told himself. "But how?" At times in pondering the question he would grow so enraged that he thought of taking them from her by sheer force. But always there was her face, the face of her mother whom he had loved, still loved in memory, to rise up and deter him. No, she must be tricked into disclosure of the precious documents herself.

That she carried them upon her person he knew. The scheme he had worked out through the evil eyed native he had picked up in the jungle and frightened into superstitious awe and implicit obedience had shown him that much. The big snake working his sinister length through the thatched roof of her hut had frightened her away a sufficiently long time for him to make such a search as permitted of no hiding place for them.

His native had brought him word of

ishes where the patient lay. Even with the emaciation which her illness had caused, despite the blaze of delirium in the widened eyes, the black blotches of fever in the cheeks, Lucille would have known the girl for the daughter of the old man.

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The chief made his decision quickly. He overruled the women's protests and drove them from the hut, leaving the opening wide.

Lucille opened her mouth, laying her throat with the intoxicating air that drove out the odors the congestion had left behind. Then she turned her attention to the child.

Day and night Lucille administered to the girl, now encouraged at a diminution of the fever, now downcast at scouraging symptoms. All she had to work with were the natural weapons which nature leaves to the hands of the sensible nurse. Where the patient had been fed meat, Lucille made a broth; where witch doctors had stimulated a weakened heart and system, she soothed. And so much depended upon the little brown girl. If she recovered then Lucille knew she would have made no mean friend in the grim chief who called daily to watch his daughter for a few moments, then, without a word, would disappear. And he meant so much to her now. It was as such a task she had laid out for herself, the way was so stormy and set with thorns. But she could not see. She must get back to Manila and hear her sweetheart of the charge against him.

It was on the eighth day she was awakened from one of the naps she had accustomed herself to taking, by the girl's turning on her pallet and regarding her out of eyes that held the light of sanity in lieu of the delirium had seemed so impossible to combat. Slowly, very slowly, under the abrupt relaxation of the strain under which

she had been, Lucille's knees sank down under her and beside the bed of wretchedness she knelt, shaking with incoherent sobs, filled with a joy so great that tears refused to flow.

How long she knelt she did not know, was never to know. But mercurial slumber came to her and she was awakened by the tender touch of a calloused hand upon her shoulder. Startled she sprang to her feet, then laughed at her alarm as she looked at the chief who saw from the expression upon his face that he knew his child was out of danger.

He turned to the patient, still sleeping. Yes, no one could fall to see that the crisis was reached and passed. "He is going to get well," said Lucille, and the chief smiled at her tone. From outside came a sudden clash of steel, a rippling, drumming sound that diminished to almost an echo only to rise slowly, gradually into a perfect thunderous wave. There was something musically triumphant about it which seemed to her to jibe with the ecstatic tones of a huge organ. Only the chief's right hand reached

across the stony, graceless reptile that seemed to grow from out the very roof of the thatched hut, its body wavering longer and longer before her horror-stricken eyes, its flat head moving in all directions, two little threads continually flickering from out its hideous mouth.

Lucille looked about, smiling at what she knew to be a sign of these



Lucille's Elephant.

people's belief in her. And then the smile died upon her lips, faded from her eyes and was succeeded by one of fear.

For behind the throng, arms folded, his saturnine face impassive, cold, determined, stood Hugo Loubeque, his eyes fastened undeviatingly upon her.

What followed the ceremonial attendant upon the presentation of the white elephant to Lucille was all a blur to her. She remembered being taken to some temple, the triumphant return in the chair upon the back of the sacred beast, but always before her eyes loomed the figure of Hugo Loubeque. This afternoon, when she had come back to the hut which the chief assigned to her, she felt certain relief at knowing the man was about.

Vaguely she had dreaded his coming before but always had she thought it inevitable that he would come upon her. She knew him too well to imagine he could have survived his ship's fire and still lose track of the papers for which he had fought so hard. And the diary with his life's story, his mapped out scheme of revenge; the picture of the woman he loved which he had kept so many years—No, she had always felt that the man was far from defeated even though the belt had been thrown away long since and the contents transferred to a bag she carried next her heart.

Times there were when she would have fled from the place in a sudden fit of hysteria induced by thinking of the urgency for the information in her possession being in Manila. Cooler thought always made her grapple with the impulse for hate and place herself in the hands of this superior power which had looked after her through such startling happenings.

If the international spy was at work—and at work she knew he assuredly was, now he had located her—why did he not strike? That was the hardest part of her stay in the village—the constant strain of waiting for the inevitable.

It was the fourth day that her attention was irresistibly drawn to a native whose facial traits differed so materially from those of any of the men she had seen about the village that she studied him more closely.

The man was seated, cross legged, upon a log just a little distance be-

lowed the steady, graceful reptile that seemed to grow from out the very roof of the thatched hut, its body wavering longer and longer before her horror-stricken eyes, its flat head moving in all directions, two little threads continually flickering from out its hideous mouth.

With a wild scream of terror she darted through the hut opening, heaving a sigh of relief at feeling the warm, clean air of the out of doors upon her cheek after the fetid atmosphere which the snake intruder had seemed to bring with him.

There at the outskirts of the village she fought against her terror.

Fighting against herself, against everything feminine in her nature, she forced herself back to the hut. And then a great feeling of relief engulfed her, for the snake was gone. But the hut was in wild disorder. Everything

inside it had been torn apart. Not an inch of its surface but had been covered carefully in the disruption. No snake had brought about this confusion.

Lucille smiled to herself. Hugo Loubeque was the man who had frightened her so artfully. But she still had the papers.

CHAPTER VI.

and deter him. No, she must be tricked into disclosure of the precious documents herself.

That she carried them upon her person he knew. The scheme he had worked out through the evil-eyed native he had picked up in the jungle and frightened into superstitious awe and implicit obedience had shown him that much. The big snake working, his sinister length through the thatched roof of her hut but had frightened her away a sufficiently long time for him to make such a search as permitted of no hiding place for them.

His native had brought him word of the way Lucille had saved the chief's daughter from death and in consequence been presented with the sacred amulet of the country. He realized that the ignorant savages regarded her as something in the nature of a deity. They would permit no harm to befall her so long as she remained with them.

Night had long since fallen when he stirred from his motionless position, before the somber light was burned from his eyes by the kindling flame of action. While no visible symbol betrayed exultation, there was a stealthy sureness to his stride that showed he was about to work, that the time for reflection was past.

(To be Continued.)

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[Prepared by the United States department of agriculture.]

To increase and preserve the fertility of his land is one of the chief problems of the farmer who looks more than a year or two into the future. For this purpose barnyard manure is unquestionably the best agent, for it retains from 75 per cent to 90 per cent of all the fertilizing substance contained in the food given to the animal. Were it possible, indeed, to feed the entire product of any farm to live stock and return the resulting manure to the soil, the fertility of such a farm could be maintained indefinitely. It is true that a small amount of potash and phosphorus would be absorbed in the live stock and taken from the farm when they were sold, but the loss from this source would be small.

Unfortunately this system is very rarely possible in practice. The market demand for live stock is not sufficient to make it profitable to keep enough animals on the farm to furnish the amount of fertilizer the land requires. This, of course, is especially true of regions where stock raising is carried on only to a small extent. In such regions the humus needed must be furnished by other means, and the most satisfactory way of doing this is to plow under some leguminous crop as a green manure.

There are fifteen legumes that are more or less extensively grown in the United States. The comparative value of these crops varies, of course, according to climatic and other conditions, but in the approximate order of their importance they may be ranked as follows:



AN AGRICULTURAL CRIME.

Farmers are committing the same old crime in a good many sections this fall through the practice of setting fire to straw and burning it to ashes in order to "get it out of the way." Oat straw and wheat straw are going up in clouds of smoke on a lot of farms.

There are some sections where a man would be regarded weak-minded for doing such a thing. Wherever the weather has been unfavorable and crops are short people are planning to use that straw for feeding purposes. Oat straw is sold in every big feed market in the country, and it is sold for feed too. We ought to keep that before us when we are tempted to go out and put a match to some irregular straw pile. Cattle will go hungry in some sections this winter for lack of enough of this same oat straw that we are sending up in smoke to get it off the ground.

In the grain sections there is a world of straw that might be baled and sold, scattered over the fields as a manure, fed or used as bedding. Of course everybody is not burning the straw, for there are a great many who know about its value. They understand that they are burning up just so much of the value of the land when they do it.—Farm Progress.

STORING VEGETABLES.

How Various Vegetables May Be Preserved For Winter Use.

[Prepared by New York State College of Agriculture.]

It is now time for the home gardener to think of properly caring for the surplus in the garden. Many home growers have planned on having a sufficient supply of choice vegetables during the winter. These vegetables will have to be stored in order that they may be preserved.

Onions and squash should be placed where there is sufficient heat and dryness to prevent any possible decay. A heated room in the house or a part of the attic where heat may be supplied will answer. The root crops—parsnips, carrots, beets, salsify and turnips—are best buried in soil. A good sandy loam is excellent. Place a layer of soil in the bottom of a barrel or a box, then a layer of the roots, a layer of soil, a layer of roots, and so on. If the quantity of root crops is large enough the roots may be stored in a pit outside the house.

Cabbages may be stored in the hot-bed pit, or they may be stored in the

Santa Claus Makes An Early Call

"Do you believe in Santa Claus?" The old gentleman who sat in the corner peeped around the corner of his paper as Billy asked this question.

Billy's Aunt Harriet, who sat very prim and straight beside him, sighed.

"I'm surprised that you can think of Santa Claus, Billy, when your dear mother is ill," she answered severely.

Billy's eyes filled. "I was thinking of her," he answered. "I just wrote to Santa and asked him to bring something very nice, 'cause she's sick."

"I'm afraid there won't be much Christmas at your house this year, with your mother so ill," Aunt Harriet replied discouragingly.

"And don't you think Santa Claus will stop at all?" Billy persisted. But Aunt Harriet only shook her head and looked out of the window of the car as it rolled on its way downtown.

Then Billy glanced over at the corner where the old gentleman sat. He was quite sure he saw him wink as he hurriedly dropped his eyes to his paper. And Billy wondered whether the wink was meant for him or whether it was just accidental.

The old gentleman belonged just next door to Billy's home, in a great big fine house, with many servants. The old gentleman lived quite alone. He had no wife and no family, and Billy had often thought it must be very lonely in the big house. But all day the old gentleman was away at the bank of which he was the head, and Billy saw him only in the mornings, when he hurried out to catch the car, or in the evenings, when he came briskly home. Billy had heard that he did not wish to be bothered with his neighbors, especially children. He had been charged to be very careful not to throw his ball into the next yard or annoy the old gentleman in any way.

Billy studied his neighbor as the car rolled along. He thought he had not such a cross face after all. There was a smile lurking around the old gentleman's mouth, and when they reached



THE DEAREST CHRISTMAS TREE.

the department store where Aunt Harriet got off he looked up from his newspaper, and this time Billy was almost quite sure the old gentleman winked at him as Aunt Harriet took him out of the car.

That was several days before Christmas. On Christmas eve Billy was sitting disconsolately in the dining room, wondering whether it would be worth while hanging up his stocking, when the doorbell tinkled.

Nora was busy in the kitchen, and Aunt Harriet was upstairs with the nurse, who was taking care of mother.

Father had been away for several weeks on important business and was not expected home much before New Year's.

Billy got up and went to open the

WHEN POLLY GOT HER CHRISTMAS KITTE



Claus will bring you is fun.

Polly and her brother Ned lived in a big brownstone house in the city.

Christmas eve it was so hard for them to go to sleep. They were too excited about the morrow.

"Now, children, I want you to go sleep right away," their mother said as she tucked them into their beds Christmas eve.

They were trying very hard to be good and obedient. They knew that about Christmas time this is the way to do. There is always the chance that Santa may be up chimney listening or watching to see how children behave. They knew quite well that



FASTENED TO POLLY'S STOCKING.

Santa is not the friend of naughty children.

So they closed their eyes very tight. Mother turned down the gas and went downstairs to join daddy, who was very busy about something in the library.

The light from the street flooded the room so that when Polly opened her eyes after a few minutes she found that Ned also had his wide open.

"You're to go right off to sleep, you know," Polly reproved.

"So are you," Ned retorted, and the two both giggled.

"Wonder what he'll bring us?" Ned said, meaning Santa Claus.

"I'm most sure he'll bring me a doll," Polly replied. "He always does."

"Maybe he'll bring something different this time," Ned suggested, "but



UNDERPLOWING SOY BEANS.

lowest: Red clover, alfalfa, cowpeas, alsike clover, crimson clover, white clover, field peas, soy beans, peanuts, vetch, bur clover, Japan clover, sweet clover and velvet beans.

The most important object achieved by the use of any of these green manure crops is the addition of humus to the soil. Other things being equal, the best green manure crop is that which furnishes the largest amount of material to decay in the soil. The essential fertilizing substances thus added are nitrogen, phosphorus and potash.

In addition to the fertilizing value of these crops, they are all useful as feed. It is therefore unquestionably better practice to feed as much as the live stock on the farm can consume and then distribute the resulting manure over the land than to plow under the whole crop. The chief objection to a green manure crop is the fact that ordinarily it takes the place of a regular crop, and, in consequence, for that season at least, the land yields no income. By utilizing to the fullest possible extent the feed value of the crop the force of this objection is lessened.

Because of the loss of income green manuring cannot be recommended for all soils and all times. It is, however, of such importance that agricultural authorities have in recent years devoted considerable time to an endeavor to increase its general use. In particular, crimson clover, hairy vetch, cowpeas and bur clover are becoming more and more popular.

From an agricultural point of view the legumes are commonly classified into three groups: (1) Summer annuals, including cowpeas, soy beans, peanuts, beans, velvet beans and in the north common vetch and field peas; (2) winter annuals, including crimson clover, bur clover, hairy vetch and in the south common vetch and field peas; (3) biennials or perennials, among which are red clover, white clover, sweet clover, alsike clover and alfalfa.

Few of these crops can be grown except in a more or less definitely limited area. Before determining, therefore, which to plant the farmer will do well to consult his state experiment station. It must also be remembered that inoculation of the soil is an essential for these legumes and scientific advice on this point is desirable.

Make a Compost Heap.

A veritable gold mine above ground is the up-to-date compost heap. Every gardener if he be wise will have one. Lawn mowings, leaves, weeds, refuse from the house, garbage, feathers, old shoes, soap, water bottles, sand, wooden crates, wood ashes, lime, plaster, sod straw, etc., begin a life of usefulness in the compost heap.

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Cabbages may be stored in the hot-bed pit, or they may be stored in the garden by placing a little straw on the ground, removing the cabbages, roots and all, from their location and placing them head downward on this straw. A layer of cabbages four plants wide and of indefinite length, with another layer over it three plants wide, all covered with straw and soil, will cause the cabbages to keep in the very best condition, especially if a location is chosen where ample drainage is possible. The whole aim in the storage of vegetables is to prevent sudden freezing and thawing; to give ventilation enough so that the product may keep well; to give moisture enough to some crops so that shrinking will be done away with, and with other crops to give heat enough so that they will not suffer by excessive moisture.

MARKET GARDENING.

Button radishes are easily grown in cold frames. Light, fertile, moist soil is essential. Seed should be sown in rows four inches apart. Cover seed with one-fourth inch of soil and thin the plants to stand about two inches apart. If a variety of light foliage is selected the plants may stand an inch and a half apart. Keep the ground moist and admit some fresh air every day.

Strong plants of lettuce set in the cold frame now may attain marketable size before Thanksgiving. The soil should be well enriched with rotten manure. A light application of bonemeal, tankage and a little nitrate of soda, in addition to manure, will likely give a heavier crop. It is best to avoid frequent watering on account of encouraging leaf rot. Whenever watering is necessary make a thorough application and do not repeat until absolutely necessary.

Pansies transplanted into the cold frame as late as Nov. 1 will make good spring plants, although they will be later in blooming than earlier set plants. Late fall planting, however, involves less work in caring for the frames before the arrival of real winter weather when the frames need no attention.

More Egyptian or winter onions should be grown in home as well as commercial gardens. They are perfectly hardy in all sections of the country. It is a little late to plant them now for the earliest spring crop, but they are worth trying even at this late date.—National Stockman and Farmer.

Dreams.

The seven-year-old boy who told his sister that "dreams are only moving pictures in your mind" gave a better definition of the fancies of slumber than can be found in the dictionaries.

This world is to the sharpest, heaven to the most worthy.—Hamilton.

THE DEAREST CHRISTMAS TREE.

Christmas. Billy was sitting in the dining room, wondering whether it would be worth while hanging up his stocking, when the doorbell tinkled.

Nora was busy in the kitchen, and Aunt Harriet was upstairs with the nurse, who was taking care of mother. Father had been away for several weeks on important business and was not expected home much before New Year's.

Billy got up and went to open the door, for Aunt Harriet had charged him to try to make himself useful. There was a jingling of bells outside just before the door was opened, and who do you think stood outside? Why, Santa Claus himself! He wore a long red coat trimmed with what looked like snow, for it glistened and glittered in the light. On his head was a white cap, in which was stuck a piece of holly.

"Thought I wasn't going to call here this season, did you? Well, I'm stopping here early. May I come in?"

Billy was too surprised to say anything at first, but he led the way into the parlor. Santa rolled the bag off his back and began drawing out packages.

"Here's the candy. I brought it in a box this time," said he. "I knew it would be early for you to have a stocking up."

The box was a beautiful big one with a picture of a flying machine on the outside, and Billy's face shone as he thanked the giver. Then there were toys and games and books. Santa had never brought so many things to Billy.

"Now, if you'll promise not to look I've got something else out there in my sleigh," said Santa. Look? Of course Billy wouldn't look. And a minute later Santa came in with the dearest little Christmas tree all trimmed and with candles ready for lighting.

"Oh, oh!" was all Billy could say.

"Well, my boy, I hope you will have a very merry Christmas," said Santa very cordially as he picked up the empty bag.

"Thank you very much, Mr. Santa Claus, and I hope you'll have a merry one, too," Billy cried warmly.

Footsteps were heard overhead.

"Well, I guess I must be going," Santa remarked. "It might be the lady who doesn't believe in Santa coming down, and you know the rule is people who don't believe in Santa Claus can never see him." And Santa Claus winked.

He darted to the door and closed it softly after him. Billy rushed to the window, but it was so dark he could only see a figure disappearing toward the gate and then turning into the gate next door, as Billy supposed, to leave a few presents for the rich and lonely old gentleman who lived there—but, of course, it may have been for another reason.

Melancholy Milk.

"Haven't you any milk that is more cheerful than this?" queried the new boarder as he poured some of the liquid into his coffee.

"Why, what do you mean by that?" queried the landlady.

"Oh, nothing," rejoined the new boarder, "only this milk seems to have the blues."

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 11 11 25 cents.

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"So are you," Ned retorted, and they both giggled.

"Wonder what he'll bring us?" said, meaning Santa Claus.

"I'm most sure he'll bring me a doll," Polly replied. "He always does."

"Maybe he'll bring something different this time," Ned suggested, "but do truly need a new sled."

And so they chatted softly. clock struck 9, and just before 10 someone rang the bell.

"Wonder if that's Santa!" exclaimed Polly excitedly.

Ned jumped out of bed and ran to the window.

"There's an express wagon stand at the door," he announced.

"Then, of course, it can't be Santa," Polly replied. "He always comes in sleigh, or an automobile, or a fly machine, or something like that."

Ned crawled back into bed, and listened to the folks downstairs mingling about. Sometimes they heard laughing. Then they heard a sound they couldn't understand at It was something like a faint cry.

"Maybe one of the dolls is crying," Ned remarked.

"Well, we can't find out until morning, can we?" Polly replied dolefully. They were beginning to be sleepy this time.

Soon they nodded and sighed and snuggled down among their pillows.

They were awake bright and early in the morning. Polly heard the faint little cry again and rushed downstairs, crying, "Merry Christmas!" and went down on the banister. Their parents followed more soberly.

When they opened the dining room door, there, with the silver collar on neck fastened to Polly's stocking by ribbon, stood the cutest little lo-haired gray kitten.

The kitten opened its little mouth and gave a grievous meow as the children rushed in.

Polly picked it up and—yes, she did kissed it on its little silky head. She had been wanting a kitten so much, and this was quite the loveliest kitten she had ever seen.

"We'll call it Fluff," she said to Ned. Then she thought a minute. "I sure I heard the pussy crying last night after the express man stopped she whispered to Ned.

"Yes," her brother replied. "Papa's Santa didn't have room for it in the sleigh and sent it to us by express."

"Maybe he did," Polly agreed.

When they asked their father about it he said it was quite likely, as Santa had a great many ways of distributing gifts to his little friends, for his little had grown so of late years that it was not always convenient for him to bring everything in the sleigh.

Jonah's Wonderful Strength.

The Sunday school teacher was making a review of the lessons.

"Who was the wisest man, James?"

"Solomon."

"That's right. Now, Frank, who was the strongest man?"

"Jonah."

"Wrong. But what reason have you for believing Jonah was the strongest man?"

"'Cause the whale couldn't hold him after it got him down."—London Star and.

WHEN POLLY GOT HER CHRISTMAS KITTEN



CHISTMAS morning, when stockings are emptied and gifts admired, is of course a very jolly time but Christmas eve is lovely too. There is a bustle and buzz of expectation in the air, and guessing what gifts Santa

Claus will bring you is fun.

Polly and her brother Ned lived in a big brownstone house in the city. On Christmas eve it was so hard for them to go to sleep. They were too excited about the morrow.

"Now, children, I want you to go to sleep right away," their mother said as she tucked them into their beds on Christmas eve.

They were trying very hard to be good and obedient. They knew that about Christmas time this is the wise way to do. There is always the chance that Santa may be up chimney listening or watching to see how children behave. They knew quite well that



FASTENED TO POLLY'S STOCKING.

Santa is not the friend of naughty children.

So they closed their eyes very tight. Mother turned down the gas and went downstairs to join daddy, who was very busy about something in the library.

The light from the street flooded the room so that when Polly opened her eyes after a few minutes she found that Ned also had his wide open.

"You're to go right off to sleep, you know," Polly reproved.

"So are you," Ned retorted, and then they both giggled.

"Wonder what he'll bring us?" Ned said, meaning Santa Claus.

"I'm most sure he'll bring me a doll," Polly replied. "He always does."

"Maybe he'll bring something different this time," Ned suggested, "but I

HINTS FOR THE COOK.

When making apricot jam add a little lemon juice. It gives an excellent flavor.

A teaspoonful of grated horseradish will keep a can of milk fresh for a day or two, even in the hottest weather.

Cleansing with mustard is said to remove the smell of fish from pots.

Squash, turnips, spinach, lettuce, can be eaten in moderation, according to the degree with which the individual can digest them.

Save the vinegar left over from pickles. It is better than ordinary vinegar for salad dressing.

If bacon is soaked in water for a few minutes before frying it will prevent the fat from running.

When whipping cream beat slowly for the first two minutes and then very rapidly.

Certain provisions are much cheaper bought in bulk and stored, such as sugar, soap, raisins, rice, tapioca, dried peas and beans. These should all be kept in screw top glass jars.

Don't melt butter to spread on bread. You use three times as much that way. Always make it a rule to have some soft butter in the pantry for toast, sandwiches, etc.

GLASS ROLLING PINS.

They Are Especially Useful When Fine Pastry Is to Be Made.

Housekeepers have become accustomed to seeing glass rolling pins with wooden handles as well as attractive looking ones of blue and white porcelain. The roller of hollow glass, with open glass handles which can be closed with corks like bottle necks, is a new invention.

This new rolling pin is designed especially for use in making puff paste. The woman who has tried her hand at this delicate pastry knows how desirable it is to have the pastry kept cold while it is being manipulated and until it is put into the oven.

The glass rolling pin is intended to be an aid in this. If filled with ice water—which is kept securely fastened in by the corks at either end—it enables a person to roll out pastry that has been chilled in the refrigerator without the pastry becoming warmed.

The result is that the layers of air in the pastry are still cold when they get into the oven, and, as a consequence, they give a good expansion as soon as they become heated, and so puff up the layers of flour and shortening.

Do not use a glass rolling pin with one of the new pie boards made of marble or marble composition, as there would be too much danger of accident. But the glass roller can be used with a wooden board or on a board covered with sheet metal with far less danger of chipping or breakage.

TINTED SUEDE BAG.

Dainty and Useful Gift For the Debutante or the Matinee Girl.

This attractive little party or matinee bag is of suede tinted to match the color of the gown. The corner trimmings are adorned with stenciled

CHILDREN AND THE TRUTH.

A Famous Psychologist Points Out the Importance of Training in This Line.

H. Addington Bruce says in the Pictorial Review:

"There is a tendency on the part of many children to deviate frequently and sometimes startlingly from the ways of truth. Usually, to be sure, children's lies are comparatively harmless to all except themselves, but they may be and are to a greater extent than most persons imagine attended by exceedingly serious, even disastrous, consequences to others. It is, for example, a well established historical fact that in the sixteenth century 100,000 people were executed for witchcraft on charges based mostly on lies told by children. In our own country the Salem witchcraft delusion, with its sad record of persecutions and executions, was distinctly a product of children's lies.

"No child, it may be safely said, is ever born into this world a liar. Neither is any child ever born into the world a saint. The child in the beginning of its life is simply an animate entity of nerves, tissues and muscles co-ordinated and governed by an indwelling principle—call it spirit, soul or what you will—that expresses itself to good or bad purpose according to the influences brought to bear in the course of the child's development. There may be, it is true, inherited defects of physical structure—especially defects of brain organization—that make a child peculiarly responsive to influences for evil, but even these can usually be counteracted by proper training. On the other hand, given improper training, the child with the best brain organization in the world is quite likely to develop into an inveterate liar and blackleg.

"And by the word 'training' is meant much more than the formal imparting of ideas of morality by pious exhortation. Formal education in morality there should be, but it cannot amount to much unless accompanied by the more powerful education of example and by an intelligent effort to study and meet the child's individual mental and physical needs."

GRAPE JUICE.

Bottled For Winter Use and May Be Made the Basis of Many Desserts.

Grape juice, which retains so much of the flavor of the grapes and can be made into so many delicious beverages and desserts for winter, may be made by the following recipe:

Heat very ripe grapes in a crock in the oven or in a double boiler or fireless cooker. When the skins are tender drain in a jelly bag. Heat the resulting juice, add sugar and bring to the boiling point and pour into sterilized jars or bottles.

If you use bottles, sterilize the corks and after they are in the bottles cover with sealing wax.

Use either half as much or a quarter as much sugar as grape juice. The amount added depends on the taste. Remember that it is an easy matter to add more sugar to the grape juice, but it is impossible to take any from it later on.

If you desire a clear grape juice let the bag drip without squeezing. A more economical method is to squeeze the bag. The resulting grape juice will be a little cloudy, but its flavor will be quite as good.

ANY DYSPEPTIC CAN GET WELL

By Taking "Fruit-a-tives" Says Capt. Swan

Life is very miserable to those who suffer with Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach and Biliousness. This letter from Captain Swan (one of the best known skippers on the Great Lakes) tells how to get quick relief from Stomach Trouble.

PORT BURWELL, ONT., May 8th, 1913.

"A man has a poor chance of living and enjoying life when he cannot eat. That was what was wrong with me. Loss of appetite and indigestion was brought on by Constipation. I have had trouble with these diseases for years. I lost a great deal of flesh and suffered constantly. For the last couple of years, I have taken 'Fruit-a-tives' and have been so pleased with the results that I have recommended them on many occasions to friends and acquaintances. I am sure that 'Fruit-a-tives' have helped me greatly. By following the diet rules and taking 'Fruit-a-tives' according to directions, any person with Dyspepsia will get benefit."

H. SWAN

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Martha Washington's Way.

The following is said to be Martha Washington's recipe for putting up pears:

"Ye pears should be very fresh. Washe and put them into boiling lye for a minute. Remove and place them in cold water. Next put ye fruit into a prepared sirupe of sugar and water. Use half a pound of sugar for everle pound of ye fruit, water to dissolve. Now cook for a quarter of an hour. Remove and put on plates to cool. Boyle sugar down to one-half its original quantitie. Put ye sirupe and pears into jars and add brandy. Seale while hotte."

Don'ts For Preservers.

Don't expect to make good preserves "hit or miss." They require great care combined with the best materials and exact measurements to insure success.

Don't cook preserves in an old kettle that is used for other purposes.

Don't think you can hurry preserves: it is out of the question to do so and yet have them perfect.

BEAUTY DON'TS.

Don't take cold baths unless you are perfectly sure that they agree with you. If you have shivering fits when you come out of the water and cannot get warm you may feel sure that they don't.

Don't forget that occasionally bathing the face and neck in milk softens the skin and is especially soothing when the sun has scorched the skin severely.

Don't, if you wear your hair parted, always make the parting in the same place. Change it now and then or your hair will begin to get thin at the place where you usually part it.

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And so they chatted softly. The clock struck 9, and just before 10 some one rang the bell.

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Soon they nodded and sighed and snuggled down among their pillows.

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"Yes," her brother replied. "Perhaps Santa didn't have room for it in the sleigh and sent it to us by express."

"Maybe he did," Polly agreed.

When they asked their father about it, he said it was quite likely, as Santa had a great many ways of distributing gifts to his little friends, for his list had grown so of late years that it was of always convenient for him to bring everything in the sleigh.

Jonah's Wonderful Strength.
The Sunday school teacher was making a review of the lessons.

"Who was the wisest man, James?" "Solomon."

"That's right. Now, Frank, who was the strongest man?"

"Jonah."

"Wrong. But what reason have you or believing Jonah was the strongest man?"

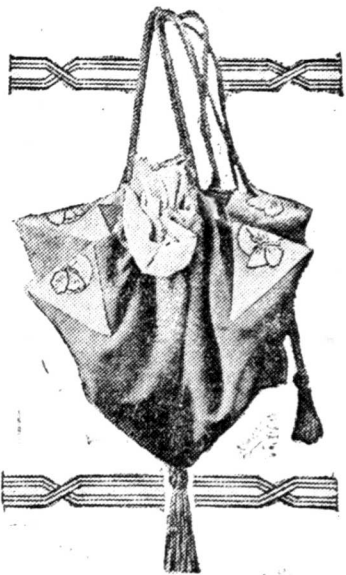
"Cause the whale couldn't hold him fter it got him down."—London Standard.

of marble composition, as there would be too much danger of accident. But the glass roller can be used with a wooden board or on a board covered with sheet metal with far less danger of chipping or breakage.

TINTED SUEDE BAG.

Dainty and Useful Gift For the Debutante or the Matinee Girl.

This attractive little party or matinee bag is of suede tinted to match the color of the gown. The corner trimmings are adorned with stenciled patterns. The satin lining of the bag



SUEDE MATINEE BAG.

is of a shade to match the suede. The mouth of the bag is drawn together with a silk cord finished with fluffy tassels. A large tassel to match is attached to the bottom of the bag.

Complementary Agitators.

Both John Bright and Richard Cobden, colleagues and collaborators in the successful action against the corn laws, knew what they wanted and asked for it, but with a difference.

Bright's eloquence, as his latest biographer, Mr. George Macaulay Trevelyan, impressively shows, was eager and pugnacious. Cobden's expositions were "as passionless as a proposition of Euclid."

Bright himself told how neatly the two styles dovetailed when they were stumping together. After Cobden had made his lucid economic argument: "I used to get up," Bright said, "and do a little prizefighting."—Youth's Companion.

Golfing Faults.

There are three main causes for golfing faults that I have noted in my experience with the game.

The first is "looking up," or moving the head.

The second is swaying or shifting the body in advance of the arms, thereby spoiling the timing of the swing.

The third is loss of confidence in making a shot, especially upon the putting green.

The first of these is a combination of the physical and the mental. More bad shots are made from "looking up"—not looking at the ball—than any other one factor.—Jerome D. Travers in American Magazine.

and after they are in the bottles cover with sealing wax.

Use either half as much or a quarter as much sugar as grape juice. The amount added depends on the taste. Remember that it is an easy matter to add more sugar to the grape juice, but it is impossible to take any from it later on.

If you desire a clear grape juice let the bag drip without squeezing. A more economical method is to squeeze the bag. The resulting grape juice will be a little cloudy, but its flavor will be quite as good.

STORING FURNITURE.

When Too Shabby For Use It May Be Set Aside Until It Can Be Renovated.

Divide the attic or storeroom into sections, placing trunks and various articles to the best advantage. For instance, if you have certain pieces of furniture which are really good and are worth preserving and which you hope some day to have "done over" and mended, arrange the larger pieces against the wall, the smaller ones stacked up in front so that they will be easy of access when they are needed.

Those pieces which are upholstered should be carefully brushed before they are taken to the attic, and then the upholstery should be liberally sprinkled with camphor balls, protected with several layers of paper and covered over with muslin.

The other wall space can be utilized for trunks—those which are empty and are held in readiness for a journey being more conveniently situated, others which are only used for packing away clothing once or twice a year being placed in the rear. The upper wall spaces should be used for shelves to hold boxes.

STYLE JOTTINGS FOR ALERT WOMEN.

Puffed apron tunics of silk over plaited skirts of tulle and lace looped up with roses are a charming style for young girls' dancing frocks.

The fashionable Paris fan is of white peacock feathers mounted on tortoise shell.

Lace sweaters are sheer, all wool garments.

Brazilian parrots are a new note in millinery.

In the fabric world stripes and dots prevail.

Blouses are showing decided tailored tendencies.

Handkerchief linens can be bought in beautiful shades of rose, yellow, delft blue and all the new sweet pea tints. They can also be had in what are called "candy stripes"—lines of red and yellow on a white ground.

Lime in Building.

The use of lime as binding material for mortar originated in the remote past. It is probable that some savages when using limestone rocks to confine their fire noticed that the stones were changed by the action of the heat. A passing shower may have slaked the lime to a paste, and they discovered that the paste was smooth and sticky and was a better material than clay to fill the crevices in their crude dwellings. From this discovery it was but a step to add sand to the paste in order to produce a mortar.

age with you. If you have shivering fits when you come out of the water and cannot get warm you may feel sure that they don't.

Don't forget that occasionally bathing the face and neck in milk softens the skin and is especially soothing when the sun has scorched the skin severely.

Don't, if you wear your hair parted, always make the parting in the same place. Change it now and then or your hair will begin to get thin at the place where you usually part it.

Don't wear high heeled, thin soled shoes when going for long walks. Not only will you get tired very quickly, but you will spoil the arch of your instep if you do.

Don't wear shoes that are down at heel. Not only are they fatal to a well dressed appearance, but they are bad for the feet and ankles as well.

Don't wear veils that are soiled or the pores of the skin of your face will get clogged up with dirt.

Ireland's Stirring Song.

The origin of the unofficial anthem of Ireland, "St. Patrick's Day in the Morning," is most obscure. The earliest known copy appears in Rutherford's "Country Dances," published in 1749, but it is said to have been played by the Irish pipers at the battle of Fontenoy in 1745 and was probably current for some time before this. The tune is found attached to various rollicking old English songs. The Cumberland song of faithless Barbary Bell, whose lover vows to wear a red coat for her sake, is sung to a version of "St. Patrick's Day," the words "Barbary Bell's my darling" being substituted in the chorus for "Patrick's day in the morning."—London Tatler.

LIFE'S PATH OF DUTY.

The true, plain path is well doing—not brilliant doing, but well doing the work of life with a willing mind, a loving heart, with both hands, earnestly—diligence in getting good, being good, doing good. In this world all the grand prizes go to a few brilliant people. But what a blessing it is to us, the dim million, to know that God recognizes patient merit and that the grandest prizes of all are not kept for the brilliant, but for the faithful!—W. L. Watkinson.

WHOOPIING COUGH

SPASMIC CROUP ASTHMA COUGHS
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene
Est. 1879
A simple, safe and effective treatment avoiding drugs. Vaporized cresolene stops the paroxysms of Whooping Cough and relieves Spasmodic Croup at once. It is a boon to sufferers from Asthma. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy; soothes the sore throat and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. It is invaluable to mothers with young children.
Send us postal for descriptive booklet
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
VAPOR-CRESOLENE CO.
Lecum Niles Bldg., Mount

GIFTS OF VALUE!

Xmas giving this year above all should be of gifts which are of value and appreciated. Shoes and Slippers make pleasing gifts.

Evening Slippers

in endless variety of styles in satin. Colors
Pale Blue, Canary, Pink, White and Black.
Price **\$3.00**

New long vamp styles in pretty Pumps
of Dull Kid or Patent Colt
Prices.... **\$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00**



Men's Regal Shoes

For Dress or Business Wear, several
new styles just in for Xmas trade.

Regal Prices

\$5.00 and \$6.00

And the Best Value in Canada.



Ladies' Fine Dress Boots

Just like cut. Note the new heels.

Prices \$4.00 & \$5.00

Other Handsome Styles in Gunmetal,
Patent Colt or Vici Kid, at

\$2.50, 3.00 & 3.50.



THE J. J. HAINES, Shoe Houses,

Largest Shoe Dealers in this Section,
Napanee, Belleville, Trenton and Smith's Falls.

I AM NOW SELLING!

Shredded Coconut at 20c. per lb.
A Good Broom for 25c.
Domestic Shortening at 15c. per lb.
better and cheaper than U.S.C.
Try our Genuine Barbadoes Molasses,
best for cooking purposes, in cans and
by the quart.
3 Cans Tomatoes for 25c.
3 Cans Peas for 25c.
2 Cans Salmon for 25c.
5 Bottles Vanilla or Lemon for 25c.
I want Eggs and I am paying top
prices.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

NEW MEAT MARKET

— IN —

Andy Kelly's Old Stand on Market Square

The Undersigned has opened business
at this stand with a complete
stock of

Choice Meats

Let Kodak answer the Xmas question.
For sale only at Wallace's Drug
Store, Limited.

Remember the Patriotic concert of
the N. C. I. Friday and Saturday
evenings, Dec. 18th and 19.

At Trinity church on Sunday evening
a splendid choir of thirty-five
voices will render a choice program
of Christmas music.

Gillette Bull Dog Safety razor.
The best yet. Makes a Xmas gift
that he will appreciate. Price \$5.00.
M. S. MADOLE.

There will not be any service on
Friday afternoon (to-day) in S. Mary
Magdalene Chapel, as the Vicar is
away at Kingston.

Mr. W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., of
Belleville, may be appointed to the
vacancy on the Ontario Bench caused
by the resignation of Judge Teetzel.

The Selby Sunday school entertainment
will be held as usual on New
Year's night and a splendid time is
anticipated. Look out for further
notice.

A good pair of skates and a season's
ticket to the rink would make good
Xmas presents. Procure both at the
Napanee Bicycle and automobile show
rooms. W. J. NORMILE

Our Xmas calendar mounts fitted
with one of your snap shots makes a
nice Xmas remembrance. To send your

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

9.30 and 11.30—Class Meeting.
10.30 a.m.—Morning Worship. Sub-
ject: "Variety of Christian Conver-
sion."

11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Classes.

7 p.m.—Evening service. Subject:
"England and her greatness. What
constitutes it?" Special music.

Song service for 10 minutes com-
mencing at 6.50 p.m.

Anthem—"Son of My Soul."

Duet—Mr. Wiseman and Miss Wall-
bridge.

Solo—Miss Roberta Bell.

Monday evening Young People's
meeting.

Wednesday evening general prayer
and praise service.

Christmas night—Don't forget the
Christmas entertainment.

RODGERS 1847.

Knives, forks, spoons, etc., at
hardware prices. M. S. MADOLE.

His Satanic Majesty.

Is now using VanLoven's coal—says
it's the hottest stuff he has ever used.
Be wise, use this coal here on earth,
but keep away from it in the here-
after.

FLOWERS AND XMAS DECORA- TIONS.

Red Carnations, Holly Wreaths,
Evergreen Wreaths, Holly in bunches,
etc., for sale at Wallace's Red Cross
Drug Store.

Potato Embargo Raised.

The American Government has
raised the embargo against Canadian
potatoes, made December 22nd, 1913.
The American authorities announce,
however, that for the present Cana-
dian potatoes will be admitted only
through the ports of New York and
Boston, where they maintain inspect-
ors.

Peace! Peace! Peace!

Let peace prevail from now till
Christmas. Don't let war scare effect
your Xmas purchases. Make the old
folks happy and the children will ex-
pect their usual presents, which you
will find in abundance at Smith's
Jewelry Store. You will be surprised
how far your dollar will go with us
this season.

The Best in Napanee.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man,
has this week moved into the store
lately occupied by the King Edward
Barber Shop. Without doubt he has
the choicest selection of all kinds of
candies, chocolates, grapes, oranges,
lemons, etc. to be found in Napanee.
He also carries in stock tobaccos and
cigars of the best. Peter would be
glad to have his many friends call on
him and have a look at his new store.
Drop in and see how neat and tidy he
has his new shop fitted up. He has
the latest things in candies for the
Christmas trade.

Choice holly well berried, Immor-
telles holly wrapping paper, etc., for
Christmas decorations at Hooper's—
Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

THE LATE F. X. BEZO.

Francis Xavier Bezo, a prominent
citizen of Kingston, passed away at
his late residence, 152 Ontario street
on Sunday morning at 9.45 o'clock.
The deceased was seventy-eight years
of age, and was born at Wolfe Is-
land. In 1870 he settled at Napanee
where he resided until 1898. In this
year the deceased moved to Kingston
and had ever since been a resident
of the Limestone City. By trade the

Fall Suits to Order

In all details made
to uphold the
Walters' reputation
for dependable
work.

Soiled Garments Cleaned
by our French Dry
Cleaning Process, the
modern sanitary
method.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister

11 a.m.—Subject: "A Judgment
the Philistines."

12 noon—Sunday School and Bib
Class.

7 p.m.—Subject: "Singing at work
—Let the Saints be joyful."

Christmas music next Sunday.
Morning Solo—"Star of the East"

Cooper, M. J. A. Day.
Anthem—"Behold I bring good Ti
ings." Simper.

"The Lord's Prayer"—Excell.
Evening Solo—"The end of a Pe
fect Day," Jacobs Bond—Mr. J. J
Day.

Holy Lord God of Hosts—Can
b'ridge.

Anthem—"His Name shall endu
Forever," Beacher.

SUNDAY, DEC. 20th.

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10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

7 p.m.—Evensong.

On Christmas Day services will be
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10.30 a.m.—Choral Celebration.

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—IN—

**Andy Kelly's Old Stand
on Market Square**

The Undersigned has opened business at this stand with a complete stock of

**Choice Meats
of all Kinds.**

**Everything Clean and
Sanitary.**

We solicit your patronage

MILLER & HALL

Phone 214.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

80-3 m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

If you want your Alladin lamp to give the very best results buy the Alladin coal oil at Wallace's Drug Store, Napanee agents for the Alladin lamp supplies.



NEW FALL SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee Ont.

Mr. W. B. Northrup, K.C., M.P., of Belleville, may be appointed to the vacancy on the Ontario Bench caused by the resignation of Judge Teetzel.

The Selby Sunday school entertainment will be held as usual on New Year's night and a splendid time is anticipated. Look out for further notice.

A good pair of skates and a season's ticket to the rink would make good Xmas presents. Procure both at the Napanee Bicycle and automobile show rooms. W. J. NORMILE

Our Xmas calendar mounts fitted with one of your snap shots makes a nice Xmas remembrance to send your friends. All sizes for all cameras at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Mr. J. F. Tilley, of Toronto will be in Napanee for the Christmas holidays. He will be open for engagements as baritone soloist for Church tea meetings or other organizations who may desire to secure his services. Address communications to Napanee.

An interesting and instructive entertainment will be given in Roblin Methodist church on Tuesday night, Dec. 22nd, 1914, in aid of the Red Cross Belgium Relief Fund. Admission: Adults 25 cents, children 15 cents. Come and help those who cannot help themselves. God Save the King.

On Tuesday, Dec. 22nd, the annual Christmas Tree and entertainment will be given in St. Mary Magdalene school room, under the auspices of the Sunday School. A good program is being prepared. Admission 15 cents. Scholars of the Sunday School, free.

On Monday afternoon the woodshed of Mr. John Blanchard's residence was discovered on fire, and as the shed was well filled with wood and coal the fire secured a good hold before the firemen arrived. The firemen quenched the blaze in a short time but not before the shed was badly damaged and the house slightly damaged.

The remains of Mrs. Rev. McLeod, formerly of Selby, were brought to Napanee from London on Wednesday and funeral services were held in St. Mary Magdalene's church and remains placed in Riverside vault. Mr. Edward Brown, is a brother of deceased and Mr. Arthur McLeod, is a brother-in-law.

The service in Grace Methodist church on Sunday evening promises to be of special interest—Anthem, "Son of My Soul"; duet, Mr. Wiseman and Miss Wallbridge; and a solo by Miss Roberta Bell. The pastor will speak of England and her greatness, dealing especially with England's great colonial policy, and the effect it has had upon the Empire.

There is a real treat in store for those that come to the sacred concert given under the auspices of the Selby Methodist Sunday School, New Year's Night. The male quartette club of Grace church, Napanee, Miss Margaret Hudgins, Napanee, and Mr. and Miss McKim of Switzerville, assisted by local talent will furnish programme. Admission: adults 25c S.S. children under 12 years free. The usual treat for all children. Remember the date, New Year's Night. Everybody invited. Come early to get a good seat. 1-b

Mrs. Geo. Daly, a former resident of Napanee, but who has lately been residing with her daughter at Colorado Springs, Colo., passed away on Sunday last. For a long number of years Mrs. Daly was a resident of Napanee and universally respected. The surviving children are: Messrs. W. A. J. G. and H. A. Daly of Napanee; Mrs. Capt. Twining, in India; Mrs. Morden in Toronto; Mrs. Bennet in Brandon, Man., and Miss Georgie Daly in Colorado Springs. The remains were brought to Napanee and the funeral took place on Thursday afternoon from the residence of Mr. J. G. Daly, John street.

O'CEDAR MOPS.

Make a gift that will be appreciated. Price \$100. M. S. MADOLE.

A voice nolly well berried, Immaculates holly wrapping paper, etc., for Christmas decorations at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

THE LATE F. X. BEZO.

Francis Xavier Bezo, a prominent citizen of Kingston, passed away at his late residence, 152 Ontario street on Sunday morning at 9.45 o'clock. The deceased was seventy-eight years of age, and was born at Wolfe Island. In 1870 he settled at Napanee where he resided until 1898. In this year the deceased moved to Kingston and had ever since been a resident of the Limestone City. By trade the late Mr. Bezo was a tent and awning manufacturer, at which he was considered to be one of the best to be found. Of late years in connection with his trade, he carried on a grocery business on Ontario street. For the past year he had been in ailing health. It was only the past four weeks, however, that he was compelled to take to his bed. In religion he was a Roman Catholic, being a devoted member of St. Mary's Cathedral and of the Holy Name Society. In politics he was a Liberal. To mourn his death there is a wife and two sons, Francis H., and Wm. Albert, both of Kingston. Two sisters also survive, Mrs. Isaac Jamieson, Toronto, and Mrs. Daniel Bell, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning at 9.30 o'clock from his late residence to St. Mary's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Father A. J. Hanley. The remains were placed in St. Mary's vault.

FLOWERS FOR CHRISTMAS.

Leave your order with us early. Sent to any address in Canada or United States, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

W. C. T. U. ITEMS.

Miss Sproule, our pioneer missionary, is now on an itinerary in the northland. She writes from Cochrane that she has visited 12 different places, delivered 63 addresses and travelled 375 miles and expects to visit Haileybury Union and Porcupine on her way south to North Bay from which place she will begin her home trip and if her plans carry as arranged she will reach her home at Fort William Dec. 20th. One feature of Miss Sproule's work is "Talks on Purity" to the children in the schools. Those interested in Anti-Narcotics will remember there was a committee of five members appointed by the Dominion Government to look after the Anti-Cigarette Bill to be brought in during the next session. Any information concerning the effects of the cigarette on children will be gratefully received. It was urged at our Provincial Convention that a specialty be made of L. T. L. work. Will not some of our enterprising ladies take up this work among the children? For as Mrs. Maxwell, of Windsor, puts it, "Work with children is often work on diamonds in the rough."

A diamond in the rough
Is a diamond sure enough,
And before it ever sparkles,
It is made of diamond stuff.

But someone has to find it,
Or it never will be found,
And someone has to grind it,
Or it never will be ground.

But when it's found and when it's ground,
And when it's burnished bright,
Everlastingly that diamond
Will be sending forth its light.
Press Supt.

Those artistic English and American Christmas cards and calendars at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

who have sought accommodation at the Police Station were almost without shoe leather, their boots being completely worn out. Chief Grahs hunted up some old boots for the and if any citizen, has a pair of boots which they have no further use for they would confer a favor by leaving them with the Chief of Police who will donate them to some of the many tramps whose shoe leather is completely worn out.

Succeeds Rev. Kidd.

His Lordship, the Bishop of Kingston, has been pleased to appoint Vicar of the parish of Napanee, the Rev. J. H. H. Coleman of Merrickville who will be inducted at an early date. The new incumbent is described as a man of high standing in the Diocese, a thorough gentleman and a man of the most pleasant manners and disposition, while also a scholar of distinction who had a brilliant career at Trinity College. He has been 12 years in Orders, all of which he has spent in this Diocese. The Express extends its congratulations and the greetings of the season to the new vicar and his good wife and assures them of a warm welcome from the citizens of Napanee.

For a Christmas present give a season ticket to the skating rink. Get ticket at Normile's bicycle and automobile store rooms.

Noblemen cigars in the Humidor box and Ben Beys in special package for the Xmas trade at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited

Extra

FULL
EVER

YOU

Those
J. S. M

Saturday, Dec
Only

SILKS

In all shades. Regular 75c

Sale Price 30c

3 only

J. B. HEUTHER, Manager

Fall Suits to Order

In all details made
to uphold the
Walters' reputation
for dependable
work.

Soiled Garments Cleaned
by our French Dry
Cleaning Process, the
modern sanitary
method.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH (PRESBYTERIAN.)

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Successes Rev. Kidd.

His Lordship, the Bishop of King-
ton, has been pleased to appoint as
vicar of the parish of Napanee, the

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

CHRISTMAS SERVICES.

The pastor will speak on Christmas
Themes.

A splendid choir of 35 voices will
render the following choice program
of Christmas music.

Anthem—"Sing O Daughter of
Zion" by John Naylor.

Solo—Mrs. Rockwell.

Girl's Carol—"Welcome Happy
Morning."

Anthem—"Sing O Heavens," by
Berthold Tours.

Solo—Mr. Weiss.

Double Quartette—"O Little Aaron
of Bethlehem," by C. B. Hawley.

Male Chorus (By 16 Men)—"He
Shall Reign Forever," by Caleb
Simper.

9.45—Class Meeting.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Class.

PERSONALS

Mrs. G. P. Reiffenstein is home
from visiting friends in New York.

Mrs. Richards Uxbridge, is the
guest of her daughter, Mrs. J.G. Daly.

Mrs. Edwin Miller is visiting her
sister, Mrs. Treleavin, Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Hoag, who have
been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benj.
Vanalstine, returned to Toronto on
Friday last.

Mr. C. M. Warner was in Toronto a
couple of days this week.

Miss Williams, Stirling, is visiting
her sister, Mrs. Dr. Milsap.

Mr. Bruce Jen nett is home from
Northern Ontario for the holidays.

Mr. Furnival, Boston, is visiting his
parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Furnival.

Miss Stella Douglas, who has been
quite ill, is recovering nicely.

Cadet Ham, R.M.C., Kingston, re-
turns to-day to spend the Christmas
holidays with his parents, Mr. and
Mrs. J. S. Ham.

Mrs. W. R. Lott and Master Donald
Caton are visiting Mrs. Lott's mother,
Mrs. N. A. Caton, Toronto.

Mr. W. A. Daly went to Colorado
Springs last week having been called
there by the serious illness of his
mother, Mrs. Geo. Daly.

Mrs. M. B. Wagar is very ill at time
of writing.

Mrs. John Q. Brandon, and baby,
Humboldt, Sask., are visiting her pa-
rents, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Deseron-
to, and her sisters in Napanee.

Miss Gertrude E. Metzler of Albert
College, Belleville, is home to spend
Christmas with her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. J. W. Metzler.

Mr. Gray Eakins is home from Tor-
onto for the holidays.

Mrs. Fred Sheppard returned on
Wednesday from Kingston General
Hospital where she has undergone an
operation. The operation was success-
ful and Mrs. Sheppard is recovering
nicely.

Mr. W. J. Joy is home from North-
ern New York State to spend Christ-
mas. Mr. Joy reports the railways in
Northern New York badly blocked
with snow, on some lines no trains
having been run for some days.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, gave his
lecture on Belgium before the U.E.L.
Association at Toronto on Thursday
evening. On Friday evening Mr.
Herrington will lecture at Cobourg.

HORSE BLANKETS.
See our assortment. The prices sell
them every time. M. S. MADOLLE.

Hogs Wanted.

Messrs. J. W. Hall and C. W.
Hamblly will ship hogs on Tuesday,
December 22nd 1914. All hogs must
be delivered before 1 o'clock.

Christmas Suggestions.

What more suitable gifts than a
Kodak, fountain pen, bottle of per-
fume, box of Willard's chocolates, or
box of Christmas stationery? You
get them all at Wallace's Red Cross
Drug Store.

Notice.

For Xmas trade try H. W. Kelly's
where you can get nice naval oranges
at 25c a doz.; new seeded raisins at
11c per package; 3 packages of clean-
ed currants for 25c; finest new peels
as 20c per lb.; silver gloss starch at 9c
or 3 for 25c; good black tea at 30c per
lb.; good green tea at 30c per lb.; nice
mince meat at 10c per lb.; 3 lbs.
of natural or cooking sugar for 25c; Red-
path's granulated figs in 20 lb. sacks
for \$1.35; best granulated sugar \$7.00
per cwt. at H. W. KELLY'S, Camp-
bell House corner.

Fine stationery in fancy boxes for
the Christmas trade at Hooper's—
The Medical Hall.

BIRTHS.

SALISBURY—At Wilton, Dec. 4th,
1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Earl Salisbury,
a son.

MARRIAGES.

KELLAR—DELINE—At Napanee, on
Wednesday, December 16th, 1914, by
Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., Joseph
Harry Kellar, to Ada Zella Deline,
both of Croydon.

MITCHELL—CLAYTON—At Napanee,
on Wednesday, December 16th, 1914,
by Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., Ella
May, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs.
Wm. Clayton, to Alexander Mitchell,
both of Napanee.

STOREY—BALDWIN—At Napanee,
on Wednesday, December 16th, 1914,
by Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., John
Henry Storey, to Martha Ann Bald-
win, both of Richmond.

DEATHS.

DALY—At Colorado Springs, Colo.,
on Sunday, December 13th, 1914, Mrs.
George Daly.

HAYS—At Napanee, on Friday, Dec.
11th, 1914, William F. Hays, aged 91
years, 6 months 16 days.

SCOTT—At North Fredericksburgh,
on Thursday, Dec. 17th, 1914, the in-
fant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo.
Scott, aged 4 days.

F. CHINNECK'S solitaire diamonds
at \$20.00 and \$25.00, set in Platinum,
great values. But we have larger
ones if you want them.

THE NEW GROCERY

Harshaw Block

We are paying

28c per lb. for Butter in Prints
35c a doz. for Strictly Fresh Eggs

We have Everything in the line of

Christmas Groceries

All Strictly Fresh.

For next week we will have

Lettuce, Cucumbers and
Tomatoes.

All kinds of Meats and Poultry

Scrimshaw & Mills

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

45-11

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class work-
men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a
call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Monuments !

All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at

The Napanee Marble & Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTOR OIL

XMAS ! XMAS !

We would like to call the attention of the readers
of this paper to our carefully selected lines of Ebony
and Leather Goods. Gifts of this nature are always in
good taste and very acceptable. Realizing the general
financial depression we have been careful to mark all
our goods at rock bottom prices, and feel able to assure
our patrons that we have a gift here at a price to suit
every purse.

CHOCOLATES

We have just received to-
day a large shipment of

ho have sought accommodation at the Police Station were almost without shoe leather, their boots being completely worn out. Chief Graham lined up some old boots for them and if any citizen has a pair of boots which they have no further use for, they would confer a favor by leaving them with the Chief of Police, who will donate them to some of the many tramps whose shoe leather is completely worn out.

succeeds Rev. Kidd.

His Lordship, the Bishop of Kingston, has been pleased to appoint as vicar of the parish of Napanee, the Rev. J. H. H. Coleman of Merrickville who will be inducted at an early date. The new incumbent is described as "a man of high standing in the Diocese, a thorough gentleman and a man of the most pleasant manners and disposition, while also a scholar of distinction who had a brilliant career in Trinity College." He has been 21 years in Orders, all of which he has earned in this Diocese. The Express sends its congratulations and the greetings of the season to the new vicar and his good wife and assures them of a warm welcome from the citizens of Napanee.

For a Christmas present, give a season ticket to the skating rink. Get a sket at Normile's bicycle and auto ore rooms.

Noblemen cigars in the Humidor x and Ben Beys in special packages r the Xmas trade at Wallace's Drug ore, Limited

nicely. Mr. W. J. Joy is home from Northern New York State to spend Christmas. Mr. Joy reports the railways in Northern New York badly blocked with snow, on some lines no trains having been run for some days. Mr. W. S. Herrington, gave his lecture on Belgium before the U.E.L. Association at Toronto on Thursday evening. On Friday evening Mr. Herrington will lecture at Cobourg.

HORSE BLANKETS.

See our assortment. The prices sell them every time. M. S. MADOLLE,

Famous Rogers silver knives, forks, spoons, etc. Engraving free. F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

Books! Books!

Jas. Gordon is having his usual assortment of Christmas literature on John St. south of the Paisley House. Lots of suitable gifts for Christmas. Bibles, Hymn and Prayer books, S.S. Helps, and books from 10c up. Christmas cards, and etc. Give him a call. 1-b

WHAT SHALL I GIVE THIS XMAS?

Willard's Forkdip Chocolates are appreciated by everyone and recognized as second to none. Then why not give a box of "Willards." You get them at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Xmas will not seem just right without a box of Willard's forkdip chocolates. You'll get them at Wallace's, sole agents for Napanee.

We would like to call the attention of the readers of this paper to our carefully selected lines of Ebony and Leather Goods. Gifts of this nature are always in good taste and very acceptable. Realizing the general financial depression we have been careful to mark all our goods at rock bottom prices, and feel able to assure our patrons that we have a gift here at a price to suit every purse.

CHOCOLATES

We have just received today a large shipment of candy from Patterson's, Toronto. Everyone is aware of the high quality of the candy made by this firm, and no gift to a young lady would be more acceptable than one of these packages.

Usual Saturday Bargains

Ultrano Shaving Lotions.....	Reg. 25c	for	20c
Paine's Celery Compound.....	Reg. 1.00	for	79c
Sageine Hair Tonic.....	Reg. 50c	for	39c
Morse's Indian Root Pills.....	Reg. 25c	for	18c
Leader Cigars.....	Reg. 5c straight,	7 for	25c

NAPANEE DRUG COMPANY

Extra - Extra - Extra

FULL ACCOUNT OF THE BIGGEST SALE
EVER HELD IN THIS COUNTY

YOUR LAST CHANCE

Those who desire economy cannot afford to miss
J. S. Madill's Stock Reducing Sale.

Saturday, Dec. 19th, is the last day for Slaughtering Prices

Only 14 Hours. Do you want some of the Snaps that are going.

SILKS

In all shades. Regular 75c

Sale Price 38c.

32 ONLY

Ladies' Skirts in Panamas, Serge & Tweeds

Sale Price \$1.98, \$2.98

50 PIECES

of Dress Trimmings, all leading shades.

Reg. up to 35c.

Sale Price 2c.

3 only Fur Collar Coats. Sale Price \$18.98.

B. HEUTHER, Manager.

'PHONE 77.

J. S. MADILL